

អច្ចខំនុំ៩ម្រះចិសាទញ្ញតូខតុលាភារកធ្លុខា

Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia Chambres Extraordinaires au sein des Tribunaux Cambodgiens

หอีรูซุ่รุโละยายารูล่อ

Trial Chamber Chambre de première instance

<u>TRANSCRIPT OF TRIAL PROCEEDINGS</u> <u>PUBLIC</u> Case File Nº 002/19-09-2007-ECCC/TC

19 January 2012 Trial Day 18

Before the Judges:

NIL Nonn, Presiding Claudia FENZ YA Sokhan Jean-Marc LAVERGNE YOU Ottara THOU Mony (Reserve) Silvia CARTWRIGHT (Absent) The Accused:

NUON Chea IENG Sary KHIEU Samphan

Lawyers for the Accused:

SON Arun Michiel PESTMAN Andrew IANUZZI ANG Udom Michael G. KARNAVAS KONG Sam Onn

Lawyers for the Civil Parties:

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Trial Chamber Greffiers/Legal Officers:

DUCH Phary

For the Office of the Co-Prosecutors:

CHAN Dararasmey Tarik ABDULHAK SENG Bunkheang William SMITH Sarah ANDREWS Falguni DEBNATH

For Court Management Section:

UCH Arun

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Kingdom of Cambodia Nation Religion King Royaume du Cambodge Nation Religion Roi

List of Speakers:

Language used unless specified otherwise in the transcript

Speaker	Language
MR. ANG UDOM	Khmer
MR. ABDULHAK	English
MS. DEBNATH	English
MS. FENZ	English
MR. HONG KIMSUON	Khmer
MR. IANUZZI	English
MR. KARNAVAS	English
MR. KONG SAM ONN	Khmer
MR. LOR CHUNTHY	Khmer
THE PRESIDENT (NIL NONN, Presiding)	Khmer
MR. PESTMAN	English
MR. PICH ANG	Khmer
MR. SON ARUN	Khmer
MR. SENG BUNKHEANG	Khmer
MS. SIMONNEAU-FORT	French
MR. SMITH	Khmer

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1 PROCEEDINGS

- 2 (Court opens at 0901H)
- 3 MR. PRESIDENT:

4 Please be seated. The Court is now in session.

5 Yesterday, before the adjournment, it was time for the 6 Prosecution to respond to the defence team's objections. Half an 7 hour was taken by the national prosecutor and another 30 minutes remains for the International Co-Prosecutor. So we will continue 8 9 with that time allocation, and for that reason, I would like to 10 inquire with the Prosecution in regards to the questioning time 11 for the two witnesses -- that is TCW-766 and 542 -- for early 12 next week.

13 [09.03.11]

How much time does the Prosecution need to question these two witnesses?

16 MR. ABDULHAK:

17 Thank you, Mr. President. And good morning, Your Honours. We anticipate, in relation to TCW-766, that we will take 18 19 approximately two sessions, or half a day. And this is obviously 20 on a basis that -- I believe the Chamber has indicated that Your 21 Honours will lead the examination of this witness, and the Prosecution will follow. We'll obviously try and complement your 22 23 examination, and not repeat any of the areas you've covered. So we anticipate about half a day should be sufficient for that 24 25 purpose.

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1	And with respect to TCW-542, again, here, we will try to be as
2	efficient as we can. We believe not more than three sessions will
3	be required, approximately four hours. There again, we'll try and
4	be as quick as we can. It may well be possible to complete that
5	examination in half a day, but if a level of flexibly could be
6	accommodated, we'll certainly try and be as quick as we can.
7	[09.04.22]
8	And also, Your Honours, while I'm on my feet, you indicated
9	yesterday that it might be helpful if Prosecution would provide a
10	new an updated version of the - of the evidence lists from
11	the Prosecution, indicating which of the documents originate
12	or were received from DC-Cam.
13	We believe that we're in a position to do this by Tuesday, which,
14	I think, was the time requested by my learned friend. We will
15	attempt to, in fact, do that even earlier, but we believe that by
16	Tuesday we can have all of those lists provided to the Chamber
17	and the other parties, indicating, as I said, for each document,
18	how many of them came from DC-Cam.
19	MR. PRESIDENT:
20	Thank you, Prosecutor.
21	We would like now to inquire from the Lead Co-Lawyers for civil
22	parties for the two witnesses.
23	[09.05.28]
24	How much time do you anticipate for questioning each of the
25	witnesses?

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1	MR. PICH ANG:
2	Good morning, Mr. President. Good morning, Your Honours. And good
3	morning, everyone. For the Lead Co-Lawyers, in questioning the
4	two witnesses, we would need two hours for each witness.
5	Therefore, for TCW-542, we need two hours. Likewise, for TCW-766,
6	we need two hours as well.
7	MR. PRESIDENT:
8	Thank you. What about Nuon Chea's defence? How much time do you
9	anticipate?
10	MR. PESTMAN:
11	Thank you for the I had a brief discussion with my colleagues
12	on for the Defence.
13	[09.06.28]
14	I we envisage that for the first witness 766, if I'm
15	correct all defence teams together will need one or one and a
16	half days. And we can divide the time amongst each other. That's
17	a very rough estimate, of course, because we are last in the
18	queue and we don't know how many questions will have been asked
19	and how many points will need further clarification. It's a very
20	rough estimate.
21	And for the other witness, I estimate half a day, for my own
22	cross-examination. Sorry, we haven't discussed that particular
23	witness yet with the other teams.
24	MR. PRESIDENT:
25	Thank you, Defence Counsel.

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- 1 What about Ieng Sary's defence team? How much time do you
- 2 anticipate for TCW-542?
- 3 MR. ANG UDOM:
- 4 Mr. President, for TCW-542, we need roughly one to one and a half 5 hours.
- 6 As for TCW-766, we support the suggested time by Nuon Chea's
- 7 defence that all the defence teams would need one to one and a
- 8 half day.
- 9 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 10 Thank you.
- 11 [09.08.15]
- 12 What about Khieu Samphan's defence? How much time you anticipate
- 13 for TCW-542?
- 14 MR. KONG SAM ONN:
- 15 Thank you, Mr. President. For TCW-542, we need between 15 minutes 16 to one hour.
- 17 As for TCW-766, I agree with what has been suggested by Mr.
- 18 Pestman. All the defence teams agreed to that time suggestion.
- 19 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 20 Thank you. Thank you for the estimation of time for these two
- 21 witnesses that we plan to schedule for early next week. This will
- 22 facilitate us in the scheduling of the two witnesses.
- 23 We now hand over to the Prosecution to continue with their
- 24 arguments in response to the objections raised by the defence
- 25 teams regarding A4 annex.

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- 1 [09.09.47]
- 2 I remind the Prosecution, you have a remaining 30 minutes.
- 3 MR. ABDULHAK:

Thank you, Mr. President. Time is short, and our learned friends 4 5 obviously made a number of objections to this document category yesterday. What I intend to do is deal as quickly as I can with 6 7 some of the issues that were raised -- perhaps the most important issues that were raised by the Defence, and then, in the 8 9 remaining time, show a few documents that, in our submission --10 from which you can see in our submission that reliability and relevance are established in all cases, simply by looking at the 11 12 documents and conducting basic due diligence in reviewing the 13 case file.

14 [09.10.40]

So, turning first to the objections made by Nuon Chea's team, I think the core set of objections, I think, relate to the issue of relevance, whether or not all of these documents are relevant to the first trial in this case. It's always a little bit unfortunate, Your Honours, when we find that facts are misstated by our learned friends.

There was an implication, I think, that the prosecutors were suggesting -- had filed this list in relation to the first trial, and that this was at least prepared following the severance order, which of course is not true. These lists were filed in April -- to be more exact, on the 19th of April, and of course a

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second version of that -- of those same lists was filed in July, and that list indicated documents which we considered relevant to the first phase of the trial.

4 [09.11.42]

5 It was only following the submission of those lists that Your 6 Honours issued the severance order on the 22nd of September. And 7 of course, in that severance order, Your Honours indicated that, 8 although this first trial will deal with the two specific sets of 9 crimes that you have indicated -- that additional crimes may be 10 added. And furthermore, in your decision

11 on our request for reconsideration of severance -- and that is 12 document E124/7, Your Honours indicated that, in considering the 13 addition of further crimes -- in addition to those first two criminal episodes -- that you would be quided by the OCP's 14 15 recommendations. And you attached to that decision a list of 16 relevant paragraphs for this first trial. And those paragraphs 17 include all of the sections of the indictment dealing with the 18 structure -- the authority structures, communications mechanisms, 19 the ministries of Democratic Kampuchea, the authority structures 20 of the Communist Part of Kampuchea, and so forth.

21 [09.13.00]

All of the parts of the indictment dealing with the establishment and operations of this regime are relevant. They are a part of this first trial, whether the Defence like it or not. In no less than 142 paragraphs of the indictment, the Investigating Judges

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dealt with the operations and the structure of this regime, and of course all of these documents go to proving the existence of an authority structure, the communications within that authority structure, and the ways in which the Accused issued their orders and were able to ensure the implementation of the criminal plan which is alleged in the Closing Order.

Your Honours further indicated that, of course, the Accused must confront all allegations containing the indictment, and of course you did that in the Scheduling Order for the opening statements -- and that was document E131. There can be no suggestion that these documents, which relate to the operations and the structure of the regime and the communications systems, are somehow not relevant to this first trial.

14 [09.14.09]

15 I'll try and deal very quickly with some of the examples that my 16 learned friend gave, but before I do that I'd like to also just 17 make reference to the way in which the Defence has approach its 18 obligations in this respect.

19 The Nuon Chea team, in fact, has refused to submit any list of 20 evidence -- has indicated, in fact, that they will -- I apologize 21 to the interpreters -- they have in fact indicated that they will 22 file any documents which they considered relevant at any time 23 that they consider appropriate, and they did so in their 24 observations -- document D109/3 -- and it was disappointing, I 25 think, to hear our friends yesterday indicate that are here at a

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1 risk of drowning in evidential material, which has been 2 classified, catalogued, summarized, and provided -- and which has 3 been on the case file for two or three years, and in many cases 4 longer. 5 The Prosecution has done its due diligence, and we simply invite the Defence to do the same. With respect to the specific examples 6 7 that was cited -- again, it was unfortunate that counsel, in referring to the specific example, didn't read the entire entry 8 9 that was being referred to. 10 [09.15.42] 11 For example, there was reference to document number 165 in our list. This is fact document -- Introductory Submission 21.16. Of 12 course, this document, like the other telegrams, is proffered, in 13 14 many cases, simply because it shows the existence of a regular, 15 structured, and hierarchical communications system which was in 16 place throughout the period covered by the indictment. And if my 17 friend had looked at the page that he was citing -- for entry 165, relevance is, of course, indicated, in the very line in 18 19 which he was reading. 20 And we indicate there that the relevance is the operation of 21 officers of 870 and the communications structures. Furthermore, 22 Your Honours, had our friend done a simple word search in the 23 Closing Order, he would have found that this document is in fact 24 referred in paragraph 77 of the Closing Order, which as I

25 indicated earlier, is of course a part of this -- of the section

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1 to the indictment which are the subject of this first trial.
2 [09.16.53]

We have limited time, so I'm unable to go through all of the examples, but, again, a simple due diligence search indicates, for each document, its relevance -- and ultimately, as we've indicated, telegrams show the existence of a structured communications system through which the Accused ensured the implementation of the common criminal plan.

9 Another example. Document 359 was cited. Again, Your Honours, the 10 list clearly indicates the relevance of that document to be the 11 communications structure, and the -- Nuon Chea's involvement in 12 the common criminal plan -- the document itself is cited again in 13 the Closing Order at paragraph 876, which, again, is before Your 14 Honours in this first trial.

15 [09.17.40]

And lastly I'll just refer to one more document, document 365 on our list. Again, relevance is indicated in the document from which my friend was reading. It relates to the operations of officers of 870, and again to the existence of structured channels of communication.

And furthermore, a basic search of the case file would have indicated that this document was, in fact, an attachment to a witness statement. This witness was interviewed by the Office of the Co-Investigating Judges. This witness is TCW-604, and the witness has been identified by Your Honours as a trial witness.

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1	So, again, in relation to that document, there is more than
2	enough indication, both of its relevance and the way in which it
3	can be further examined by the Court and the other parties.
4	[09.18.33]
5	In response to Ieng Sary's team, I'll again try and be very
6	brief. There was indication that it would be appropriate and
7	certainly international practice indicated that in where a
8	telegram communications or radio intercepts are at issue that
9	it is appropriate to call either the authors of those
10	communications, or, if the authors are not available, then in
11	some cases, people who are familiar with the systems can be
12	called. Of course, that's exactly the approach Your Honours have
13	taken in this case.
14	There are several telegram operators who have been schedule to
15	testify. This is in fact the next group of witnesses who will be
16	testifying, so my friend is correct in saying that it is
17	appropriate to hear telegram operators.
18	I'll just give a few examples we have TCW-695, TCW-398,
19	TCW-480, TCW-307, etc. All of these witnesses are either telegram
20	operators or telegram decoders they're former junior cadre or
21	staff of various offices of Democratic Kampuchea, both in Phnom
22	Penh and in other parts of the country.
23	[09.19.56]
24	With respect to the documents that were referred to by my friend,

25 counsel for Mr. Ieng Sary, there was a reference -- a number of

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questions were asked as to who are the people mentioned in these documents. Of course, in many cases, the witnesses will provide such information, but even more immediately that information is available in the Closing Order. It is available on a very basic search of the case file.

In relation to 21.14 -- my friend asked: Who is Hang? Well, Your Honours, if you do a search of the Closing Order, the answer is there. Hang, was of course Bou Phat, former secretary of sector 103. He's referred in paragraphs 425 and 943 of the Closing Order. His confession, from S-21, is on the case file, and that document is D159/5.4.

12 [09.20.51]

Not only that, Your Honours, the secretary who replaced this individual is himself a witness, has been called by Your Honours, and he is TCW-4208.

Another example given by friend was D366/7.1.793, authored by an individual called Nhim. Our friend was asking who Nhim was. Your Honours, a basic search of the Closing Order -- numerous references to Ros Nhim, secretary of the Northwest Zone, who is described at paragraph 1262 of the Closing Order.

In fact, at paragraph 958 of the Closing Order, the Investigating Judges quote Duch's statement -- and I quote: "Nuon Chea also had Ros Nhim arrested, who was his brother-in-law and secretary of the Northwest Zone."

25 Plenty of information about these individuals in the case file.

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1	I'll skip a couple of examples and just deal with one which
2	perhaps may have appeared at face value to be unusual.
3	My friend referred to D199/14.2. This was a postcard or, copy
4	of a postcard. The question was asked as to, perhaps, why this is
5	relevant. Of course, Your Honours, this again is an item which is
6	referred to in the Closing Order. Not only is it referred to in
7	the Closing Order, it's actually described in some detail.
8	[09.22.24]
9	And if you look at paragraph 1094, the second part of that
10	paragraph explains that this individual was, in fact, a diplomat
11	in Senegal a Democratic Kampuchea cadre who was recalled,
12	according to the indictment, back to Cambodia and of course found
13	himself arrested and imprisoned at S-21 within four days of
14	arrival.
15	The relevance of the postcard, of course, as the Closing Order
16	explains, is that it was sent from Beijing en route back to
17	Cambodia, where this gentleman was informing his family about his
18	intended arrival in Phnom Penh. Tragically, of course, he was
19	killed. Further information about that case is contained in a
20	witness interview of that gentleman's wife, and that witness
21	interview is D199/14.
22	Your Honours, clearly, for any of these documents that were
23	referred to by the Defence, a simple due diligence exercise and a
24	review of the case file provides both the indicia of reliability
25	and clearly the indicia relevant to the issue that we're dealing

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- 1 with.
- 2 [09.23.46]

3 Turning now to some examples that weren't raised by my friends but which, in our submission demonstrate how these collections 4 5 must be viewed as a whole, and how these documents must be 6 examined in light of other evidence which supports their -- both 7 their relevance and reliability. I'll do -- I'll deal with as many documents I can in the time that is remaining. Just by way 8 of overview, the Annex 4, DK Communications, there are 393 9 documents which we identified as relevant to the first phase of 10 11 the trial. I think Your Honours' memo might have indicated 394 --12 there might be a difference there of one. We think the number 13 might be 393.

14 [09.24.33]

Out of these 393, a total of 168 documents were admitted by Your 15 16 Honours in Case 001, so based -- obviously, an exercise of review 17 of relevance and reliability was undertaken in that case, and we 18 would say, certainly for the purposes of reliability, that where 19 an exhibit was admitted in Case 001, there is a strong 20 presumption that those documents are reliable, that they are what 21 they purport to be -- and of course, the test being prima facie 22 reliability. And as I've indicated before, relevance, again, is 23 indicated for each of them.

24 The communications, as my friend indicated yesterday, are 25 comprised of five types of documents. They are DK telegrams,

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1	reports, letters, notes, and orders. With respect to each
2	subcategory, there are a number ways of ascertaining relevance
3	and reliability. They include, of course, the testimonial
4	evidence that is on the case file, witness statements from
5	telegram operators and former cadre, including those whom I
6	referred to earlier, and a few examples that I will show.
7	[09.25.48]
8	And of course these documents, when you consider them, we would
9	submit that you need to consider them as a whole, as a series of
10	documents. And I will give just one example. I believe some 13
11	documents were authored by an individual called Leng (phonetic).
12	And, in fact, he authored some of the documents with his alias
13	Leng (phonetic) and then some of them are authored with his name
14	with his alias Chhan. Of course, Your Honours, this was the
15	secretary of independent sector 105. The circumstances of his
16	death and his responsibilities for sector 105 are described in
17	the Closing Order, they're described in numerous witness
18	statements, and as it turns out, two witnesses who have been
19	called are his close family members. They are TCW-695 and
20	TCW-307.
21	And when you look at those 13 telegrams, you see that they deal
22	with a series of events. There's a certain internal consistency
23	as to the events being described, and there's obviously
24	reliability through testimonial evidence on the case file and

25 so documents must, Your Honours, be viewed, we submit, in groups

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1 and, of course, in relation to other evidence which indicates or 2 corroborates their contents. 3 [09.27.25] I will now try and demonstrate that by referring to a few 4 5 examples in the time that we have remaining, and dealing first with the DK telegrams. Mr. President, if we could now show a 6 7 document that is on our screen -- or should be on our screen 8 shortly. 9 MR. PRESIDENT: 10 Yes, you're authorized to do so. You still have 12 minutes left. 11 MR. ABDULHAK: 12 Thank you, Mr. President. 13 This is an example of a telegram. In this case, it appears that 14 we have -- the Co-Investigating Judges have in fact obtained an 15 original -- or a photograph of the original document. And of 16 course a senior staff member of DC-Cam has indicated that this 17 document is available in its original form. This is the Khmer 18 version, of course. The statement of the DC-Cam staff member is 19 D311/2. 20 [09.28.46] 21 If we scroll down to the bottom of this page, we've actually 22 redacted, I believe, the name of the author of this telegram. That's because the author is, in fact, TCW-604, a witness whom 23 24 Your Honours have scheduled to appear before you. In his 25 statement, D201/5, he indicates that he wrote this document

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1	himself.
2	Again, Your Honours, looking to the relevance of this document.
3	The contents of the document are of some interest, but certainly
4	insofar as they relate to the searching for, as they were called,
5	"Yuon spies". But, more broadly, as I indicated earlier, the
6	relevance again is the establishment of a regular and structured
7	reporting system which was in place throughout the period covered
8	by the indictment. Mr. President, if I could move on to another
9	document and this is $D175/6.13$ if we can show that document
10	on the screen, if that's appropriate?
11	MR. PRESIDENT:
12	Yes, you may proceed:
13	MR. ABDULHAK:
14	Again, Your Honours, I'll only show the Khmer version, given that
15	the time is limited.
16	[09.30.18]
17	Again, in this case, this appears to be an original. Again, at
18	D311/2, senior staff member of DC-Cam indicates that original
19	an original is available.
20	Another document authored by the same cadre, who happens to be
21	the secretary of the Northeast Zone was admitted by Your Honours
22	in Case 001. So another document from the same series has already
23	been admitted; that document is D175/6.15.
24	And lastly, in relation to this document, it has in fact been
25	authenticated by a witness, and that witness is TCW-480 he is

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1 scheduled to testify shortly before Your Honours. In fact, not 2 only does he discuss the telegram, he was able to discuss the 3 handwriting on the telegram which indicates that this document 4 was to be -- a copy of this document was to be given to Ieng 5 Sary.

6 If I may move on to another example of a telegram; if we could 7 show on the screen document Introductory Submission 21.146, if that's appropriate. Thank you, Mr. President. This is, in fact-8 9 If we could have that document on the screen please-- Thank you. 10 Again, I will show only a Khmer version, given that we have 11 limited time. This is a document from the Commerce Committee in Phnom Penh addressed to comrades Krin and Nat. Comrade Nat was in 12 13 fact Phal Va, as other evidence on the case file indicates. She 14 was the wife of an individual called Ing Sok.

15 [09.32.22]

16 Together, Ing Sok and his wife Phal Va were located in Hong Kong 17 where, again as evidence indicates, they were in charge of the 18 Ren Fung company through which Democratic Kampuchea conducted its 19 international trade and, of course, a reference was made 20 yesterday to the fact that these -- these officers were very much 21 under the authority of the Accused, Khieu Samphan.

22 [09.32.50]

The contents of this document are interesting, insofar as other documents then indicate what happened after this telegram was sent. This telegram was, in fact, directing Nat and her children

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1 to return -- to return to Phnom Penh; that the husband, Ing Sok 2 was also to return. 3 And, Your Honours, if we can again show two documents on the screen. We have a prisoner sheet which is document IS 3.1. If we 4 5 could have that on the screen, Your Honour. 6 If we could show that document, this is Introductory Submission 7 3.1. This is the prisoner sheet of Ing Sok, alias -- I apologize, of Phal Va, alias Nat, and that indicates that she entered S-21 8 9 on the 30th of December 1972, only 20 days after that telegram 10 was sent to Hong Kong. I'll -- we will show another prisoner 11 sheet, which is that of her husband. This is -- this is 12 Introductory Submission 3.1. I apologize, the wife's prisoner sheet was 3.5, and the husband's is 3.1. 13 14 If we could return back to our screen just for a moment to show, 15 again, how these documents come together. I would like to show 16 you some photographs which are in the case file, again as part of 17 IS 3.5. If we could show that on the screen, Your Honours. I 18 think we have about two minutes left. If we can -- this is 3.5. 19 There on the left hand side, you see Phal Va, alias Nat, a 20 photograph taken in Hong Kong and on the right hand side her 21 photograph taken at S-21. 22 [09.34.48] 23 And last, but not least, the circumstances of the arrest -- of 24 the return to Cambodia, any arrests of these individuals are

25 discussed by Duch in his written record before the

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1 Co-Investigating Judges, document D119.

2 Your Honours, I had anticipated -- or had intended to deal with 3 each of the subcategories, and we have numerous more examples like these, where telegrams, letters, orders and notes, as well 4 5 as reports, contain information that is corroborated by other 6 documents -- that contain information that is often discussed by 7 witnesses. And, of course, in as far as we're dealing with telegrams or letters, reports specifically several cadre explain 8 9 the circumstances in which such documents were prepared. They describe the systems that were used and they will, of course, 10 11 describe for Your Honours specific markings that illustrate that 12 these are Democratic Kampuchea and Communist Party of Kampuchea 13 documents and records.

14 [09.35.55]

15 I think that brings me to a conclusion, given that -- I think 16 I've run out of time, Your Honours. I'm happy to discuss any of 17 the other categories if Your Honours deem that appropriate, but I 18 will -- I will stop here for now. Thank you.

- 19 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 20 Thank you, International Co-Prosecutor.

21 Next, the Chamber hands over the floor to the Lead Co-Lawyers to 22 respond to the objections by the defence teams against documents 23 in Annex 4. You may now proceed.

24 MR. PICH ANG:

25 Good morning, Mr. President. We would like to delegate this

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- 1 submission to Mr. Lor Chunthy, the lawyer from the Legal Aid of
- 2 Cambodia, to make the response.
- 3 [09.37.11]
- 4 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 5 Your request is granted. So, Mr. Lor Chunthy, you may now
- 6 proceed.
- 7 MR. LOR CHUNTHY:
- 8 Good morning, Mr. President. Good morning, Your Honours. And good
- 9 morning, everyone.
- 10 My name is Lor Chunthy. I am a civil party lawyer in Case 002,
- 11 and I would like to respond to the objection raised by the
- 12 Defence against documents listed in Annex 4.
- 13 [09.37.58]
- 14 According to the document E19.8, document E9/31.3, in that
- 15 document there are -- document E109/4.4 and there are 394

16 documents in this annex. I would like to make observation on two

17 points.

First, I would like to look at the overall context so that we can examine the potential of having all of those documents before the Chamber, and we can ensure that those documents' authenticity and reliability can be proved before the Chamber.

22 Then I will look at:

23 a) the reality of the document; and

24 b) I am going to point to the sources of those documents; and

25 c) the custody of the document.

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1	Now, a, we look at the reality of the document. What is the
2	general format of the documents put before Your put before the
3	Chamber?
4	As the prosecutor has expressly mentioned in their submission
5	that these documents had an instruction from the management and,
6	of course, that those document, as well, also indicated the
7	purpose of the document and why it was produced in the first
8	place.
9	[09.40.30]
10	So, when we see the format of those documents as well as the
11	purpose of producing those document, they reveal the reliability
12	of those documents that can be used as evidence before the
13	Chamber.
14	And then, b, we are going to look at the sources of those
15	documents.
16	Of course, those documents were originated from the Democratic
17	Kampuchea period, between 1975 to 1979.
18	Then we will should continue to look at the very reason why
19	those document was produced. What agents produced this document?
20	As the prosecutor pointed out, there were witnesses who can
21	testify on this document as to how it or they were produced.
22	[09.41.33]
23	And what is the overall characteristic of those documents; was it
24	the directive or a communicated message? Actually, those
25	documents are the administrative documents used to share

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1	information amongst members of the Democratic Kampuchea. They can
2	be reports, they can be telegrams and various other documents.
3	This is a demonstration that during that regimes there was a
4	clear structure administrative structure in the Democratic
5	Kampuchea.

6 Now, I move on to point c. There have been collection of those 7 documents and a chain of custody of those documents. In 1995, Documentation Centre of Cambodia -- an organization collects the 8 9 various documents from the Democratic Kampuchea. Of course, in 19 10 -- immediately following the fall of the Democratic Kampuchea, 11 Cambodian people did not -- or were not interested in collecting 12 information because they had to do something in order to fill 13 their stomach rather than collecting those documents. So at first 14 this institution, the Democratic -- the Documentation Centre of 15 Cambodia, which strived to locate the remaining documents in 16 search for truth. And of course, when there was a cooperation 17 between the Government of Cambodia and the United Nations --18 jointly established this tribunal -- then we would have to look 19 for assistance from these organization to provide necessary 20 information. And we also received information from the National 21 Archive, as well as the Tuol Sleng Archive, and from individual 22 donation, because those people may have, at hand, the documents. 23 So they send those documents to the Documentation Centre of 24 Cambodia.

25 [09.43.50]

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1	So the points I would like to make here is that, if we tried to
2	find the individuals who proffered those documents, it may be
3	more than difficult in this context.
4	And as for the custody of documents from those days until now, of
5	course it can be established.
6	Now I move to the second point, which is the direct response to
7	the objection raised by the Defence.
8	The Defence referred to the jurisprudence from the ICTY and, in
9	the ICTY Trial Chamber, the Defence argued that they summoned
10	those who prepared the telegram to testify in court.
11	[09.44.59]
12	Of course, here we can ask them to come to Court as well, but if
13	you look at the context we have now, it has been some 30 years or
14	so already and some of those responsible for telegram
15	communication might have passed away or they may be too old. So
16	as the prosecutor says, certain lucky individuals who survived
17	the regimes and survived until today can, of course, appear
18	before this Chamber to testify.
19	So the reliance on the jurisprudence from the ICTY it is of
20	course good, as I said but, of course. we have to be objective in
21	our context. The witnesses that you are requesting or demanding,
22	they may be too old already or they have they might have
23	already passed away.
24	[09.46.01]

25 Another point of relevance: the Defence also raised the objection

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1	against confession by torture. I think the Prosecution has
2	responded very well to this point, but I believe that there will
3	be more debate on this very subject at a later stage.
4	Now, I would like to talk about the civil parties. They mention
5	that there was some 4,000 civil parties in the case file, but
6	actually the actual number of civil parties in this case is
7	3,866. And civil parties who may be heard by the Court accounts
8	for around 150 civil parties and among 150 civil parties, only
9	a small minority of them will testify before this Chamber.
10	So I would suggest, my learned colleagues from the Defence, that
11	you should not be too worried about the number of the civil
12	parties to testify before this Court.
13	In addition, the civil parties that come to testify before this
14	Court, the party so please don't be confused; they are not
15	going to come here to testify as witness, but they are the civil
16	parties.
17	[09.48.00]
18	Another important point which I would like to also address in
19	respond to the Defence. You mentioned that, even if there was a
20	name of your client in the telegram but you were wondering
21	whether or not your client has actually received those telegrams
22	or letters. Of course, at that time, there were the so-called
23	messenger messenger received the letter from one institution
24	and convey it to another institution. So messenger is one of the

25 important and most reliable person to convey message. And the

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1 messenger are generally loyal to their organization; 2 particularly, they were responsible for sending message from one 3 institution to another and, at times, some of them even used horse in order to deliver message quickly. 4 5 As for the question whether or not the individual person has 6 received or not received the documents, we will have to question 7 that messenger. Of course, this is my response to the objection raised by the Defence that there was a name of the client, but 8 9 you were still doubtful whether or not your client has received that message. Of course, the person must have received, to my 10 11 understanding. 12 [09.49.43]13 Document D366/7.1.338. By reviewing this document, we note the 14 format, the content of the document, and there was also a date on 15 that document. So it means that this kind of document is quite 16 clear. 17 So we can respond to the Defence that, by a mere looking at this 18 paper, we know that, of course, the person who prepared this 19 document must have been trained or skilful in preparing this 20 reports or documents. Of course, if they were illiterate or did 21 not know anything, they could not prepare such a document. 22 [09.51.09] 23 Telegram D108/28/.1. And the first line on the left, there is a 24 number, 31, and this telegram was addressed to "Beloved M870".

25 So, this was the language used during that period, and it was

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1	copied to Brother Nuon, Brother Van, Brother Khieu, and archives.
2	So this is procedure by which the documents was kept during that
3	period.
4	Another document, D108/226.81 (sic); the Defence said it was
5	illegible. Of course, this document was type-written more than 30
6	years ago, and it may have been some quality deterioration.
7	However, the upper part of this document was quite clear because
8	there is a salutation which mention the person whom this letter
9	or this telegram was addressed. And it referred to May 1976 and
10	the person who sent this telegram was also mentioned in the
11	bottom on the bottom of the telegram. So it means that this
12	was consistent.
13	So this are some of the realities concerning the documents in
14	Annex 4, and I would like to ask the Chamber to exam to
15	consider these documents, particularly taking into account the
16	facts which I have presented. And I believe that those documents
17	are reliable and they are, of course, relevant to the case before
18	Your Honours and, of course, those documents can, therefore, be
19	admitted before the Chamber. Thank you.
20	[09.53.54]
21	MR. PRESIDENT:
22	Thank you, Counsel.
23	Now, we continue hearing the objections regarding contemporaneous
24	DK documents that the Trial Chamber intends to place before it.
25	We will continue with the objection relating to documents in A5

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1 category. 2 The Defence has been allocated one hour to present its objection, 3 and it was left to the discretion of the Defence how to divide its time among themselves. I, therefore, now hand over to Nuon 4 5 Chea defence first. You may proceed. 6 [09.55.04] 7 MR. PESTMAN: Thank you, Your Honour. I'll keep it brief in order to avoid 8 9 unnecessary repetition. 10 DC-Cam documents, we've discussed those at length. We welcome the 11 announcement the Prosecution made this morning that they will provide everyone with a list of documents received from DC-Cam, 12 13 and we're looking forward to studying that. 14 Of course, the admission of those documents, as we have said many 15 times this week, is subject to the hearing of Youk Chhang in 16 Court and us, the Defence, given the opportunity to cross-examine 17 him. 18 As far as the relevance is concerned, the prosecutor made some 19 remarks on the relevance of certain documents, and we agree the scope of the first mini-trial is not limited to the evacuation of 20 21 Phnom Penh or the first movement of people from North -- or from 22 South to North. The topic of the first trial is also the hierarchy of the Party 23 24 -- the command structure, communications within the DK. We take 25 the position, however -- and we disagree with the prosecutor --

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1	that when your Trial Chamber will look at those topics, at those
2	additional issues relevant for the structure of the country, the
3	Party and the government, that emphasis should lie on the
4	relevant periods the period relevant for the evacuation of
5	Phnom Penh and the phase two movement of population.

6 [09.56.59]

7 Just to give you one example, the Prosecution was giving examples this morning, whether Ieng Thirith was informed in July 1978 --8 9 which is two years after the relevant period -- whether she was informed on the political consciousness of midwives in a 10 particular, hospital, we maintain is completely irrelevant for 11 the first mini-trial; it doesn't say anything of any relevance to 12 13 the first mini-trial. And even if it says something about the structure of that particular ministry in 1978, it only confuses 14 15 the things that we have to discuss in the first mini-trial. So we 16 maintain that the emphasis should lie -- when we discuss structure of the Party and the government -- the emphasis should 17 lie on the first period, the period relevant for the evacuation 18 19 of Phnom Penh and the subsequent movement of people from South to 20 North.

21 [09.58.10]

22 What we are afraid of -- what we are afraid is going to happen is 23 that the prosecutor will take this opportunity to introduce 24 evidence into this first mini-trial in order to extend the scope 25 of this first mini-trial. I think a very good example was given

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1	this morning by the OCP when they showed us several documents
2	related to S-21 and the alleged purge of a person who worked in
3	Hong Kong for an office established by DK for trade purposes.
4	Whether this office was purged, whether cadres from this office
5	were sent to S-21, S-21 was established, as you know, after the
6	evacuation of Phnom Penh, and whether any of the Accused knew
7	about this, is absolutely, we maintain is completely
8	irrelevant for this first mini-trial. It is not on your agenda.
9	We will discuss this later to a great extent, without any doubt.
10	[09.58.33]
11	I again invite the Trial Chamber to look at the list of documents
12	provided by the prosecutor with a very critical eye and to
13	discard as irrelevant all evidence which really has nothing to do
14	with the scope of the first mini-trial.
15	With regard to the other documents, documents which are prima
16	facia relevant for the first mini-trial and documents which have
17	not been provided by DC-Cam, we repeat our position as explained
18	earlier this week that evidence is admissible, but if those
19	documents contains evidence on the role of our client or evidence
20	on key issues in the first mini trial, then we maintain that
21	those documents should be put before our client our client is
22	testifying and that if necessary the author of that particular
23	document should be heard in court. Thank you very much.
24	[10.00.50]

25 MR. PRESIDENT:

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Thank you, Counsel. The national defence counsel you may proceed.
 MR. SON ARUN:

3 Thank you, Mr. President. Good morning, Mr. President, Your Honours. Good morning, everyone. In Annex 5, there is document 4 5 89/31.4. There are various report from one individual to another 6 from the upper hierarchy to the Lower hierarchy, from the upper 7 offices to the lower cadres, from one institution to the other institution, or from one region to another region. The GRUNK 8 9 statements made by Norodom Sihanouk on the composition of the GRUNK government on the 5th of October '74 was published in the 10 11 FUNK, regarding the information from Cambodia. That is document D366/71.455. 12

13 There is also IS 18.1 to IS 12.3. There are also reports from 14 the DK government -- that is D -- document D262.13 and various 15 other reports, as well as the statements by the government 16 including the media report by the Democratic Kampuchea talking 17 about the aggression by the Vietnamese soldier and the report was 18 made by Tran Van Tra, that is the Vietnamese solider arrested by 19 the DK government during the Vietnamese aggression, who confess 20 on the 24 January '78, that is IS 12.26.

21 [10.03.45]

Regarding the DK -- the FUNK, the GRUNK, rather, telegrams made by Norodom Sihanouk and the statement by the DK government, plus various other reports, talked mainly about their daily activities. If those documents are genuine document, with

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1 verified authenticity from the original copies, -- whether they 2 were obtained by DC-Cam or verifiable sources -- then my client, 3 Mr. Nuon Chea, would respond to the allegations made by the Prosecution without any hesitation. As we repeatedly urge the 4 5 Chamber to order the Prosecution to present the original 6 documents so that my client is in a position to compare the 7 copies we have at hand to the original documents before he can acknowledge whether they are actually the documents produced 8 9 during the DK period, and he will respond to those allegations. 10 [10.05.26]

11 My clients, Nuon Chea, as well as the defence team, plus all other defence teams have similar view on this very topic -- that 12 13 is to have our hands on the original copies regarding all those allegations made by the Prosecution, and not just relied on 14 unverifiable sources to incriminate my client. I have observed 15 16 that since 16 January 2012 the Chamber scheduled Annex 1 through 17 5 in order to put them through debates in order to find justice and ascertain the truth. 18

I categorically denied or object to any allegations without basis by the Prosecution, without any authentication of those documents by the Prosecution, and, as I already requested the Chamber yesterday to present those documents put forward by the Prosecution. Those documents are not verifiable and we are not sure they are the actual copy of the original document.

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to provide any concrete testimony as to how they obtained these thousands of documents, and from whom or from where and under what circumstances. We, representing the Accused, cannot accept this circumstance. The Prosecution acknowledged those documents -- put the sequence of members on those documents at their own discretion in order to incriminate my client.

7 [10.07.50]

They do not take into account the fact of trying to ascertain the 8 9 truth for everyone and for the general public. On behalf of the 10 Accused, I urge Your Honours to consider and to reject those 11 ungrounded allegations by the Prosecution. And we, the Nuon Chea 12 defence team, still insist that the Prosecution present the 13 original documents in order to verify the authenticity and to 14 find truth in this very Chamber. Most of the documents the Prosecution have in their hands cannot be verified. We do not 15 16 know the exact custodians of those documents with no thumbprints 17 or signature as how they were obtained or maintained. They were 18 circulated and gathered from everywhere around the country. How 19 could the Prosecution understand that there could be a opposed 20 factor of the DK who could manufactured those documents in order 21 to incriminate or to put the blamed on the DK government. If they 22 take that factor into consideration they might have a different 23 view.

24 [10.09.40]

25 For the Lead Co-Lawyers of the civil parties, in their response

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1 to Annex 4, that the people who can testified before this Chamber 2 are those who are already too old to testified, or some have 3 already passed away and those who can have already made their testimony -- that is not true at all, Your Honour. I agree that 4 5 there are people who can't come here to testified and, of course, 6 there are old people and there are people who passed away, but 7 those who can testified are numerous, and they are not too old to testify regarding the very subject matter before us today. 8 9 Nuon Chea's defence already made several request to the OCIJ for 10 the past four years and OCJ only selectively made some interviews 11 with certain people we requested. For the aforementioned reasons 12 I urge Your Honours to reject the allegation raised by the 13 Prosecution in Annex 5, and we still maintain that -- we urge the 14 Prosecution to present the original documents in order to verify 15 the authenticity of those documents before this very Chamber and 16 the general public -- so that my client, Mr. Nuon Chea, can 17 responds to the allegations by the Prosecution. I'm grateful to 18 Your Honour. 19 MR. PRESIDENT: 20 Thank you, Defence Counsel. 21 [10.11.47] 22 Ieng Sary's defence you now have the floor. 23 MR. KARNAVAS:

Good morning, Mr. President. Good morning, Your Honours. And good morning to everyone in and around the courtroom.

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I believe we have already amply noted our objections as to these types of evidence in our general remarks, as we noted that media reports are, in and of themselves, unreliable unless some sort of indicia of reliability can be shown, especially when statements are attributed to our client or to the other Accused, and then those purported statements, or paraphrasing what our clients may have said is taken at face value.

8 We noted, for instance, one example in the past, with respect to 9 Elizabeth Becker, which dealt with the 1975 Mayaguez incident. We 10 then noted, or informed that we should simply look at Elizabeth 11 Becker's notes that are in the case file, and therein would lie 12 the answers.

13 Well, if you were to go to the case file and look at her notes, 14 you would not find anything with respect to that particular piece 15 of evidence that is being sought to be introduced.

Now, that said, we understand that the Prosecution intends to introduce these sorts of - types of evidence for various reasons, and of course it would be up to you, Your Honours, to determine whether those - that piece of evidence can come in, limited to the purpose for which the Prosecution intends to use that information. Of course, it would be up to the Prosecution to inform the parties exactly the purpose.

23 We submit, Your Honours -- and this is something that I will 24 touch upon later this afternoon when we do our wrap-up remarks 25 concerning our responses to all of these specific types of

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1	evidence is that simply because something is in the case file,
2	or simply because something is referenced in the Closing Order
3	doesn't make it necessarily admissible for trial. If that were
4	the case, then why are we bothering with this entire exercise?
5	The entire case file can simply be used by any party.
6	[10.14.45]
7	And so simply to say: Well, it's reference in this paragraph,
8	therein lies the answer Our position is: be that as it may, at
9	some point, since the Prosecution bears the burden of proof, they
10	will have to demonstrate why this particular document is aside
11	from being relevant but why it should be relied upon by this
12	Trial Chamber and why, at some point, it should have any weight
13	to this particular phase of the indictment that we're trying,
14	that is trial number 1 limited to that.
15	[10.15.26]
16	And so we would we respectfully submit that we have provided
17	our answers in our annex. They're general in nature, but over the
18	course of the last two or three days, we've amply noted why we
19	believe that the Prosecution cannot simply say: Well, it's in the
20	Closing Order, therefore it should be admitted.
21	There's nothing in international standards that says if something
22	is in the indictment, or if something is referenced in the
23	indictment, and because the indictment was based on something
24	that was shown to the judges as part of the process of
25	determining sufficient evidence exists to indict That, in and

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1	of itself, does not make that piece of evidence admissible. It
2	merely means that it was used by the Trial Chamber or the
3	presiding judge who was involved in the indictment process in
4	factoring that as part of the test as to whether some evidence is
5	sufficient to indict, that's all. And therefore, for the
6	Prosecution to say, well it's in the Closing Order and,
7	therefore, it has credence, we submit that's not enough. That's
8	the first step. Now that we've started the trial they will have
9	to lay more of a foundation, and it's up to you to determine
10	whether it should be admitted and then whether it should how
11	much weight, if any, to give to it. Thank you.
12	[10.17.07]
13	MR. PRESIDENT:
14	Thank you, Defence Counsel.
15	We would now hand the floor to Khieu Samphan's defence to present
16	their objections to documents in A5 annex. You may proceed.
17	MR. KONG SAM ONN:
18	Thank you, Mr. President. Good morning, Your Honours. Good
19	morning, everyone. Regarding Annex 5, there is the DK media and
20	public statements put forward by the Prosecution, and there are
21	343 documents in total. In document E158, as put forward by the
22	Prosecution, they attempt to give weight to the reliability in 60
23	documents of the 343 in this annex. Fifty-three of those
24	documents were obtained by the Swedish collection, or from FBIS.
25	There are five other remaining documents which are the media

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1 report received by DC-Cam. What we demand, as well as what the 2 object to, regarding all the documents in this annex, are the 3 same as what we have already raised for the previous annexes. So I will not touch upon those grounds of objections in details. Our 4 position is the same. 5 Let me give you an example, Your Honour. For the documents that 6 7 we received as part of the Swedish collection, they have only been received recently. And the question we also ask is how the 8 9 Swedish government received those documents, and from whom? This

10 is a -- one important question, and it should have been explained 11 to us by the Prosecution as part of the indicia of reliability of 12 each document, so that we can put them in our debate before your 13 Chamber.

14 [10.21.29]

15 Once again I still maintain our position, Mr. President. Thank 16 you.

17 MR. PRESIDENT:

18 Thank you, Defence Counsel. Since the Prosecution has one hour to 19 reply to these objections, and as the time is now appropriate for 20 the break, the Prosecution may take the floor after we resume. We 21 will now have 20-minute break, and we shall return at 20 to 11. 22 (Court recesses from 1022H to 1042H)

23 MR. PRESIDENT:

24 Please be seated. The Court is now back in session.

25 Now, I hand over to the Co-Prosecutors to respond to the

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- 1 objections raised by the Defence against the document in Annex 5.
- 2 The Co-Prosecutors have one hour to make their submission.
- 3 You may now proceed.

4 [10.43.52]

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[10.45.17]

5 MR. SENG BUNKHEANG:

Thank you, Mr. President. Representatives of the Prosecution,
myself and Ms. Falguni Debnath, has one hour to make a submission
and I'm going to make my submission first, with my colleagues.
And the last remaining session, we would like to hand it over to
Mr. William Smith.

11 The representative for Prosecution would like to inform Your 12 Honours, Members of the Bench, that documents in Annex 5 of the 13 list of document of the Office of Co-Prosecutors include the DK 14 media and statements and this document has different types; 15 however, they have been grouped into one category. These document 16 include radio broadcast reports, various statement made by 17 officer of the DK as well as various Ministries, and there are 18 also news bulletins published by the DK embassy overseas.

A sheer number of foreign broadcast service report were also placed in Annex 5 and Your Honour have already been informed of the availability of the Foreign Broadcast Information Service reports, FBIS.

FBIS was run by the Central Intelligent Agency of the United States starting from 1941 to 2004 and the CIA managed, translated

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1	and transcribed news as well as commentaries on foreign policy
2	speeches, the radio broadcast reports and TV report as well as
3	other news transmission, newspaper and other magazines. The
4	report of the foreign information service is generally accessible
5	through internet, in the website of various libraries of
6	different university, including Harvard University.
7	[10.46.36]
8	Reports of the Foreign Broadcasting Information Service starting
9	from 1975 to January 1979, with the exception of the report for
10	December 1977, were placed in the list of documents in a request
11	the OCP request to admit Foreign Broadcast Information Service
12	reports to the case file filed on the 12th of November 2009, and
13	this request were registered with document number D262 as for the
14	report for December 1977 was also placed in case file already on
15	the 31st of July 2009.
16	The transmission of the news by the Foreign Broadcast Information
17	Service was screened by many other news agency, including the
18	BBC.
19	BBC record records world news in English language and they
20	created the so-called SWB, Summary World Broadcast, so that they
21	can broadcast the transmission from various foreign radio station
22	from 1939 to 1997.
23	In addition to the reports by the Foreign Broadcast Information
24	Service as well as the SWB, Annex 5 also includes various
25	documents produced by the Government of the Democratic Kampuchea

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- and Annex 5 also includes various documents produced by the FUNK 2 and GRUNK. 3 [10.48.45] The general documents include new bulletins, statement of the 4 5 government as well as news bulletin produced by the embassy. 6 Evidence in these Annex include a contemporaneous event involving 7 the role of the Accused as well as the condition and situation of the Accused during the Democratic Kampuchea as well as the 8 9 duration after the period. And it also include detailed 10 information corroborating this evidence. 11 And I would like to bring up some examples relating to the 12 statement made by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the 13 Democratic Kampuchea to which the Defence has objected. Example 14 is in the Annex 5, number 130 with the document number IS 19.38 15 and number 135, document D108/43/9. 16 These two documents are a very classical example -- classic 17 example which indicate the reliability of the document because 18 the statement made by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the 19 Democratic Kampuchea is exactly the same as the report produced
- 20 by International Broadcasting Information Service such as BBC 21 SWB.

22 [10.50.34]

Document number 130 in Annex 5 in the list of document of the 23 24 Office of Co-Prosecutor is the statement made by the Ministry of 25 Foreign Affair of the DK, which was issued on the 31st of

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1 December 1977, announcing the severance of diplomatic relations 2 provisionally with the Socialist Republic of Vietnam and also 3 setting the deadline for the diplomatic corps and diplomatic personnel of Vietnam to leave Cambodia. And I would like to bring 4 5 up the excerpt of this statement as follow: 6 "The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea, with 7 the permission from the Government of the Democratic Kampuchea, makes the following statement: 1) the Government of Democratic 8 9 Kampuchea decides temporarily to severe diplomatic relations with the Socialist Republic of Vietnam as from the 31st December 1977 10 11 until the aggressor forces of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam 12 withdraw from the sacred territory of Democratic Kampuchea and 13 until the friendly atmosphere between the countries is restored; 2) the diplomats and embassy personnel of the Socialist Republic 14 15 of Vietnam accredited to the Democratic Kampuchea must leave 16 Democratic Kampuchea before the deadline of the 7 January 1978." 17 [10.52.30]

18 This is the statement made by the Foreign Ministry of Democratic
19 Kampuchea.

If you look at document in -- Number 135 in the Annex 5 of the Office of Co-Prosecutor, we extracted information from the international broadcasting service, the BBC SWB, dated the 3rd of January 1978, which reported the statement of the Democratic Kampuchea, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, issued on the 31st of December 1977.

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1	[10.53.19]
2	If we look closely at the excerpt from the International
3	Broadcasting Service, it was identical to what was what
4	contains in the statement of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of
5	the Democratic Kampuchea.
6	I would now like to extract the statement of the Democratic
7	Kampuchea Ministry of Foreign Affair which the SWB quoted:
8	"The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea makes
9	the following statement:
10	"1) the Government of Democratic Kampuchea decides provisionally
11	to sever diplomatic relations with the Socialist Republic of
12	Vietnam from the 31st of December 1977 until the aggressor forces
13	of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam withdraw from the sacred
14	territory of Democratic Kampuchea and until the friendly
15	atmosphere between the two countries is restored;
16	"2) the diplomats and embassy personnel of the Socialist Republic
17	of Vietnam accredited to Democratic Cambodia must leave
18	Democratic Kampuchea before the deadline of the 7 of January
19	1978."
20	[10.54.46]
21	So, once again, these two documents are very consistent so that
22	it establishes the reliability of documents of this type, so
23	there is no reason by the virtue of this argument that there is a
24	need to summon the author of such document to testify before this
25	Chamber.

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- 1 Now, I would like to hand over to my international colleague to
- 2 add in our submissions.
- 3 Thank you, Your Honour.
- 4 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 5 Yes, the International Prosecutor, you may now proceed.
- 6 MS. DEBNATH:
- 7 Thank you, Mr. President. Good morning, Your Honours. Good
- 8 morning to everyone in the courtroom and to anybody watching
- 9 these proceedings.
- 10 [10.55.37]

Annex 5 contains 343 documents. Over one-third of them emanate from the FBIS , the Foreign Broadcast Information Service. Fifty of these reports were placed on the case file by the OCIJ and were also admitted in Case 001.

The FBIS reports follow a standard format. At the top of the page, there will be a date, the word "Cambodia" and the letter "H" followed by a number. Some of the reports contain a table of content. The table lists the countries being monitored for that report. A letter is ascribed to each country. Cambodia's letter is always "H".

The FBIS reports provide translations and transcriptions of daily broadcasts from dozens of locations. They monitored broadcasts from Hanoi, Algeria, Peking, Aden, Algiers, Hong Kong. The FBIS also monitored broadcasts in Cambodia. By translating and transcribing the actual broadcasts made on a specific date at a

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1 specific location at a certain time, the reports provide an 2 invaluable snapshot of the past. 3 [10.57.19] Let's go back in time. What was happening in Cambodia on 26 4 5 February 1975? Let's listen in. 6 Before we do so, let me provide you with the document number and 7 ERN numbers. I refer to document D108/43/1. The ERN number for -in Khmer is 00242308; in English, it is 00166772; in French, it 8 9 is 00281432. Now we can listen in to what was happening in Phnom Penh February 10 11 26 1975: "Khieu Samphan chairs NUFC Congress Session; communiqué issued. 12 13 "[Text] On 24 and 25 February in 1975, the great national congress held its second session in an area of the liberated zone 14 under the chairmanship of Mr. Khieu Samphan, RGNUC deputy prime 15 16 minister, minister of national defense and CPNLAF commander in 17 chief. "[...]This second session of the great national congress was held 18 19 at a time when military, political and economic conditions have 20 altered significantly in an extremely favorable manner for the 21 Cambodian nation and people's liberation struggle. Now that we 22 are launching our offensive from all sides, the enemy is on the 23 verge of collapse in every field. Phnom Penh is completely 24 surrounded and the enemy is suffering agonizing military, 25 political and economic setbacks and ammunition shortages.

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1	"In these extremely favourable circumstances, the great national
2	congress deliberated seriously and thoroughly for 2 days and
3	issued pronouncements on various important matters including the
4	following:
5	"1. Concerning the seven traitors in Phnom Penh, the national
6	congress has decided as follows: Traitors Lon Nol, Sirik Matak,
7	Son Ngoc Thanh, Cheng Heng, In Tam, Long Boret and Sosthène
8	Fernandez are the chieftains of the traitors and ringleaders of
9	the treacherous antinational coup d'état which overthrew the
10	independence, peace and neutrality of Cambodia. They are the ones
11	who induced the US Imperialists to invade and set Cambodia aflame
12	bringing unprecedented, untold destruction and suffering to
13	Cambodia and death to many monks and people, including men, women
14	and children.
15	[11.00.33]
16	"On behalf of the NUFC, RGNUC and CPNLAF, the national congress
17	declares it absolutely necessary to kill these seven traitors for
18	their treason against the nation and their fascist, corrupt,
19	original acts criminal acts unprecedented in Cambodian
20	history."
21	The fourth page of that document:
22	"For the second session of the national congress of the NUFC and
23	RGNUC
24	"Chairman of the national congress
25	"[Signed] Khieu Samphan."

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- 1 The ERN numbers for that last quotation: in Khmer 00242314,
- 2 00166775, 00281435.
- 3 Their denunciation of these seven permeates the broadcasts and
- 4 can be found in many FBIS documents.
- 5 Finally, after the fall of Phnom Penh, those of the seven that 6 remained in the country were executed. This was reported in 7 various documents, including an Amnesty International Report of 8 '75 and '76 stating that Ieng Sary had discussed the fate of 9 these seven.
- 10 [11.02.11]

11 The report from Amnesty International is D84-AnnexA-01. The Khmer 12 ERN is 00597825; English, 00004213; French, 00607934. The report 13 states:

14 "Earlier reports concerned seven leaders of the former Lon Nol 15 government termed 'super traitors' and condemned to death by the 16 Second National Congress of the Cambodian people in February 17 1975. Four of the seven had fled the country before the 18 liberation army entered Phnom Penh. In November 1975, Deputy 19 Premier Ieng Sary confirmed during a visit to Bangkok that three 20 leaders of the former regime had been executed. They were former 21 premier Long Boret, Prince Sisowath Sirik Matak and Lon Nol --22 brother of former president Lon Nol."

23 [11.03.34]

24 The second subset of Annex 5, containing approximately 6025 documents, emanate from the BBC. You can never be sure who's

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1 listening. It's not just the FBIS, it's also the BBC. It 2 monitored broadcasts. Its report's, known as the Summary of World 3 Broadcasts, often captured similar information to that found in FBIS and in other public declarations and statements contained in 4 Annex 5. 5 These documents also provide invaluable glimpses into the 6 7 Cambodia of 35 years ago. Given the broad range of material facts that need to be proven at an international criminal trial and, 8 9 particularly, one of this breath and magnitude, these summaries 10 contribute to creating a vista of detailed facts. Among other 11 things, they tell us who the leaders were, what role they played, what they said, and when. 12 13 Annex 5 contains over 60 such documents; more than one-third of them were admitted in Case 001. The summaries also follow a 14 15 similar -- a standard format. The letters SWB appear at the top 16 left hand corner; sometimes the letters are preceded by the full 17 title. There is a notation in the middle and the date at the top 18 of the right hand corner. 19 [11.05.16] 20 I will take Your Honours to one document, document D56-Doc.084. 21 This is an SWB Report. The Khmer ERN is 00725158 and 59, English 22 00008307, French 00741908. 23 The SWB Report heading is "Ne Win's Visit to Cambodia -- Abstract

24 of Reports":

25 "U Ne Win, president and chairman of the State Council of the

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1 Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma, left Rangoon on 26 2 November for Cambodia." 3 And the following paragraph: "Ne Win and his delegation were welcomed on arrive in Phnom Penh 4 by several thousand people including Khieu Samphan, Chairman of 5 6 the State Presidium, Nuon Chea, Chairman of the Standing 7 Committee of the Cambodian People's Representative Assembly, Ieng Sary, Deputy Premier for Foreign Affairs, Vorn Vet, Deputy 8 Premier for Economic Affairs, Son Sen, Deputy Premier for 9 National Defence." 10 11 [11.06.38] In honor of this visit, Khieu Samphan later gave a speech 12 13 welcoming Ne Win on behalf of the people, government and State 14 Presidium of Democratic Kampuchea. He also articulated the key 15 concerns of the regime at that time. 16 A day later, on 27 November, Ne Win visited Siem Reap accompanied 17 by Ieng Sary. They were welcomed at Siem Reap Airport by Khieu 18 Samphan. 19 Domestic broadcasts of this visit were monitored by FBIS. That 20 FBIS report can be found at document D262.36; the English ERN

21 00168603; the French ERN D262.36. The FBIS Report states:
22 "Phnom Penh, 30th November 1977. Radio reports Ne Win trip to

23 Siem Reap Angkor area.

24 "Phnom Penh Domestic Service in Cambodian, 2300 GMT 28 November25 '77.

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1	"[Text] On 27 November, his Excellency President U Ne Win, of the
2	Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma and his delegation
3	accompanied by comrades Deputy Prime Minister Ieng Sary and met.
4	Chairman of the Air Department went to the Siem Reap Angkor area
5	by special plane. President Ne Win was warmly welcomed at Siem
6	Reap Airport, which was decorated with the colours of the two
7	countries and many red flags, by comrades State Presidium
8	Chairman Khieu Samphan, Deputy Prime Minister Son Sen, Chairman
9	of the Northern Region Committee Kang Chap and cadres of the
10	Northern Region."
11	[11.08.43]
12	A third document that also talked about this visit can be found
13	in document D133.2.
14	François Ponchaud, author of the book "Year Zero", discussed this
15	visit at a conference on Cambodia in Oslo, in 1978. The French
16	ERN for that is 00236352; English, 00610802. The translation for
17	the last two documents are not yet available in Khmer.
18	Mr. President and Your Honours, there are various subcategories
19	under Annex 5. I believe you have heard enough for now.
20	My colleague Mr. William Smith will now address the Court.
21	Thank you.
22	[11.09.43]
23	MR. SMITH:
24	Good morning, Your Honours. Good morning, Mr. President. Good

25 morning, counsel, civil parties, and the general public. Your

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1	Honours, my colleagues have referred to some specific documents
2	showing again the specific indicia of reliability of these
3	documents, by cross-referencing them with other documents and
4	showing that internal consistency within them.
5	I would now like to address some of the objections by the Defence
6	in the specifically and in the more general manner they raised
7	today. In relation there seems to be an issue that with the
8	Defence particularly with the Nuon Chea team and the Ieng Sary
9	team that the Prosecution somehow hasn't shown the relevance
10	of these documents. As Your Honours are aware, on the 19th of
11	April 2011, we have submitted this Court 20 annexes and in those
12	annexes we've submitted a description of the document and the
13	a column stating the relevance to the various parts of the
14	indictment.
15	In that column, we relate each document to the paragraph number
16	and the page number of the indictment; and we relate it to the
17	issues that Your Honours have said would be dealt with in the
18	first trial.
19	And just so everyone is aware, the issues in the first trial are
20	historical background, administrative structures, communication
21	structures, military structures and the factual findings of the
22	Joint Criminal Enterprise, and at this stage it's limited to the
23	implementation of one of those policies, namely the forcible
24	transfer.
25	[11.11.56]

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1	And I note that it was raised by my colleague earlier in
2	Severance Order, Your Honours have stated the Trial Chamber did
3	not exclude the possibility of adding additional charges or
4	counts to the first trial in phase two where circumstances
5	permit, but in relation to the documents raised by the Nuon Chea
6	team in questioning their relevance, they refer to a document
7	that related to the to S-21 and a document that related to the
8	Ministry of Social Affairs.
9	[11.12.25]
10	The way the CPK authorities communicated through to their
11	security apparatuses as to any other places is part of the
12	communication structure. It gives us an idea of how the
13	organization worked.
14	The fact that it's talking about the document is referring to a
15	security centre policy or security centres that relate to the
16	general policies of the CPK which is subject to the to this
17	first trial. There was an objection raised that, somehow or
18	another, if a document made reference to communication structures
19	or structures after the forced transfer, somehow or another, they
20	were not relevant.
21	As Your Honours are well aware, we look at structures before the
22	particular crime and we look at the structures after the
23	particular crime to try and determine what was that communication
24	structure, when that forcible transfer occurred. Your Honours,
25	that's why they're being put forward.

[11.13.35]

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Particularly, in relation to the Ieng Sary defence, his main objection, certainly, to this group of documents -- and it seems to be to all of them - is: What is the relevance of all the documents we've put forward?

6 We have stipulated that in our filings, nearly a year ago. It was 7 up to the Defence this week, Your Honours, to put forward to the 8 Chamber why our stipulation of relevance somehow wasn't valid, 9 why it wasn't prima facie valid, and that hasn't been done, Your 10 Honours.

11 And for us to go through every document in Annex 5 and -- Annex 1 to 5 again -- and read out the particular relevancy is really --12 13 would be a ludicrous situation and not a good use of Court time. 14 We've established the relevance; it was up to the Defence to say 15 that we had got it wrong. And we would submit that -- because of 16 that detailed analysis that was provided to the Chamber -- that 17 in fact that, prima facie, the position put forward by the Prosecution and the fact that it's being related to those areas 18 19 of the indictment in the first trial, Your Honours, should accept 20 that at face value.

21 [11.14.51]

The Nuon-- In terms of reliability, the Nuon Chea team keep demanding for the originals of documents and say that if the originals are not produced, none of these documents can be admitted. Your Honours have recognized this fact that you've

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1 ruled on this issue that originals are not required to be
2 produced before this Court.

3 And the decision that Your Honour's made is not alone; it's a decision that's supported by the practice at international 4 5 tribunals. And the reason why it's supported is that, if 6 originals were brought before the court or had to be -- where 7 necessary for admissibility, for every single document in the case, the case would never end. It's not a legal requirement. And 8 9 the fact that the Nuon Chea defence would like to see every 10 original in the courtroom is not your consideration. Your 11 consideration is do you believe there's a minimum number of indicators to conclude that that document is reliable. 12

13 [11.16.00]

14 The Nuon Chea team today, particularly in relation to Annex 5, 15 and seemingly by the National Council, tended to expand this 16 objection to all of the documents from Annex 1 to 5 is that -- he put forward the issue that, how do we not know that all of these 17 18 documents are manufactured? All of them, Annex 1 to 5. 19 And yet, at the same time, there's no factual basis that he puts 20 forward to give Your Honours a -- any doubt that what you see is 21 somehow manufactured. And yet, because of all of these documents 22 relate to documents that the Accused would have a familiarity 23 with because they were at the head of the CPK between 1975 to 24 1979, the Accused's statements -- we would expect that any one of 25 the counsel would come forward and say: Our clients state that

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1 these statements are false. He didn't make those statements.

2 [11.17.07]

3 No one has said that. In relation to the CPK publications, none 4 of the defence have said that these publications are false. And 5 they would know. I mean, the Accused would know. And none of them 6 have said that.

Similarly, with the DK Communications, the meeting minutes and the DK media public statementsl as -- Your Honours, as we've put forward earlier, the test is: Are the documents prima facie relevant? We have put that relevancy in our document list, and none of the Accused have shown that the documents are not relevant.

And secondly, in relation to their reliability, I think it's probably fair to say now, that -- listening to the presentations of the prosecutors this week, that internally the documents are consistent within themselves.

Nearly all of the groups show all the hallmarks of authentic documents. And then, when you look at those documents and you compare them to all of the other documents, all of the documents are saying the same thing; they're reiterating the same policies; they're reiterating the same roles and positions of the Accused. [11.18.33]

It's very hard to find any document that's completely inconsistent with the other body of documents. And the Prosecution would be asking Your Honours to be looking at that,

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the broad context of the documents rather than just one document individually, because, under the international jurisprudence, it's clear that to prove the chain of custody from discovery to the courtroom, it is not required. It may well be the case in other cases; we may hear this afternoon, from the Ieng Sary team, what he did in his case at the ICTY.

7 [11.19.20]

8 And in many cases, witnesses will come before the Court to show a 9 chain of custody of certain documents, but not necessarily all of 10 them.

And Your Honours have decided, at --certainly at a request of the 11 12 Prosecution that we bring someone from DC-Cam; and Your Honours 13 have decided to do that on Monday. And Your Honours have decided 14 to call the telegram operators. Your Honours have decided to call 15 a person from the printing house to show that the "Revolutionary 16 Flags" are accurate. Not only have Your Honours decided to call 17 these people to assist in establishing the reliability but this 18 evidence, in fact, is already on the case file which is now 19 before you.

20 So the Prosecution's position is that there's enough indicia of 21 reliability even in relation to partial change of evidence on the 22 case file now to have them admitted now.

But in any event, if there was no chain of custody of many of these documents -- as much as it is an interesting fact to find out where they were discovered -- if there were no people around

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to provide that chain of custody, it's still up to Your Honours 1 2 to decide: Do they have that minimum indicia of reliability? 3 And as we've discussed earlier, international courts -- and I'm sure national courts as well -- they look at that internal 4 5 factors of the documents, of those internal characteristics, and 6 they look at those external characteristics, how they relate to 7 other events. Have other people said: Yes, that looks like the type of document we produced? And when you weigh all those 8 9 conclusions up together, we would submit, certainly based on the brief demonstration we put forward this week, that Your Honours 10 can find that minimum indicia of reliability is there. 11 [11.21.26] 12 I would just wonder how many documents that Your Honours may have 13 14 picked up, or the parties may have picked and applied-- Sorry, Your Honour, I thought something was said. 15 16 But I just wonder how many documents in this case file and 17 certainly in the list the Prosecution has put forward have Your 18 Honours picked up, have the Defence picked up, have the 19 Prosecution picked up, or civil parties, and said: This document 20 looks like a fake to me, it just doesn't look genuine, it's 21 completely out of synchronization, or out of harmony with the 22 other types of documents. 23 I would submit -- and certainly it's the Prosecution's position 24 -- that every single document we have put forward is consistent

25 with that whole body of evidence, and we would submit that,

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1 despite what we've heard this week about -- we need this person,
2 and particular from the Nuon Chea team -- the documents cannot be
3 admitted unless Youk Chhang testifies.

4 [11.22.38]

5 That's not a legal test. They would just like to talk to Mr. Youk 6 Chhang in the courtroom. But it's not a legal test. And Your 7 Honours have decided already to call someone from DC-Cam, with 15 8 years experience. And, as Your Honours know, on our list, we put 9 Mr. Youk Chhang, as many -- as well as many other people that can 10 authenticate documents if necessary.

11 But our concern is-- If it's important to do that, it's important 12 to show some chain of evidence, we don't shy away from that fact, 13 but our concern is, is that if we go down the road of having to 14 prove the author of every document and show how that document was 15 discovered and passed through the many hands over the last 40 16 years, you're doing a lot more than you need to do, legally. And 17 it's taking Your Honours' minds away, or views away from the 18 evaluation of the evidence before you, and what does that really 19 mean.

20 [11.23.41]

And it's very clear, Your Honours, that the Prosecution -- and we take great exception to the remarks of the national counsel of Mr. Nuon Chea -- that somehow or another, the Prosecution doesn't want to ascertain the truth in this case, somehow wants to mislead you by producing copies of documents. That is not the

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1 case, whatsoever. We have an ethical obligation. It's our duty to 2 make sure that the evidence that is put forward in this Court is 3 of a certain reliability, and of a certain relevance, so that Your Honours can ascertain the truth. Ultimately, it's a question 4 5 for Your Honours, but that is our ethical obligation. 6 Our concern is, if the Prosecution are not allowed, as is put 7 forward by the Nuon Chea team, to put forward copies of documents, then we will not be able to get to the end of this 8 9 case and we will not be able to put the facts of what happened, in light of this indictment, to Your Honours. 10 11 [11.24.48] 12 And the problem we have is we're not putting the public's case 13 forward, just on the basis that someone wants to see an original. 14 We find it very strange to hear that an accused can only decide 15 on whether a copy is a copy of an original unless he sees the 16 original. Mr. Nuon Chea held the second highest position in the 17 CPK. I would be innately, intimately familiar with all these 18 documents. But he's saying: I can't accept it unless I see a 19 colour version rather than a black and white. 20 Your Honours, that is not the legal test of reliability. It's not 21 a requirement that the Prosecution or the Court has to have an 22 admission from the Accused that that document is reliable, that 23 it is what it's purported to be. Your Honours obviously can see

his views on any one of a number of documents, but it is not an essential requirement that the Accused determines whether or not

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- 1 a document is authenticate or not. He is, just like any other
- 2 person, able to provide evidence to that.
- 3 [11.26.12]

And the suggestion, Your Honours -- we completely disregard that every document -- we have to show every document to Mr. Nuon Chea in the courtroom before Your Honours can make a decision on whether or not they're reliable. That is not an accepted practice, and that is not required under the law. It would take forever to do that.

10 There is an obligation, we would submit, Your Honours, on the 11 Nuon Chea defence team, to talk with their client. They are aware 12 that the documents that the Prosecution have been putting 13 forward. They are aware, particularly, of the documents we have 14 been putting forward since April 2011, and the fact that they 15 can't come to Court and say; our client thinks they're genuine or 16 our client thinks they're a fabrication -- it's -- that's their 17 responsibility, to communicate with their client. We would submit 18 -- it's not up to the Court to sit through an accused, one by 19 one, of those 4,500 documents, and have him read them in front of 20 us and determine whether or not should be admitted

21 [11.27.30]

That is not a criteria of admission. Your Honours, the test -- I think it's clear -- between the teams, except for the Khieu Samphan team, that the test for admissibility of documents -- you know, in essence, under Rule 87 -- is it prima facie relevant,

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1 and is it prima facie reliable.

2 Yesterday, the defence counsel for Khieu Samphan stated that the 3 admissibility of a document has to be proved by the Prosecution beyond all reasonable doubt. Your Honours, that is -- that is not 4 5 correct, that is not the law, and it's not the law for many, many 6 reasons. The Prosecution ought -- it doesn't even relate to the 7 Prosecution. The test for any party is not to prove the document beyond reasonable, in terms of reliability. It's not to prove it 8 9 on the balance of probabilities. It's to prove it -- is it prima facie what it purports to be. 10

11 [11.28.35]

12 And all that needs to happen is those indicators be highlighted 13 when necessary by Your Honours, because the term "prima facie" means "on its face", "at first sight", "first impression". And we 14 15 would submit nothing has been put forward by the Defence in 16 substance that these documents that are being put forward are 17 not, on their face, what they purport to be -- nothing 18 substantial whatsoever. They have asked the Court -- They want 19 more, and they would continue to ask for more and more and more. 20 And Your Honours are calling some witnesses in relation to chain, 21 but the test is: Do those minimum indicators suffice? 22 We would not expect, Your Honours, the Defence to look at the 23 documents and relate to the Court the indicia of internal 24 reliability. We would not expect, Your Honours, the Defence to 25 look at how those documents are corroborated by all of the other

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1 documents, which the Prosecution has done this week by many, many 2 examples, because it's not in their client's interest to do so, 3 because that shows the indicia of reliability.

[11.29.49] 4

And when counsel for Ieng Sary -- when they say that the 5 Prosecution is not submitting to the Chamber, but the Prosecution 6 7 is giving evidence about the document, that's just simply not true. The fact that the Prosecution is identifying those 8 9 consistencies in the document that you can see on their face, 10 those stamping, those marks, that syntax, the language, the 11 serial numbers, and the fact that the Prosecution is linking that evidence to other documents in the case file that support that 12 fact -- We are not giving evidence, we are just highlighting to 13 14 Your Honours how that evidence supports each other.

15 [11.11.35]

16 Obviously, the reason why that objection was put forward, that 17 the Prosecution were giving evidence, because that establishes, 18 or that highlights or demonstrates those indicia of reliability. 19 Now that's what the Defence would not like to happen. That's what 20 the defence for Ieng Sary would not like to see, that comparative 21 analysis looking at the evidence together because that 22 establishes the indicia of reliability and then that means the 23 evidence is admitted.

24 But I must say, I think it's fair to say, in relation to the 25 counsel for -- counsel for Ieng Sary, they have reflected the

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1 jurisprudence well in a sense that they put forward to the Court 2 two alternative arguments. On the one hand, they say the 3 documents -- the reliability of the documents haven't been established, but then they say: Look, if Your Honours believe 4 5 that that indicia of reliability and relevance has been 6 established, then you should only give it limited weight. 7 And the position put forward by the Ieng Sary team is really the position at the international courts, where the issue of its --8 9 the threshold test of admissibility is significantly low, but it's there -- on its face, is it reliable -- but it leads to a 10 11 presumption of admissibility in these courts. And in fact, if we turn the issue on its head and if we look at what the Appeals 12 13 Chamber, at the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda, said 14 about this issue, it will highlight the low threshold and, in 15 fact, the very high threshold of -- for a document to be 16 inadmissible.

17 [11.32.37]

I refer, Your Honours, to the Rutaganda decision in the Appeals Chamber, May 26 2003, at paragraph 266, where the Appeals Chamber states probative value is separate from admissibility: "As the Appeals Chamber has previously indicated, the threshold to be met before ruling that evidence is inadmissible is high. It must be shown that the evidence is so lacking in terms of the indicia of reliability [...] to be devoid of any probative value.

25 [11.33.13]

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1 "In the opinion of the Appeals Chamber, this should not be 2 interpreted to mean that definite proof of reliability is 3 necessary for the evidence to be admitted. According to the Appeals Chamber, provisional proof of reliability on the basis of 4 5 sufficient indicia is enough at the admissibility stage." 6 So the law is, Your Honours, that Your Honours should get to see 7 all of the evidence. You should get to see it, particularly in cases of this size that if you don't see the forest for the 8 9 trees, if you don't see the full matrix of the evidence, it will be very difficult for you to determine whether or not these 10 11 Accused have the roles that the indictments said they did. Whether or not these Accused were members of the joint criminal 12 13 enterprise, whether or not there were structures and communication structures that allowed these Accused to 14 15 communicate with people that perpetrated the crimes. 16 And so, when the Nuon Chea team says: Your Honours, how does this 17 document relate to the forced transfer, that's not really the issue. The issue is in a case of this size with leaders at the 18 19 level that they were, is how is the leader connected to the 20 commission of the crimes. The Prosecution have never said that 21 Khieu Samphan or Ieng Sary or Nuon Chea were out herding people 22 out of Phnom Penh, but through their subordinates, through their 23 influence, through their structure, through their decisions, they 24 made that happen.

25 [11.34.38]

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1 And so, most of the documents you will see will not be talking 2 about the forced transfer but will be talking about how the 3 Accused is linked to the crimes. And that is a complicated exercise and it's important that Your Honours have the full body 4 5 of evidence before you, because if we just present or put forward 6 two or three documents to say that Khieu Samphan had an 7 influential position or Ieng Sary an influential position, that would not be enough. The Prosecution would not find that 8 9 acceptable in terms of proof beyond reasonable doubt of that 10 fact, unless you had a consistent body of evidence that all 11 points in the same direction that each of these Accused held high level positions, each of these Accused communicated on these 12 13 criminal policies, and that each of these Accused had access to a communication and an administrative structure that allowed them 14 15 or allowed their subordinates to commit the crimes, because proof 16 beyond reasonable doubt is another aspect or the critical aspect 17 that the Prosecution takes particularly seriously.

18 [11.36.07]

We would not come to this court if there was not enough evidence and submit to you that we have proved this case beyond reasonable doubt. But what we are saying to Your Honours, you must let the case be heard because if the evidence doesn't come in, unless somehow or another it seems to be significantly problematic or fake or a fraud, which we haven't heard from any of the Defence, then you will not be able to work out what in fact -- you would

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1 not be able to work out your decision on this indictment because 2 you won't have enough.

3 Your Honours, at the beginning of the week, we talked about -and I am concluding -- we talked about the importance of 4 5 documentary evidence. Documentary evidence is seen, particularly 6 contemporaneous documents as you've seen today, is seen 7 particularly important in any court and particularly International Courts. Because it captures the intent of the 8 9 Accused; it captures the workings of the organization; it 10 captures the facts on the ground so that they can't fade over 11 time; it's recorded. People's memories can be good, but other 12 people's can fade, other interests can make testimony something a 13 little bit less than perhaps what it could be and there are a number of factors of that and Your Honours are aware of that. 14 15 That's why the value of documentary evidence is very high 16 because, as my colleague says, it takes us back in time and tells 17 us how people were thinking, how people were acting, and how the organization was working. And that doesn't fade over time. 18

19 [11.38.09]

In relation to this matter, one could say -- and I think it's been put forward by the Ieng Sary team that-- How do we sort out? How do I find the needle in the haystack? How do I find that piece of evidence that really is important compared to all the documents that have been given by the Prosecution? How do we know what is significant? How do we know what's not?

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Your Honours, what-- Those 20 annexes is the case that the
 Prosecution is putting forward to say proves the crimes in the
 indictment.

The Prosecution says: There is not one bit of straw in those 4 5 lists, they are all needles. They are all needles that point in 6 one direction, to the quilt of the Accused, and those needles are 7 not a mess, Your Honour, they're not a - they're not a pile; they have been organized in a filing cabinet, an electronic filing 8 9 cabinet, they have been organized by description, by type, by date, by author, by document number, and they have been pointed 10 11 in the direction of every allegation in this indictment. There is nothing obscure about the case. There is nothing massive about 12 13 the case. The documents are there, they are ordered, their relevance is there, and their reliability is to be seen by 14 15 stepping back from one document and seeing the forest for the 16 trees.

17 [11.39.44]

18 Your Honours, lastly, just one word about duty, duty in this 19 trial. As it's absolutely clear, Your Honours have the duty to 20 ascertain the truth to this indictment. That duty is there, of 21 course, because it's a public duty, it's a public duty, it's a 22 duty to the victims and it's a duty to the Accused. It's important that their voice is heard, but to stick blinkers on and 23 24 not look at the evidence because we don't have an original, or we 25 don't have an author, or we don't have something like this for

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1 every piece of evidence is not fulfilling the duty, and it's not 2 applying the legal test.

3 [11.40.34]

And secondly, Your Honours, the other duty -- and I do want to 4 5 concentrate on this one last minute -- there is a duty to the 6 Accused, there is a duty to the Accused to make sure that only 7 allegations that have been proven beyond all reasonable doubt are held against the Accused. And if they can't be, there should be 8 9 no conviction or no finding on that matter. But as much as it's a 10 duty to the victims to look at all the evidence, it's a duty to 11 the Accused. So that if you make a finding that Khieu Samphan, or 12 Ieng Sary, or Nuon Chea are responsible for this joint criminal 13 enterprise, it must be based on a consistent body of evidence. We are not going to become -- we haven't come before this Court and 14 said: Your Honours, here's an admission, there's his quilt; or: 15 16 Here's five documents, there's the quilt. What we've brought to 17 Your Honours, through the Investigative Judges' file, is a 18 pattern of evidence, a consistent body of evidence on every 19 single issue. And we would submit that unless we do that, unless 20 we show that consistent body of those needles, unless we do that, 21 we're not fulfilling our duty, so to ensure that whatever 22 judgement Your Honours - Your Honours find is a correct one. 23 [11.42.00]

And so, Your Honours, I think what we've put forward had the correct answer in the memo in terms of this hearing. Your Honours

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1	said that we would the inclination is to accept the evidence
2	and then determine its weight. That is the international
3	practice. And unless Your Honours have any serious doubts about
4	any one of these documents on the file, the test is they must be
5	admitted.
6	And of course Your Honours satisfy your minds by calling someone
7	from DC-Cam, telegram operators, people that were at the printing
8	house of "Revolutionary Flag".
9	But what we would ask Your Honours: if Your Honours admit all
10	five annexes, and then, subject to any evidence that comes up to
11	take away from what we believe your first impression is that the
12	documents are reliable, that unless something like that came up,
13	that the documents remain admitted. And if there's limited weight
14	to be attached because you have some doubts later, Your Honours
15	would just say: We attach little or no weight to that.
16	[11.43.11]
17	So we ask Your Honours to reject all of the Defence objections to
18	the documents and admit Annexes 1 to 5.
19	Unless you have any further questions, Your Honour
20	MR. PRESIDENT:
21	The Defence, you may proceed.
22	MR. KONG SAM ONN:
23	Mr. President, I would like to ask for clarification from the
24	International Co-Prosecutor which he stated that the lawyers
25	shall indicate that the accused Ieng Sary and other Accused that

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69 they were not be part of the joint criminal enterprise. I would like just to ask for clarification whether or not the International Prosecutor make mention that expression because I heard it through the translation in Khmer and I don't know whether or not it was what the prosecutor said. [11.44.21] MR. PRESIDENT: International Prosecutor, could you clarify -- clarify that? MR. SMITH: Thank you, Your Honour. I didn't get completely clearly what you said, but certainly I didn't put forward that the Accused have admitted that they were in a joint criminal enterprise. I'm not sure if there was a translation issue. [11.44.56] MR. PRESIDENT: If the defence for Khieu Samphan is not clear about what the prosecutor -- prosecutor said in their submission, you may check with the transcription because we have the transcription available for your verification purpose. You can verify it with the English and Khmer version. Now, I hand over to the co-lead lawyers to submit your argument on the objection raised by the Defence. And you have 30 minutes for your oral arguments. You may now proceed.

25 MS. SIMONNEAU-FORT:

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- 1 Thank you, Mr. President. We would like Mr. Hong Kimsuon to take
- 2 the floor first, and then I will take the floor after him. Thank
- 3 you.
- 4 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 5 Yes, that request is granted.
- 6 Mr. Hong Kimsuon, you may now proceed.
- 7 MR. HONG KIMSUON:
- 8 Thank you, Mr. President. My name is Hong Kimsuon. I am the
- 9 representative of civil party lawyers.
- 10 [11.46.36]
- 11 My oral arguments against the objection by the Defence.

12 First of all, I would like to make it clear, opposition, that we 13 strongly support what the Prosecution has made. Before this 14 Chamber, the Defence and the Prosecution as well as civil party 15 lawyers have raised various arguments, objections and responses 16 to the various annexes from 1 to 5. And I observed that there has 17 been similar arguments in relation to the admissibility of the 18 documents in Annexes 1 through 5, but now I would like to only 19 make my observation in relation to Annex 5.

20 [11.47.34]

This morning, I noted that the Nuon Chea defence team raised their objections which are identical to their arguments raised in Annexes 1 through 4. They insisted that the original documents be presented, otherwise those documents shall be declared inadmissible. In regarding the documents whether or not they were

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published by the GRUNK or FUNK, and they reiterated that they considered those document inadmissible because those document does not have its original, and in addition, they do not have any signature thumbprint.

5 I would like to make it clear that the documents that this 6 Chamber has received through the Investigating Judges, rarely do 7 we see the thumbprint of the Accused. And even if the Accused's 8 name appears in those document, but often times we see the code 9 name of the Accused, for example Pol Pot used Brother Secretary 10 of the Party or so.

11 So my question is: What constitutes the original of the document? Do all National Courts or International Courts require the 12 13 originals of every piece of evidence to be presented before the court before those document is declared admissible? 14 15 Secondly, I observed that all the objections raised by the 16 Defence are the overall objection to those documents. 17 I give an example here. For example, one of the defence teams say 18 that certain documents are illegible; they cannot be seen clearly 19 on the screen. But I would like to ask the Defence to make clear 20 in that position as to which document they find inconsistent. And 21 I still hold the position that, if you look at the documents 22 available in the five annexes, if he demands for the original, 23 whether it be the photos, or the document, or films, do we 24 consider those documents original? Most of the times, those 25 documents have been copied, so the copy document submitted to

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- 1 this Chamber, whether it come from the Prosecution, or from the 2 Defence, or civil parties, they shall be admissible.
- 3 [11.50.42]

Does the Chamber consider those documents as authentic or 4 5 official documents? If the Defence believe that those document 6 are not official document or the defence for Nuon Chea say it may 7 be the fabricated document by the enemies, then the Defence themselves are suspicious of their argument. And I listened to 8 9 the argument raised by Mr. Karnavas. He mentioned that the 10 presentation of the documents before the Chamber is to have the 11 Chamber believe that those documents are incriminating evidences against the Accused. So in his position, Mr. Karnavas insists 12 13 that in order to give probative value weight to those documents, 14 he maintains his position to object against those documents. 15 So, overall, the defence for Khieu Samphan, he also reiterate 16 that document contained in annex A5, more than 300 of such 17 document, he maintains his position to object against the 18 authenticity of those document and he demands that the original 19 document be presented before this Chamber.

20 So again, what I would like to respond is the issue regarding the 21 publication of the Democratic Kampuchea. Of course, there are 22 many, many such publication. It is not only confined to the 23 Democratic Kampuchea. Various other governments, of course, they 24 have produced sheer volumes of documents and media outlets in 25 foreign country also have reports of those governments.

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1 [11.52.50]

2 As we have listened to the debate throughout this morning, the 3 report from the Democratic Kampuchea was not only available in Cambodia but also elsewhere. So the report from the BBC or news 4 5 broadcast in Australia or the US, they also monitor the news 6 report in this country. So those report can be the documentary 7 evidence for the Chamber to consider before they render a decision, and they will look into the internal consistency of 8 9 those reports and the various other reports or document put before the Chamber. 10

11 [11.53.35]

12 I would also like to inform the Chamber that the various 13 publication issued during the Democratic Kampuchea; they actually 14 published the articles but when it comes to the application, they 15 did it differently. That draws the attention. The Defence insists 16 that the Prosecution demonstrate the authenticity or reliability 17 of the document beyond all reasonable doubts. So I would like to 18 ask a question. When we talk about the beyond reasonable doubt, 19 to what extent is it considered beyond reasonable doubt? 20 So the documents that have been copied and placed in the 21 electronic system available before the Defence and this Chamber, 22 the President has declared officially ready as Mr. Nuon Chea 23 demanded last week that the regional document be placed before 24 the Chamber and in certain occasion he said that certain 25 interviews he had with Mr. Khem Ngun he said it was not clear.

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1	Actually he did not object against the existence of the interview
2	with Mr. Khem Ngun but he said that it may not reflects the true
3	interview he had with him and he was also alleged Mr. Khem Ngun
4	as a spy of the Prime Minister, Hun Sen.
5	So I would like to ask you, what is your standard requirement for
6	the authenticity of the document?
7	May it please the Court, I would like to mention that document in
8	our next A5, if the Defence insists that the original document be
9	presented, as Mr. President says, there are more than millions or
10	so pages of document. So we can put a simple question, how long
11	will it take to examine each and every piece of such document?
12	[11.55.55]
13	So I would like to once again ask the Defence to point to a
14	specific document as to which one is not acceptable and should
15	not be admitted as evidence.
16	And so far there has not been a clear indication as to how many
17	documents they wish to object in the five annexes submitted by
18	the Prosecution.
19	[11.56.27]
20	My esteemed colleagues of the on this table also presented the
21	argument already about the authenticity of those documents and if
22	we assess the Rule of Evidence at the Clause 321 of the Code of
23	Criminal Procedures and Rule 87 of the Internal Rules provides
24	that.
25	Article 321 provides that, unless provided otherwise, all

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1 evidence is admissible. The Court will examine the evidence put 2 before them in good faith. The Chamber decides based on the 3 evidence in the case file or as presented in the hearing. So the President may order any individual to bring the evidence. 4 5 So I have listened to the arguments by all parties and the 6 Defence demanded that Chairman of the Documentation Centre of 7 Cambodia be summoned to testify before this Chamber. And if I listened to the President instruction correctly, next week the 8 9 Chamber would summon the official from the Documentation Centre 10 of Cambodia to testify.

11 [11.58.18]

12 And if the Defence believe that there is only one person who can 13 prove the chain of custody of this evidence, I don't believe so. 14 There are people who can actually testify before this Chamber. 15 So, as instructed by the Chamber, next week there will be 16 witnesses testifying, those various documents. But not every 17 single piece of evidence can be testified by the witnesses. 18 And once again, all the documents in the list of the Prosecution 19 are not always admissible, but it does not necessarily mean that 20 all of those documents are inadmissible either.

So I would once again suggest that the Chamber consider those evidence admissible for your decision at a later stage. Thank you.

24 [11.59.33]

25 MR. PRESIDENT:

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- 1 Thank you.
- 2 Now I would like to give the floor to the Lead Co-Lawyer.
- 3 MS. SIMONNEAU-FORT:

4 Thank you very much. Good morning, Mr. President. Good morning,
5 Your Honours. Good morning to everyone present at today's
6 proceedings.

7 Now, if I have understood correctly, Mr. Co-Prosecutor has explained to us exactly what constitutes Annex 5, which documents 8 9 all of the evils of the DK regime. They are press clippings, they are contemporaneous documents in which confirm the existence of 10 11 those events and facts according to Ieng Sary. Their objections 12 to Annex 5 are the same as their objections to all of the other 13 categories of documents including the documents that were 14 produced by their objections to Annex 5 are the same as their 15 objections to all of the other categories of documents, including 16 the documents that were produced by Ms. Elizabeth Becker.

17 [12.00.35]

The objections that we have heard for the last four days have been very general. Obviously, the documents in Annex 5 cannot be studied based solely on those objections. Quite frequently, the Chamber has notified all parties that it is futile to make repetitious motions and objections. I believe that the Defence has in fact abused its discretion by repeating its objections for the last four days.

25 It is our view that, upon examination of Annex 5, we have heard

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- 1 for the sixth time the Defence's very general objections by
- 2 proceeding in such a way -- that is, to object almost
- 3 free-willingly and blindly.

The Defence is doing a number of things. Firstly, it is outright neglecting and ignoring the Internal Rules and ignoring the directives contained in E3. The Defence is ignoring the Cambodian Criminal Code of Procedure. The Defence is ignoring international jurisprudence that it only cites when it suits it. It is ignoring international jurisprudence when they cite that the Defence is not able to take advantage of the absolute right of

- 11 confrontation.
- 12 [12.02.43]

13 When the Defence does not enjoy the absolute right to look at 14 the originals of documents, the Defence is ignoring jurisprudence 15 that has already been cited in Annex 1, which clearly indicates 16 that the Judges enjoy discretionary power.

You, Your Honours, must also consider the decisions taken by the Co-Investigating Judges. The Defence are ignoring what the Co-Prosecutors, day after day, have detailed for us in very meticulous fashion, the principles that they have applied in admitting evidence which they have done so on an ongoing basis for the last several months and years.

23 MR. PRESIDENT:

24 (No interpretation) -- counsel is on his feet.

25 [12.04.03]

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1	MR. SON ARUN:
2	I would like to object against a word used by the civil party
3	Lead Co-Lawyer. I do not I would not accept the word
4	"desperate" to describe the Defence. It is actually the strategy
5	of the Defence, a party in the proceeding.
6	MR. PRESIDENT:
7	Lead Co-Lawyer, you may proceed.
8	I think the problem stems from the use of words in the
9	translation. I think that the Lead Co-Lawyer has not used any
10	words that is amounting to the word "desperate". Because in Khmer
11	the translation in Khmer, this word is not an appropriate word
12	in the context of the Court. But I would like to remind lawyers
13	as well as parties of the use of terms, because it may be
14	amounting contempting others. Thank you.
15	[12.05.27]
16	MS. SIMONNEAU-FORT:
17	Indeed, Mr. President, I do confirm that I did not use the word
18	"desperate". I would not permit myself to use such a term. I
19	believe perhaps it was a misinterpretation of the word
20	"stubborn".
21	If I may, I wish to continue my remarks, and they will be very
22	brief.
23	By raising constant objections, the Defence has been not taking
24	into consideration the very detailed elements that the
25	Co-Prosecutors have presented before you with respect to each

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1 annex. The Defence have been even flouting the written records of 2 witness interviews by challenging the -- these documents as 3 though they were not official documents of the Co-Investigating 4 Judges if they were not part of the proceedings, if they were not 5 confirmed by the Closing Order.

6 [12.06.48]

7 I refer here to the written record of interview of Mr. Youk 8 Chhang, D59 (sic) and D204/3. Based on my recollection, I don't 9 believe one single request to re-interview this gentleman was 10 made in appropriate fashion.

11 The Defence is also flouting the role of the Co-Investigating 12 Judges, and the Defence has wasted much of our time dwelling on 13 the decision of the Extraordinary Chambers to try and have you 14 believe that these same issues have already been dealt with. It's 15 as though the Defence wishes to make the same claims and, for 16 example, by citing the pre-trial decision of D243/1/4 (sic),

17 which concerns DC-Cam documents.

18 [12.08.20]

19 In paragraph 25, the Pre-Trial Chamber specifies that during the 20 preliminary stage the Co-Investigating Judges have the power to 21 make a determination on the credibility and reliability of a 22 document. The PTC had, in fact, recalled to the Defence that 23 during the investigative phase the Co-Investigating Judges have a 24 certain number of duties to fulfil.

25 They are not obliged to provide details or clarifications

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1	concerning the gathering of evidence when such exhibits come from
2	specific sources.
3	I cite this because it is not permitted for the Defence to
4	proceed in the way that they have proceeded for the last week
5	without taking into account the answers and decisions that have
6	already come out.
7	[12.09.37]
8	To conclude, I believe that this repetitious raising of
9	objections to Annexes 1 to 5 has at least one virtue.
10	Firstly, the Defence, little by little, has been forced to take
11	an almost absurd strategy by objecting constantly, just as the
12	Co-Prosecutor raised earlier.
13	This morning, Khieu Samphan told us that: Why not consider all
14	documents as being a forgery? Not only is this absurd, it's
15	shocking.
16	[12.10.30]
17	The second virtue of their repetitious objections, the Defence
18	seems to have convinced itself that we are no longer discussing
19	the matter of admissibility but, in fact, we're discussing the
20	issue of probative value.
21	[12.10.57]
22	Time and time again, the Defence has said the Chamber will have
23	to examine this once it assesses probative value and, once again,
24	this morning leng Sary was much clearer. They said that the
25	Co-Prosecutors had the duty to establish probative value and went

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1	on to further state that the Chamber had to make a wholesale
2	assessment on admissibility and probative value as if they were
3	one and the same.
4	Our discussion on admissibility has been concluded. I believe
5	that we can move on to the next issue.
6	And on that, Your Honours, I conclude, and I thank you for your
7	attention.
8	MR. PRESIDENT:
9	It is now time to adjourn for lunch.
10	But before we break for lunch, we would like to get confirmation
11	from the party as to the estimate of time for each party to put
12	questions to Nuon Chea for the first segment of hearing on the
13	history of the Communist Party of Kampuchea.
14	[12.12.45]
15	And parties have indicated that they are the Chamber wishes to
16	advise the parties that they have one half-day to put questions
17	to Nuon Chea, but we also want to get the sense of estimation of
18	time by parties so that the Chamber can determine the schedule
19	for the hearing so as to ensure that we have the expeditious
20	proceeding.
21	We do not want to get your response now, but before our
22	conclusion this afternoon, we hope to receive the indication of
23	the estimation of time needed to put questions to Nuon Chea from
24	all parties.
25	Now it is appropriate to take lunch adjournment.

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1 JUDGE FENZ: 2 I believe there was a problem with the English translation. 3 When the President referred to the half day, he actually referred to an indication already given by the prosecutors as to what time 4 5 they still need to conclude their questioning, so the Chamber is 6 open for estimates. The half day was repeating the Prosecution's 7 estimate. [12.14.22] 8 9 MR. PRESIDENT: 10 The security guards are now instructed to bring Mr. Khieu Samphan 11 to the holding cells downstairs and bring him back to the courtroom before 1.30. 12 13 The Court is now adjourned. (Court recessed from 1215H to 1331H) 14 MR. PRESIDENT: 15 16 Please be seated. The Court is now back in session. 17 For this afternoon's session, the three defence teams have a 18 combined time of one hour to reply in relation to all objections 19 relevant to A1 through A5 categories. 20 Before the lunch break, the Chamber inquired from the Lead 21 Co-Lawyers and the three defence teams on the questioning time 22 for Nuon Chea in relation to Phase 1 -- that is, on the 23 historical backgrounds of CPK. 24 The Chamber wishes now to ask the Lead Co-Lawyers of the time 25 they estimate.

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- 1 MR. PICH ANG:
- 2 Mr. President, we need a total time allocation of four hours.
- 3 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 4 Thank you.
- 5 What about Nuon Chea's defence; how much time do you anticipate?
- 6 [13.33.50]
- 7 MR. PESTMAN:
- 8 Your Honour, I assume that we will not need more than one day;
- 9 one day maximum, probably less.
- 10 And I was wondering whether I understood correctly that we will
- 11 be allowed to question our client last, after the other defence
- 12 teams? That would be -- in any case, that would be our request,
- 13 to be allowed to go last.
- 14 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 15 Thank you, Defence Counsel.
- 16 What about Ieng Sary's defence team?
- 17 MR. KARNAVAS:

Good afternoon, Mr. President. As of this moment, the decision has not been made as to whether any questions would be posed -would be put to Nuon Chea. However, if we did decide to put questions, we would -- I would speculate that we would need no more than 45 minutes to an hour. But at this time no decisions have been made.

24 [13.35.10]

25 MR. PRESIDENT:

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Thank you, Defence Counsel. And what about Khieu Samphan's defence team? MR. KONG SAM ONN: Thank you, Mr. President. As we do not know all the details, it is difficult for us to anticipate the time. I submit roughly we need between 45 minutes to one hour. Thank you. MR. PRESIDENT: Thank you. I notice the defence team is on his feet. You may proceed. [13.36.09] MR. PESTMAN: I now realize that my answer may have been ambiguous. I said "one day". I meant an entire day, so two half days, not just one half day. MR. PRESIDENT: Thank you, Defence Counsel. We now hand over to Nuon Chea's defence to make a combined reply to all the objections raised relevant to A1 to A5 categories of the annex. You have 20 minutes to make this presentation. MR. IANUZZI: Thank you, Your Honour. Good afternoon. I'll begin for our team. I don't expect that I'll take more five to 10 minutes. I'll give the balance of the time to my colleague, Mr. Son Arun, and if there is any time remaining, of course we'd be happy to donate it

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- 1 to our friends down the line.
- 2 [13.37.29]

3 I won't repeat the specific positions and arguments we've made 4 all week. I will just make three brief points.

5 Number one, with respect to our approach, it has been suggested 6 by our colleagues across the stage that we have spent far too 7 much time this week discussing the weight and the probative value to be attached to potential evidence in the case. That is as 8 9 opposed to strictly the mere admissibility of such material. 10 However, we submit that this week's discussion and debate as to 11 how to handle, manage and assess evidence once it's been admitted has been instructive and fruitful and we submit that the general 12 13 approach we articulated on Monday strikes an equitable balance 14 among the various interests of the parties to this case and, 15 indeed, it is consistent with Cambodian law, with common sense 16 and, most importantly, with Nuon Chea's fundamental right to 17 challenge the evidence presented against him. Naturally, of 18 course, that latter issue is our paramount concern.

19 [13.38.38]

The second point goes to the volume and the nature of the documents submitted to date by the Co-Prosecutors, and on that point, again, we rest on the submissions my colleague made this morning, Michiel Pestman. We do note now that precisely what is not needed in this case -- what is not needed -- is a detailed historical tour of Democratic Kampuchea. We acknowledge the

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1 International Co-Prosecutor's comments this morning regarding his 2 sewing kit. We're guite familiar with those needles; we've been 3 handling them for four years, and, indeed, our hands are well scarred. 4

5 [13.39.14]

6 However, we do submit, we do submit that what is needed in these 7 proceedings are far fewer needles and much more thread. The thread, of course, of this first mini trial is the alleged 8 9 evacuation of Phnom Penh and the subsequent population transfer 10 from the south of the country to the north in 1975 and 1976. 11 According to this Chamber's decision to sever the case, little 12 else is now relevant. And again, according to that decision to 13 sever, this Chamber and the parties should adhere closely, 14 strictly, rigorously to that central thread.

15 Our client, Nuon Chea, has already discussed his position with 16 respect to the evacuation of Phnom Penh. He will, as we stated, 17 in due course, discuss with equal candour his role with respect 18 to the second phase of the evacuation -- of the population 19

transfer, pardon me.

20 [13.40.13]

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21 We do submit that the Co-Prosecutors need do little else in this 22 case from establishing that Nuon Chea's actions with respect to 23 those two discrete issues were not justified under international 24 law. And again, that, that is the thread of this case.

To date, none of the documents presented appear to be of any

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1 relevance to this central question.

2 And in this regard, I would just note that the photographs of 3 Lenin and Stalin are no more relevant than the recordings of Lennon and McCartney. Accordingly, we urge the Chamber to 4 5 strictly limit the number of documents admitted to those of 6 precise relevance, precise relevance to the limited issues at 7 stake in this trial, this first mini trial. And finally a few more words about Mr. Youk Chhang. 8

We have submitted previously and publicly that a Khmer Rouge trial without the participation of Norodom Sihanouk would be 10 11 unthinkable. Today, we now submit that that same sentiment 12 applies to Mr. Youk Chhang. Without his personal efforts, there 13 simply would never have been an ECCC. Youk Chhang is, quite 14 simply, the best man for the job of coming into Court and 15 discussing the DC-Cam documents.

- 16 [13.41.32]
- 17 We therefore urge the Chamber to hear him as a witness and we

18 equally urge him to grace us with his presence.

- 19 That's all I have. Thank you.
- 20 MR. SON ARUN:

21 Once again, good afternoon, Mr. President, Your Honours.

- 22 I would need about 10 minutes to make my final reply.
- 23 [13.42.17]
- 24 I'd like to reiterate on two points. I'd like to clarify that 25 Nuon Chea only requests to see the original copies of the

> 88 1 "Revolutionary Flag" and "Revolutionary Youth" magazines, not all 2 the other thousand documents as stated by the Prosecution. 3 And number two, for the documents that I stated yesterday -- that is, those 17 documents which are illegible or could not be 4 5 figured out what they meant -- and I only requested the 6 permission from the Chamber to project on the screen only two 7 documents. I submit Nuon Chea's defence still maintained our position to 8 9 present the original documents in order to verify its 10 authenticity and not to delay the proceedings, but to ascertain 11 the truth and to find the justice. 12 [13.43.47] As a matter of fact, Mr. Nuon Chea would like an expeditious 13 14 trial. However, the trial must be fair -- that is, the evidence 15 used in the Court must be put through the debate on its 16 authenticity and we cannot ignore this factor and just to proceed 17 with expeditious trial in order just to try my client. Justice is 18 for all the parties, and not just for one party. 19 We have heard clearly the position of Mr. Nuon Chea in his recent 20 opening statement and the interview of Mr. Chhang Youk in 21 document D204/4 states that the Vietnamese experts provided 22 through the DC-Cam of -- a number of documents. And to us and to 23 Mr. Nuon Chea, he still has doubt over those documents, as 24 Vietnamese people still planned to control Cambodia before,

25 during and after 1979.

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For that reason, it is possible that the documents could have
 been fabricated.

3 Once again, Mr. President, only Mr. Chhang Youk and a few other people who have been requested by my defence team to be summoned 4 by Your Honour to appear before this Court to provide testimony 5 6 on the authenticity and the original copies of those documents so 7 that Mr. Nuon Chea, my client, can respond to all the questions before Your Honour as well as to explain to all Cambodian people 8 and to the world as he had explained to many people during the 9 10 interviews on this very same topic.

11 [13.46.33]

As a co-defence counsel for Mr. Nuon Chea, I appeal to Your Honours and to the Bench for a fair and just trial of the former Khmer Rouge that, number one, that Prosecution must provide to Mr. Nuon any testimony so that he can provide his rebuttal remark. That is for its authenticity and for the interests of the Court.

And, number two, the Bench shall adjudicated the case fairly and justly for the history of Cambodia either at present or in the future so that it can act as a model for domestic and international court and to reject any allegation without any written evidence in its original form as we repeatedly appealed to the Chamber and to the Prosecution.

24 I am grateful, Your Honour.

25 MR. PRESIDENT:

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- 1 Thank you, Defence Counsel.
- 2 I now hand over to Ieng Sary's defence.
- 3 [13.47.59]
- 4 MR. KARNAVAS:

5 Good afternoon, Mr. President. Good afternoon, Your Honours. And 6 good afternoon to everyone in and around the courtroom. I would 7 like to begin this afternoon by picking up where the civil party 8 left off. She accused us of being absurd and abusing the process. 9 I find her characterization of what we have been attempting to do 10 insulting and unwarranted. Let's step back and ask ourselves: Why 11 are we here? And how did we get here?

12 It was the Prosecution that had suggested that a hearing be held 13 at some point, and this suggestion came prior to our break. Then, 14 on December 23rd, the Prosecution send us a courtesy copy, a 15 courtesy copy, of its 92 submission regarding the admissibility 16 and reliability of 978 documents.

17 [13.49.11]

18 Why they waited until everybody was out of town two days before 19 Christmas, who knows? But, nonetheless, they did provide us with 20 a rather comprehensive document which spells out at least what 21 they believe is indicia -- what they believe.

They don't connect all the dots, but what we did see on the 17th of January, we did see a demonstration by the Prosecution where they took several documents and they were demonstrating how the documents are inter-connected and how one can view that.

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1 And let me be up front about it; we are grateful. We are grateful 2 to the Prosecution for having shared with us their methodology 3 and how they're going to go about in demonstrating that the documents are authentic, reliable and relevant. 4 5 [13.50.20] 6 Our principal objection -- our principal objection, if I can say 7 that with some confidence -- is that the Prosecution wants everything admitted now, admitted, weighed at the end, after 8 9 you've had an opportunity to hear some evidence. It matters not whether all of the documents will be shown to 10 witnesses; it matters not whether we will be able to connect the 11 dots or establish foundation for all of the documents because 12 13 it's in the case file and because it's now in -- and then from the case file into the Closing Order. It's all fair game. There's 14 15 no need for you to do anything at this stage. Fair enough; that's 16 their position. 17 Where I take exception with the Prosecution, however, is where 18 they say this is the international practice. 19 [13.51.26] 20 Now, I will agree that there are certain international standards 21 on the admissibility of evidence, how one goes about in 22 determining whether evidence is reliable, relevant, authentic, 23 and what have you, but when we're talking about the practice, it 24 was the Prosecution -- not the Defence -- that raised the Prlic

Case. It is the Prosecution that are inviting you to look at that

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1 particular case.

2 And having spent five years trying that case, I will take some 3 time to make some remarks on the case and also to go through a series of decisions so you will see how the practice was in that 4 5 case, keeping in mind that I am very mindful of the fact that we 6 are in a different procedure here.

7 We have the French system that has been somewhat modified for this Extraordinary Chambers, and so it is different. It is not 8 9 adversarial, party driven, but nonetheless, it is the Prosecution that are claiming that this is the practice. 10

11 [13.52.34]

12 And by that, the Prosecution is suggesting that all they need to 13 do is give you -- provide you with a list of documents and it 14 automatically comes in. And then it comes out only if there's 15 some showing that the documents are not relevant or reliable. 16 And let me be clear. Admission of a document is not necessary to 17 show a document and to put a document before a witness, so I want 18 to be clear on that. We're not suggesting, never have, never 19 will, that a document has to actually be admitted, that is, that 20 you have to establish the authenticity, reliability before you 21 can even show it to a witness to elicit testimony. 22 In fact, sometimes it's almost -- it's just as important to show 23 it to a witness in order to establish the authenticity, 24

reliability and relevance.

25 So we have never claimed and never suggested and never argued

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1 that one has to establish authenticity before they could actually 2 show it to the witness. I hope that point is clear. 3 [13.53.57] We take exception to the Prosecution's position, and this is 4 5 something that we believe we are entitled to, and we mentioned 6 this earlier, based on a decision that was made by the Pre-Trial 7 Chamber, that it said, on paragraph 34 of a decision on the admissibility of Ieng Sary's appeal against the OCIJ, 8 9 constructive denial of Ieng Sary's request concerning the OCIJ's identification and reliance on evidence obtained through torture, 10 D130/7/3/5, paragraph 34 -- it's a decision of 10 May 2010: "The 11 Pre-Trial Chamber further observes that Internal Rule 87 also 12 13 gives the charged person the possibility to object to the admissibility of evidence during the trial." 14 15 [13.55.00] 16 So we're not being absurd and we're not abusing the process. We 17 were invited to this hearing and we are participating. 18 And as we can see from the Pre-Trial Chamber's interpretation of 19 the Rules, we are entitled to challenge admissibility before the 20 evidence actually gets -- is admitted. 21 So let me look at -- let's look at the Prlic Case a little bit. 22 And by the way, Your Honours, just so you have an inkling, just 23 so you have an inkling in that case, we did a cursory review just 24 to pick out some of the more important decisions. There were well 25 over 60 decisions that we readily found -- I would suggest, from

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- 1 memory, closer to 100 -- actual decisions on admissibility of
- 2 evidence.
- 3 Now, why was that? Because of the process that was put in place.
- 4 And it wasn't by happenstance.
- 5 [13.56.05]

6 The parties were initially invited on March 15th to comment on 7 draft guidelines that the Trial Chamber had proposed on 1 March 8 2006. So, March 15th 2006, we -- the parties, including the 9 Prosecution, provided comments to draft guidelines. 10 And the Prlic Case, for the record, is IT/07-74-PT. 11 Based on these draft guidelines, the Trial Chamber then issued a

decision adopting the guidelines, and they were general in nature. This was to assist the parties as to how time would be allocated, the questioning of the witnesses and so on and so forth. This was a time management tool.

16 [13.57.03]

17 On 28 April 2006, it issued a revised version of the decision 18 adopting guidelines on conduct of trial proceedings, and in that 19 particular decision, the concept of parties submitting dossier to 20 the trial was raised. And by that, the Trial Chamber was inviting 21 the parties to submit dossiers concerning various parts of the 22 indictment, so for instance, if there was a particular crime that 23 had occurred in a particular place at a particular time, the 24 parties could certainly propose a dossier with all of the 25 documents.

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1 And on paragraph 11 of this decision, just to give you a flavour, 2 Your Honours, it said: 3 "Should the Prosecution or the Defence wish to provide the Chamber with a dossier relating to a particular geographic 4 5 location in the indictment where crimes are alleged to have been 6 committed, it may do so. A list of proposed items to be included 7 in the dossier may be submitted at any time during the trial. However, these proposed items will be subject to the normal 8 9 procedure for admission of evidence; therefore, in order to 10 ensure that a dossier only contains items admitted as evidence, 11 it should not include proposed witness evidence or exhibits until 12 after the evidence has been tendered and admitted by the 13 Chamber." 14 [13.59.03] 15 That's something important, and we'll get to it in a moment, for 16 you to appreciate the procedure that was used. And I apologize 17 for taking this time to litigate -- to go over what was done in 18 another case, but for illustrative purposes. It was a very large 19 case, not too -- somewhat similar in size with this case. 20 On 13 July 2006, the Trial Chamber issued a decision on admission 21 of evidence. 22 [13.59.38] In this particular decision on page 2, it notes that it was 23

25 documentary evidence" motion filed by the Office of the

seized of "Prosecution's submission on the admission of

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96 Prosecution on 15 June 2006 in which the Prosecution requests the Chamber to admit various documents from the European Community Monitoring Mission, the ECMM, into evidence. So there was a mission on the ground that had gathered evidence, and now the Prosecution was attempting to admit all of it on the basis, primarily, that it came from a particular institution. [14.00.21] In this particular decision, the Trial Chamber indicated various things; I won't belabour all of them, but I do invite the Trial Chamber to look at this particular decision and we can provide them to Your Honours if that would be more convenient. But what is -- what I believe is relevant, on page 6, for instance, it notes: "Whereas, in the instant case, the Appeals Chamber noted the importance of Rule 90(F), and held that the Trial Chamber has broad discretionary power to enforce the Rule -- very similar to what you have; "Whereas, additionally, the Appeals Chamber further recognised the legitimate purpose of ensuring that the proceedings are not unduly delayed and that the trial is completed in a reasonable time -- just as you have noted; "Whereas the list of exhibits submitted by the Prosecution pursuant to Rule 65 ter (E) (iii) of the Rules already contains 9490 exhibits; "Whereas it appears the Prosecution seeks to tender most of this

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1	documentary evidence without prior discussion in court;"
2	I'm pausing so we can fully appreciate what was attempted to be
3	done in that case. "Without prior discussion in court"; that's
4	what they were trying to do. And by "discussion", they meant
5	putting it putting it before a witness.
6	[14.02.15]
7	"Whereas the admission of several thousand documents without
8	prior discussions over them in court may unduly delay the
9	proceedings, to the extent that the Chamber would not have the
10	benefit of explanations from a witness who could help to put
11	these documents in their context and establish their relevance
12	and probative value;
13	"Whereas the Chamber would therefore be required to spend much of
14	its resources examining and assessing thousands of documents,
15	which could take several months and would delay the pronouncement
16	of the Judgment;"
17	I'll skip one of the "whereas". Then it goes on:
18	"Whereas, the Defence could be disadvantaged if it were forced to
19	use the limited time allocated for its cross-examinations to
20	present and discuss at trial, for the first time, Prosecution
21	documents of which it challenges the reliability or probative
22	value;
23	"Whereas the Prosecution therefore has a duty to make a choice
24	and identify those documents which are strictly necessary for the
25	determination of points in issue, and present those documents to

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1	a witness who is able to provide the Chamber information in court
2	about the authenticity, relevance, and probative value of such
3	documents;"
4	[14.04.07]
5	And then it talks about "the interests of justice", and then it
6	says - "hereby defers" to a ruling and requests that the
7	documents can come in through witness Christopher Beese, who
8	indeed came and testified.
9	In other words, rather than try to have all these documents come
10	in without anybody and without the benefit of how they were
11	generated in which manner the Trial Chamber wished to have
12	a particular witness come one or more to give evidence.
13	Attached to this decision attached to this decision, Your
14	Honours, is something that's that became terribly important
15	for the rest of the trial; guidelines for the admission of
16	evidence. So attached to the decision, they provided guidelines.
17	[14.05.05]
18	This was a case that was scheduled to take two years and it took
19	five years to try.
20	Guideline number six and this is the these are the
21	guidelines for the Prosecution. They would later and we'll go
22	through them issue guidelines for the Defence which were
23	which mirrored, with some slight differences, but guideline
24	number six deals with the issue that we're dealing here today.
25	"Subject to the following conditions, the Prosecution may after

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1	the testimony of a witness and within eight days of his or her
2	appearance before the Chamber request the Chamber, by way of
3	written notice, to admit documents which were not put before the
4	witness in Court and in which the witness could have testified."
5	[14.06.02]

6 In other words, with each witness, you might have a certain 7 amount of documents that you wanted to present to that witness. Because of time constraints, you could only go through maybe 8 9 one-third of those documents; the other documents, you could move to have admitted by way of motion having demonstrated certain 10 11 criteria such as reference to the relevant paragraph in the 12 indictment, reference to the witness and documents dealing with 13 the same paragraphs in the indictment, reasons why the document 14 was not presented to the witness, reasons why the document could 15 not be presented to another witness; so in other words, if 16 there's another witness that you can get this document in, then 17 it's your obligation to do so through that witness, and reasons 18 the party consider the document essential.

19 [14.07.00]

Now, I should note -- I should note, Your Honours, that, at the conclusion of the Prosecution's case, just as at the conclusion of the Defence case -- because there were six accused -- the parties were afforded the opportunity to then move for the admission of thousands of documents that they thought were relevant, but could not be admitted through any particular

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1 witness.

2 Both sides attempted to introduce thousands of documents.

- 3 Hundreds, if not thousands, were accepted; thousands were
- 4 rejected.

5 So let me -- let me explain the process then because they're 6 talking about the practice. This is the practice; not to have 7 everything admitted and then screen it, but rather, as you go along, you put it to the witness. Some documents, you may not be 8 9 able to get through witnesses so you can then move to have those 10 documents admitted based on the testimony; the foundation that 11 that witness had laid. Of course, if you could put it through 12 another witness, you were encouraged to do so.

13 [14.08.12]

If at the end of your -- the witnesses, in this particular area; let's say the historical background, you had a thousand or 500 documents that you could not put to the witnesses because they were either not selected or you didn't have the time; you would then move for the admission of those documents.

19 The benefit, of course, for the Trial Chamber was that they had 20 heard certain evidence, certain foundation and from there they 21 could make a determination, but they did not stop just there. At 22 the end of your case, you could still move for the admission of 23 documents because by that point, the Trial Chamber had much more 24 historical context as to the importance of the documents. And, of 25 course, relevance and weight was always going to be something to

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1 be decided by the Trial Chamber at the conclusion.

2 [14.09.08]

3 Another document that it may be worth noting, Your Honours, is on 13 December 2006, decision on the admission into record of 4 5 documents presented at the hearing. And here, the Trial Chamber lays out some modalities. As I was talking -- as I was earlier 6 7 saying, you have to pose the documents to the witness. At the 8 conclusion -- once the witness left, the parties were obligated 9 to actually make a filing -- a filing of the documents they wished to have admitted so that there would be a filed record. 10 11 The parties -- the opposing parties had one day to object. There 12 was an opportunity to reply and then there was a reasoned 13 decision concerning why documents were admitted or denied. That 14 was the process.

So when we're talking about practices, this was the practice in Prlic. As I said, at some point, the defence was given an -given guidelines; this was in 24 April 2008 and I'm merely mentioning it so Your Honours can look at this if you wish.

19 [14.10.39]

I want to share, also, one decision that was made on 3 November 21 2009; this was an appeal that we had lodged on behalf of Dr. 22 Jadranko Prlic when the Trial Chamber failed to admit -- refused 23 to admit -- certain evidence which we felt should have been 24 admitted. In this decision, which overturned the Trial Chamber's 25 decision -- which was a pretty high hurdle to overcome -- the

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1 Appeals Chamber found that the standard used by the Trial 2 Chamber, in this particular instance, with these documents that 3 we were attempting to present, the standard was a higher one. In other words, the Trial Chamber was employing a double standard; 4 5 lower standard for the Prosecution, higher for the Defence. 6 I point this out merely for illustrative purposes. There was no 7 automatic admission. You have to fight for the admission of documents. I'm not suggesting that it has to be something beyond 8 9 what is called for by the rules, but I am suggesting that it's not an automatic admission to everything and then sort it out 10 11 later on, especially in a case where it's heavily document oriented. 12

13 [14.12.04]

14 So much for Prlic. Our position, Your Honours, has been pretty 15 much consistent throughout. Throughout, we have maintained that 16 before admitting a piece of evidence, the Prosecution has to 17 provide some indicia. We have seen that they're capable of doing 18 that. We're seeing, so far, that they're capable of showing and 19 sharing with us how they intend to connect the dots for all of 20 us. We suggest that they be required to do so as the trial 21 progresses. We do not agree with this notion that you should 22 accept everything. If the Trial Chamber is of the opinion that 23 because of the unique nature of this particular tribunal, it can 24 admit all of the evidence on the sheer testimony of the 25 Prosecution -- and I do call it testimony because it wasn't just

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descriptive, here is a logo, here is a day and look how these two documents look alike; there was also a commentary and it's the commentary that I object to. The commentary is what gives the spin, as you will, to demonstrate the -- the authenticity or the reliability of the document; that's argument. They're entitled to do that, but not at this stage.

7 [14.13.39]

We suggest that the better approach is, put documents to the 8 9 witness. The witness can agree or disagree that he wishes to testify or acknowledge the document. They can then move for the 10 11 admission after you've heard the evidence. We could do that at 12 the end of each phase. We can do that at the end of each witness. 13 There are many ways of doing it, but we submit just accepting 14 wholesale documents is not the way to do it, especially, given that we have a limited amount of time, a limited amount of 15 16 witnesses that will be coming in and more likely than not -- and 17 I dare the Prosecution, indeed, I challenge them to correct me if 18 I'm wrong that they will not be able -- we will not be able to 19 hear sufficient amount of witnesses to cover all of the sorts of 20 documents that they have presented. Yes, for blocks of documents, 21 they will be able to establish the authenticity and reliability, 22 but when it comes to newspaper articles where they're -- where 23 somebody is claimed to have given a statement and it's 24 paraphrased or even when it's quoted and there's no opportunity 25 to confront, we believe that you need to be very sceptical and if

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1 you admit that sort of document and the parties have not -- have 2 not had an opportunity to comment on it, that you give little or 3 no weight to it.

4 [14.15.12]

Which brings me to my other point, because there was a case 5 6 mentioned by one of the gentlemen for the civil parties when they 7 raised -- they talked about the Halilovic Case. I must admit, I was a little bit taken aback when it was referenced because I was 8 9 familiar with that case; I'm very familiar with the case and I'm 10 familiar with the circumstances and the decision. And this may be 11 a good opportunity to highlight why we believe statements that 12 are in newspapers are not necessarily reliable and because there's no way of testing the reliability simply by looking at 13 14 it, more indicia will be required and if that indicia is not 15 available, then perhaps the better approach is to ignore that 16 piece of evidence and not have it admitted and cluttering up the 17 -- the file.

18 [14.16.18]

In Halilovic, the issue that was on appeal was that the Trial Chamber, by way of motion from the Prosecution, over the Bar, as they say, or from the Bar table admitted several statements -confession statements that had been provided to the Office of the Prosecution by Mr. Halilovic. One can only assume that Mr. Halilovic did not testify and that's why they wanted to bring in his statements.

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1	The Defence objected and they objected primarily on one ground
2	which was that at the time that he had given many of these
3	statements, the Prosecution had essentially induced him to waive
4	his right of silence and give a statement by telling him that his
5	cooperation would lead to his provisional release; something that
6	the Prosecution, first of all, cannot promise because it's not up
7	to the Prosecution.
8	[14.17.26]
9	Now, perhaps there was a misunderstanding. Perhaps it was: We
10	will put in a good word for you, that you're cooperating, but
11	needless to say that's how it was interpreted. And in this
12	instance, the Appeals Chamber found that the Trial Chamber had
13	erred by admitting those statements into the record, and they
14	were never considered by the trier a fact.
15	Granted, we are dealing with a different system, but for
16	illustrative purposes for illustrative purposes, I'm
17	demonstrating or attempting to demonstrate to the Trial Chamber
18	that there is no such automatic rule that all of the evidence is
19	admitted and I believe that even Mr. Bill Smith will agree with
20	me on that.
21	[14.18.22]
22	Over the last four days, we have sufficiently stated our
23	position. Yes, we have been repetitive at times because we're
24	dealing with arguments that are relatively the same when it comes
25	to groups of documents. We have laid out what we believe is the

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1	procedure that the Court should adopt or at least consider. We
2	believe that these hearings of the last four days were extremely
3	useful. We don't think that we abused the process or anyone, for
4	that matter, abused the process and the Ieng Sary defence would
5	like to thank the Trial Chamber for allowing us this opportunity
6	to be heard in public on these issues. Thank you very much.
7	MR. PRESIDENT:
8	Thank you, Counsel.
9	[14.19.23]
10	Now the Chamber hands over to defence counsel for Khieu Samphan.
11	MR. KONG SAM ONN:
12	Thank you, Mr. President. My respects to the Bench and everyone
13	in this courtroom.
14	First of all, I would like to make a correction or a number of
15	corrections with regards to what has been raised by the
16	Co-Prosecutors.
17	First, it deals with the fact that I demand the Prosecution to
18	prove the document beyond a reasonable doubt. I will not
19	elaborate on this point, but as the President stated yesterday
20	that if I spoke so in Khmer language I invite the Prosecution to
21	look into the transcripts. I was speaking, actually, about the
22	clues that allow us to rely on those documents. I was talking
23	about the admissibility of the documents in Case 001 into the
24	current case. I was quoted that I did not object to the
25	admissibility of Case 001 documents into Case 002.

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1 [14.21.36]

2 And next, I would like to confirm our position concerning the 3 indicia of reliability that was raised by the Prosecution. We do not believe that it is sufficient. The Prosecution showed that if 4 5 we wish to know about the reliability of documents, parties --6 especially the defence counsel -- should refers to the annexes 7 that the Co-Prosecution said everything was included. I submit that if in the annexes, as we have been discussing this week, 8 9 there is sufficient information, the Prosecution may not need to 10 prove the indicia of reliability of the documents and it is not 11 necessary for us to spend the whole week to discuss this issue 12 either.

Besides, the civil party lawyers referred to some writing extracted from Mr. Khieu Samphan's book to documents from DC-Cam that show that Mr. Khieu Samphan acknowledged his -- acknowledges those documents.

I would like to inform the Bench of what Mr. Khieu Samphan told the Co-Investigating Judges. Mr. Khieu Samphan told them that there were falsifications of documents; documents that came from DC-Cam, so I insist that civil party lawyers and the Prosecution examine the records of Mr. Khieu Samphan's interview in their entirety in other documents that we submitted to the Chamber. [14.25.52]

I would like to indicate my clear position to the Chamber that we never denied all documents from the -- from DC-Cam; however, we

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requested time and time again to the Chamber that it examine
 thoroughly the documents from this centre.

The Prosecution requested to the Chamber that we made new objections which were not allowed by the Chamber. Since Tuesday, as Your Honours have been aware, we have been responding to the indicia of reliability as illustrated by the Prosecution who refers to document E158 and it was permitted by the Chamber for me to respond to that document.

9 [14.27.51]

The Prosecution also referred to various documents as indicated 10 11 in document E158 and so I was also responding to those documents. 12 The defence counsel was also referring to the documents in 13 general, but which covered the whole categories of document in E5 14 -- E158; however, the general discussion is not what the defence 15 counsel wishes for as we have informed the -- Your Honours that 16 the defence counsel requested cross-examinations of specific 17 documents. That is, we want every cross-examination of each 18 document. This is because each document helps us to ascertain the 19 truth and we all want the truth.

20 [14.29.43]

The Co-Prosecutors and the civil party lawyers want the Court to believe that we rejected all documents -- all documents, but this is not the position of my client and his lawyers. However, what we rejected totally is -- the policy that, for any documents are not rejected, will be admitted without any further examination.

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1 This is our position, and we oppose to this policy.

2 [14.31.02]

3 The task of the Chamber is to examine each document submitted or 4 placed before the Chamber by the parties, no matter if there is 5 or is not objections.

I would like to quote a decision from ICTY that focuses on cases 6 7 of this large magnitude. I refer to the case of the prosecutor Milan Martic -- it's spelled M-I-L-A-N M-A-R-T-I-C -- Milan 8 9 Martic. It is the decision that determined the guidelines and the standards to admit evidence, issued on January 9th 2006. And I 10 11 would like to refer to paragraph 11, and I would like to seek 12 your permission to read in English, which is the original 13 language of the decisions.

14 (Intervention in English:) "The Trial Chamber is, pursuant to the 15 Statute of the Tribunal, the guardian and guarantor of the 16 procedural and substantive right of the Accused. The Trial 17 Chamber considers that questions of admissibility of evidence do 18 not arise only when one of the party raise an objection to a 19 piece of evidence sought to be brought forward by the other 20 party. The Trial Chamber has an inherent right and duty -- right 21 and duty -- to ensure that only evidence which qualify for 22 admission under the rule will be admitted." (End of intervention 23 in English)

24 [14.34.24]

25 That is the quote, Your Honour.

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1	Based on this extract, it is the Chamber's duty to examine every
2	piece of document, and the objection raised by any parties is to
3	assist the Chamber in fulfilling this task. The general
4	discussion on the sheer volume of documents cannot assist the
5	Chamber a great deal. As we have seen, the indicia of
6	reliability, as indicated by the Prosecution, is insufficient
7	both in quality and quantity.
8	For that reason, in order to assist the Chamber in examining the
9	documents, the Prosecution shall assist in providing a means
10	either to continue to present to the Chamber these same thousands
11	of documents, and provide more indicia of reliability that is,
12	a better form of reliability of each document or to reduce the
13	number of documents from the list.
14	I have heard the statement by the civil party lawyers that the
15	documents which have been placed in the case file are not all
16	substantive. This indicates that the documents filed by the
17	Prosecution could not be relied upon entirely. At least some
18	would lack the indicia of reliability. And if we all put
19	ourselves to debate on the documents when lack the sufficiency to
20	prove reliability, it would be a waste of time.
21	[14.37.30]
22	So the only way is the reduction of the documents from the list.
23	That would save us some time. However, I have heard the
24	Prosecution stating that the standard of reliability should be
25	lowered due to the sheer volume of documents to be examined. And

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1 if we all have to examine all of the volumes to a higher 2 standard, it would take a longer time. This approach by the 3 Prosecution to lower the standard of admissibility of those documents is not possible, because the standard has been set at a 4 5 minimum level already. 6 Let me give you an example, Your Honour. This is in regards to 7 placing a document before the Chamber to a level of reliability beyond reasonable doubt. And in this regard, it doesn't mean; 8 9 because of a number of Accused, we had to reduce that standard. 10 [14.39.30] 11 The necessity to put before the Chamber all the relevant 12 documents -- and in order to have a belief that they are reliable 13 and credible -- it is the approach and the burden of the 14 Prosecution to do so before Your Honours Chamber, so that we all 15 can debate those documents. 16 Once again, if the Prosecution has the view that there are a 17 large volume of documents, then they should reduce those numbers 18 of documents. Of course, the Chamber's direction in the future 19 would also -- means reliance on those documents. 20 [14.40.46] 21 And my conclusion regarding the five annexes is that all the 22 documents in the five annexes -- they involved a lot of hours for 23 the Chamber to examine each piece of document for its

24 reliability, as the Chamber has to examine each piece of 1,134

25 documents out of 4,768.

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1 Finally, Mr. President, I'd like to mention and to restate our 2 position that we do not entirely object to the documents. But the 3 principle that any document that is not objected to should be accepted is unlikely for you to consider. Thank you, Mr. 4 5 President. MR. PRESIDENT: 6 7 Thank you, Counsel. The proceeding on the discussion on objections to documents has 8 9 come to an end, and before we adjourn for today's session, the 10 Chamber wishes to inform the parties the scheduling for the two

11 -- for hearing the testimonies of the two witnesses that the 12 Chamber intends to call upon for early next week -- that is, for 13 the next week's hearing from the 23rd to the 26th.

14 The Chamber has instructed the senior legal official to email to 15 the concerned parties of the scheduling, and it has been in the 16 pipeline. So, please, check your email for this information and 17 the schedule for next week's hearing.

18 I notice the defence counsel is on his feet. You may proceed.

19 MR. PESTMAN:

Thank you very much. I just wanted to follow-up on a request we made last week after remarks made by the prime minister in public about our client. As you may remember, he called our client a killer and perpetrator of genocide, and he called -- he characterized his statement as deceitful. Following this remarks, we ask the Trial Chamber to take action to condemn the statements

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- 1 made by the prime minister and to ask him to refrain from making
- 2 further statements in the future.
- 3 And we were just curious to know when we can expect a decision on
- 4 this particular request.
- 5 (Judges deliberate)
- 6 [14.46.34]
- 7 MR. PRESIDENT:

8 The Chamber has noted the remarks made by the defence counsel. It 9 seems that the international counsel for Nuon Chea seems to 10 repeat himself, so we prefer not to make any comment to react to 11 what you have stated, and you are reminded you cannot raise this 12 same matter again.

13 The time is now appropriate for the adjournment for this

14 afternoon session, as we actually finished our debates a little

15 bit earlier than we anticipated. We will adjourn for today, and

16 we will resume next week, on Monday the 23rd of January 2012,

17 commencing from 9 a.m. We wish to inform all the parties

18 regarding this scheduling.

Security guards, you're instructed to take the three Accused back to the detention facility and bring them back here on Monday morning -- that is, 23rd of January 2012, before 9 a.m.

- 22 The Court is now adjourned.
- 23 (Court adjourns at 1448H)
- 24
- 25