

Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia Chambres Extraordinaires au sein des Tribunaux Cambodgiens

หอริชิชุรโละยายารูธ

Trial Chamber Chambre de première instance

<u>TRANSCRIPT OF TRIAL PROCEEDINGS</u> <u>PUBLIC</u> Case File Nº 002/19-09-2007-ECCC/TC

26 July 2012 Trial Day 85

Before the Judges: NIL Nonn, Presiding Silvia CARTWRIGHT YA Sokhan Jean-Marc LAVERGNE YOU Ottara THOU Mony (Reserve) Claudia FENZ (Reserve) The Accused:

NUON Chea IENG Sary KHIEU Samphan

Lawyers for the Accused:

SON Arun Andrew IANUZZI ANG Udom Michael G. KARNAVAS KONG Sam Onn Arthur VERCKEN

Lawyers for the Civil Parties:

PICH Ang Élisabeth SIMONNEAU-FORT LOR Chunthy VEN Pov TY Srinna Christine MARTINEAU

Trial Chamber Greffiers/Legal Officers:

DUCH Phary SE Kolvuthy Natacha WEXELS-RISER

For the Office of the Co-Prosecutors:

SENG Bunkheang Dale LYSAK SONG Chorvoin Tarik ABDULHAK

For Court Management Section:

UCH Arun

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Nation Religion King Royaume du Cambodge Nation Religion Roi

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List of Speakers:

Language used unless specified otherwise in the transcript

Speaker	Language
MR. ANG UDOM	Khmer
JUDGE CARTWRIGHT	English
MR. IANUZZI	English
MR. KARNAVAS	English
JUDGE LAVERGNE	French
MR. LYSAK	English
THE PRESIDENT (NIL NONN, Presiding)	Khmer
MR. ROCHOEM TON (TCW-564)	Khmer
MR. SENG BUNKHEANG	Khmer
MS. SIMONNEAU-FORT	French
MR. SON ARUN	Khmer
MR. VERCKEN	French

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- 1 PROCEEDINGS
- 2 (Court opens at 0901H)
- 3 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 4 Please be seated. The Court is now in session.
- 5 Before I hand the floor to the Prosecution to continue putting
- 6 question to the witness, the Greffier, could you report the
- 7 attendance of the parties and individuals to the proceeding
- 8 today?
- 9 [09.02.18]
- 10 THE GREFFIER:

Mr. President, all parties to the proceeding are present except the accused Ieng Sary, who is present in the holding cell downstairs. He requests to waive his direct presence through his counsel in today's proceeding -- for the whole day today. The letter of waiver has been submitted to the greffier.

16 MR. PRESIDENT:

17 Thank you. The Chamber has received the request by Ieng Sary 18 dated the 26th of July 2012 through his counsel to waive his 19 direct presence in the proceeding today and, instead, to follow 20 it through a remote means.

21 Dr. Suos Sem, who is the treating doctor of the Accused at the 22 detention facility of the ECCC, examined and confirms that Mr. 23 Ieng Sary is fatigued and he should not make a lot of movement 24 and he recommends that he should follow the proceeding from the 25 holding cell downstairs.

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1	[09.03.39]
2	The Chamber is of the view that Ieng Sary who waives his direct
3	presence in the courtroom and instead to follow it remotely
4	through the holding cell downstairs and that he could directly
5	communicate with his defence counsel. The Chamber agrees to the
6	request for this waiver of his direct presence and authorize him
7	to follow it through a remote means in the holding cell
8	downstairs for the whole day proceeding.
9	The AV Unit, you're instructed to link the proceeding through the
10	holding cell downstairs for Mr. Ieng Sary to follow it for the
11	whole day.
12	The floor is now given to the Prosecution to continue putting
13	question to the witness. You may proceed.
14	[09.04.46]
15	QUESTIONING BY MR. SENG BUNKHEANG RESUMES:
16	Thank you, Mr. President. Good morning, Mr. President, Your
17	Honours. Good morning, everyone. And good morning, Mr. Witness.
18	Q. Witness, yesterday, we adjourned when you stated that Pol Pot
19	also went to various zones to give the study sessions.
20	My question is: Did Pol Pot ever go to the front battlefield?
21	MR. ROCHOEM TON:
22	A. Yes, he did go to the battlefields to Son Sen's place, to Koy
23	Thuon's place and to Ta Mok's place and also to Anlong Veng.
24	Q. Thank you.
25	MR. SON ARUN:

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- 1 Mr. President, I'd like to take the floor.
- 2 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 3 You may proceed.
- 4 [09.06.17]
- 5 MR. SON ARUN:
- 6 I do not have any objection but I'd like the witness to clarify
- 7 what "battlefield" to mean. Is it where the people fight one
- 8 another?
- 9 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 10 The Prosecution, you may do that.
- 11 BY MR. SENG BUNKHEANG:
- 12 Thank you, Mr. President. Commonly used "battlefield" is a
- 13 battlefield, but we will not delve deeply in through this issue.
- 14 However, since the issue has been raised, let me put that to the
- 15 witness.
- 16 Q. Mr. Witness, could you clarify what you mean by the word
- 17 "battlefield"?
- 18 MR. ROCHOEM TON:

A. "Battlefield" is the location where soldiers are trained to and to engage in fighting. For example, in regards to Koy Thuon, battlefield was in Kampong Thom. As for Vorn Vet, his battlefield was at the Special Zone.

23 [09.08.03]

24 Q. Thank you.

25 Son Sen -- regarding Son Sen and Ta Mok, where were they?

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1	A. Regarding the battlefields of these two individuals, for Son
2	Sen it was also at Kampong Thom that belongs to the Centre
3	and Koy Thuon's battlefield was part of the zone. As for Vorn
4	Vet, it was at the Special Zone, and Ta Mok was at the Southwest.
5	Q. Thank you.
6	When Pol Pot went to meet these people, did he make a frequent
7	trip to see them, to your knowledge?
8	A. Yes, he frequently made the trip in order to provide
9	encouragement to those people at the battlefields themselves.
10	Q. Thank you.
11	Let me now return to Office S-21. Can you tell us who actually
12	were living at that Office S-21 at the time?
13	[09.09.47]
14	A. (No interpretation)
15	Q. Let me interrupt, Mr. Witness, I think there is confusion. In
16	fact, I mean S-71.
17	A. The Office S-71, there were Pol Pot, Nuon Chea, and Om Khieu
18	Samphan who remained there rather permanently.
19	Q. Thank you.
20	Regarding Pol Pot's trips to various locations, when Pol Pot made
21	those trips, who was actually in charge while he was away?
22	A. When Om Pol Pot was away, Om Nuon Chea, and Om Khieu Samphan
23	would be there at the office.
24	Q. Thank you.
25	Yesterday, you told the Chamber that you were a messenger for Pol

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> 5 Pot at S-71. During that period, did you ever work as a messenger 1 2 for other leaders of the Party, namely Nuon Chea? 3 [09.12.03] A. When they were together, there was no need to deliver any 4 5 letter. However, when Om Nuon Chea was at the office and Om Pol Pot was at the front battlefield, then I would be used as a 6 7 messenger to deliver the letter between them. 8 Q. Thank you. Did you know whether Nuon Chea also made trips as 9 Pol Pot did at the time? 10 A. Yes, he did. He made as many trips as Pol Pot did. 11 Q. When Nuon Chea was away on his trip, did he go there directly 12 -- straightaway or he had to stop somewhere first? 13 A. Sometimes he went directly to that -- the location; at other 14 time he would have to stop on the way at other locations. 15 Q. Thank you. Can you recall the other locations where he stopped 16 before he reached his destination? 17 A. For example, when he left S-71 to Zone 304, in between there 18 was a messenger's office. 19 [09.14.33]20 Q. Did Nuon Chea ever make a trip to Samlaut? 21 A. He made a trip in 1972 and I actually went with him at the 22 time. 23 Q. So you went along with him. Did you know the purpose of his 24 trip to Samlaut? 25 A. He made his trip to Samlaut in order to meet with the

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> 6 1 Northwest Zone leaders; namely Ros Nhim, Heng Teav, Ta Sou 2 (phonetic), Ta Samay (phonetic), Ta Vaing (phonetic), for 3 instance. He also met with Hou Youn. Q. Did you know his purpose in meeting those people? 4 5 A. From what I observed and as I stated previously, he held a 6 meeting with those people so the scenario was as same as I 7 described yesterday. Q. Thank you. Yesterday you also told the Chamber that you 8 9 listened to the radio broadcast -- the Beijing radio broadcast 10 that leng Sary was a special envoy in support of Samdech 11 Sihanouk. Can you tell us in what language the broadcast was and 12 who was in charge? 13 [09.17.06] 14 A. The broadcast was in the Khmer language and currently it is 15 still the same broadcast. 16 Q. Thank you. Do you know the reason for Ieng Sary's 17 companionship to Samdech Sihanouk at the time? 18 A. I cannot know the details. However, since that time there was 19 a frequent radio broadcast regarding his presence there. 20 Q. Thank you. 21 Based on your statement, you were the one who was close and 22 worked closely with the Party leaders since 1963. The question is 23 in regards to the liberated zone of the CPK: How many liberated 24 zones until -- of the CPK -- or belonged to CPK until 1975? 25 A. Based on the presentation and based on the information from

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1	the radio broadcast, most of the countryside were the liberated
2	zones most of them, except the provincial towns and only
3	some provincial towns.
4	Q. Thank you. At those liberated zones, to your knowledge, was
5	there the authorization of money circulation and market?
6	A. Since my entry from 1967, there was a salary. I also received
7	my salary. And from 1967 to 1975, yes, there was a money
8	circulation.
9	[09.20.26]
10	Q. Thank you.
11	To your knowledge, do you know who were regarded as enemies by
12	the Party?
13	A. As what we were told, we determined that we engage in the
14	popular democratic revolution, and the main enemy was the
15	American imperialists. That's the top enemy who had invaded many
16	countries, and they engage in bombardment for 200 days and
17	nights. That was in 1973. So we were educated on this point, and
18	that was the chief enemy.
19	And another enemy was those who opposed the revolution, who
20	refused to join the revolution. They were kind of the covert
21	enemy, including the CIA and the KGB agents, and that we need to
22	know the distinction between these kinds of enemies.
23	Q. To your knowledge, did the Party have any measures against
24	those people considered to be the Party's enemies?
25	A. Between the period of the coup d'état of 18 March 1970 through

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1 the '75, in the battlefields, the measure was between the Lon Nol 2 group and the resistance forces, and the Lon Nol groups was 3 backed by the American group.

4 [09.23.39]

Q. Thank you. Can you tell us whether you knew any measures taken 5 6 by the Party for those who were considered to be the enemies? 7 A. In the war time, all zones, sectors, and district levels were clearly educated to know about the enemies, and in the 8 9 battlefield, of course, we fought against those enemies, and off the battlefield, for those who opposed the revolution. But I, 10 11 myself, did not witness any measures taken against those who 12 opposed the revolution at the time. I only knew that we fought 13 the enemy in the battlefield.

Q. Thank you. Just then, you informed the Chamber that he educated you and others about who were the enemies, or who the enemy was. Can you tell the Chamber, who do you refer to? A. Those senior leaders in the Party, they disseminate the same information, including Pol Pot, Om Khieu Samphan, Son Sen, and the rest.

20 [09.26.03]

21 Q. Thank you.

Regarding the meeting by the Centre, or the Congress, when the Party decided to relocate their office to Stueng Trang -- that is, to Office S 71 -- which was for the period between 1971 to 1975, did you ever observe any meeting between the Party

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1 leadership? And if there were any meetings, how frequent were the 2 meetings? 3 A. From what I observed, there were meetings amongst all the members of the centre, from all the zones, for example, and one 4 5 was held in 1971, but it was not a frequent. That kind of big 6 meeting only took place every three or four years. 7 Q. Thank you. You said that there was a big meeting held in 1971 and then every three or four years. What about other smaller 8 9 meetings? Were there kind of smaller meetings held? 10 A. Yes, there were regular small meetings at the zones, at the 11 battlefields, regardless of the seasons, dry or rainy seasons, 12 and frequently the meetings took place during the rainy seasons. 13 Q. Thank you. You said that there was a big meeting in 1971. Can 14 you tell us who participated in that big meeting? 15 [09.28.38] 16 A. The big meeting held in 1971 was a kind of study session chaired by these two senior leaders, the two Om's, and made all 17 18 the important cadres participate in that big meeting. 19 Q. Can you recall regarding that big meeting which was 20 participated by all cadres throughout the world and chaired by 21 the two big people -- that is, Nuon Chea and Pol Pot -- was it 22 also known as the Party's Congress? 23 A. There were two parts to that meeting. The sector and the 24 district levels were organized at Zone 304 and they were taught 25 by these two senior leaders, and after that big meeting

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> 10 1 concluded, there was another meeting for the centre level, and 2 there were quite a number of participants as well selected 3 throughout country. And - but, however, it was only the zone level who were recruited 4 5 to participate in that meeting, not the district or the sector 6 levels. 7 [09.30.50] Q. Do you still recollect, how long did these meetings last for 8 9 each? 10 A. During the last meeting, it was held for over a week. 11 Q. Thank you. Do you still remember that amount of meetings 12 conducted at S 71, from 1971 through 1975, whether Ieng Sary 13 attended any of the meeting or not? A. Ieng Sary did not attend meetings in 1971 because he had been 14 15 outside of the country. 16 Q. He did not attend meetings in 1971. What about meetings between 1971 and 1975? According to your best recollection, did 17 18 he attend any of the meetings during this period? 19 A. Om Ieng Sary attended meetings in 1974, because in 1973 he 20 accompanied Samdech Euv, who came to visit the liberated zone. 21 The then King came to the zones on several occasions, and then in 22 1974, Ieng Sary attended the big meeting. Q. When Ieng Sary attended that big meeting in 1974, do you still 23 24 remember the subject matter of the meeting at that time? 25 [09.33.36]

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1	A. The meeting subject matter was not different from those at
2	various other meetings. It was about the general situation in and
3	outside of the country and the situation of the resistance
4	movement and the progress we had made so far concerning the
5	liberated zones, and people from the zones would confirm the
6	updates on this, and live view were also conducted, and these
7	were the routines in the meetings and we went back to each
8	respective zones after the meeting.
9	Q. How could you know that the meetings were all about these
10	subject matters?
11	A. I knew about this because I was on duty to protect to give
12	protection to the meeting, and I was also tasked with catering,
13	offering food to the people in the meeting. I shared the
14	conversations with people who catering the food services, and
15	also I spotted or noted the diagrams on the boards, the topics
16	discussed in the meeting, and I really observed what these senior
17	uncles were doing, because I would like to follow their role
18	models. I would like to grasp the update, because I worked with
19	them, I needed to know, it's good for my work, because I would
20	like to know more about this.
21	[09.35.59]
22	Q. Thank you.
23	You said you gathered at the premises. In 1975, did you also
24	guard a place where the meeting was convened?

25 A. From the liberation of 1975, the 17th of April, I had a lot of

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1	work to do, and because of this work commitment I did not have
2	time to do the guard work. I was in charge of administration,
3	receiving guests, and I did not have time to provide security
4	protection in meetings.
5	Q. Before 1975, indeed before April 1975, was there any meeting
6	you attended as a guard?
7	A. In 1974, there was a meeting where I went to provide
8	protection. After 1974, I went to the battlefield surrounding
9	Phnom Penh. I was at B 5 Office where I provided protection,
10	security protection there.
11	Q. Could you tell the Court what B 5 Office is?
12	[09.38.15]
13	A. B 5 was the command centre to attack Phnom Penh, to liberate
14	Phnom Penh.
15	Q. You stated that there were meetings at B 5. What were the
16	meetings about, if you still remember?
17	A. The regular meetings at B 5 were chaired by Om Pol Pot, who
18	regularly stayed at the location. Sometime Om Nuon Chea, Om Khieu
19	Samphan also came there. Sometimes the three of them would just
20	convene the meeting on a regular basis, and also they meet when
21	people from zones, including Son Sen, Ta Mok, Vorn Vet, Cheng An,
22	Koy Thuon, Ke Pauk, So Phim, and Ta Phuong, who was from the
23	West. He came with Ta Tum, and they set the date. For example,
24	they would meet every five days or a fortnight. It depends on the
25	actual circumstances in the battlefield.

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1 Q. At B 5 Office in 1975, was there any meetings of a large 2 scale?

3 [09.40.28]

A. As early as 1975, there was no big meetings at the office. 4 5 Indeed, there were routines, regular daily meetings, but there 6 were more frequent meetings at the Northwest and the West. For 7 example, Koy Thuon and Vorn Vet were in charge of main -- some main roads. Vorn Vet was in charge of National Road Number 4, 8 9 when Ta Mok was in charge of National Road Number 3. 10 Q. At B 5, with regard to the meetings, was there any time that 11 in the meeting matter of evacuation was discussed? 12 A. So far as I remember, that as early as April 1975, uncles met 13 to discuss about the evacuation of the population. Om Pol Pot 14 raised this concern. Om Nuon Chea, Om Khieu Samphan, Ta Mok, Son Sen, Koy Thuon, Vorn Vet, Cheng An, So Phim, all were there in 15 16 the meeting. There was a meeting.

17 Q. In that meeting, how did you know the matter, as indicated, 18 was raised?

19 [09.42.47]

A. It was on the occasion that I was on duty to guard the premises. The meeting was conducted in the open, in the shed covered by palm leaves. The roof was covered by palm leaves, and there were map. The map of Cambodia was laid there, hanging in the meeting, and I heard that they talked about the friendly situation where they said Lon Nol could never resist any longer;

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1 we could really attack them everywhere, so it's just a matter of 2 time that we would win the victory. Later on, indeed, they were 3 defeated. Q. Are you aware of any measures to be taken concerning how 4 people would be evacuated? 5 6 A. As the principal indicated in the meeting, when we conquered 7 the city of Phnom of Penh the people had to be evacuated. The evacuation had to take place for one week, or people had to be 8 9 evacuated for a period of one week. 10 Q. At that time, did you also hear anything about the necessity, 11 what made them decide to evacuate the population from the city? 12 [09.45.02] A. We learned from experience. Before we liberated Phnom Penh we 13 14 had liberated some other provincial towns, and people who engaged 15 in the battlefields shared their opinion and they said that if 16 people remained in the cities the Party would find it difficult 17 to control them, because they had been there for long, so it 18 would not be easy for the cadres to manage them. So they had to 19 be evacuated so that we could easily conquer the cities. 20 So the idea was that if we would like to live, to survive as the 21 resistance, we had to remove them all, and the revolutionary can 22 then move in when the city was empty. This is what the idea 23 shared by many people from various locations, and the idea was 24 plausible.

25 Q. Thank you. Did you also hear about the evacuation of the

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1 population in other areas, apart from Phnom Penh, in that 2 meeting? 3 A. No, I didn't. However, in 1974, Udong was liberated, and the experience was obtained from this liberation. Some people who 4 5 resided in Tram Khnar, Neak Loeang, Skun, those who engaged in 6 these situations, raised their idea and shared their experience 7 learned from the situation. 8 Q. Thank you. Next, with Mr. President's leave, I would like to provide a 9 10 document to the witness and have it projected on the screen. 11 Document which is the record of the interview, document E3/63, 12 under ERN in Khmer, 00228844; English ERN is 00231409 through 10; 13 French, 0076054 through 55. 14 (Judges deliberate) 15 [09.48.52] 16 MR. PRESIDENT: 17 You may proceed. 18 Court officer is now instructed to bring the document, the hard 19 copy from the Co-Prosecutor to the witness for examination. 20 BY MR. SENG BUNKHEANG: 21 Q. Mr. Witness, if you look at ERN in Khmer 00228844, it was 22 about early April 1975, concerning the evacuation of Phnom Penh 23 from -- evacuation of people from Phnom Penh led -- the meeting 24 led by Pol Pot, and you indicated that members of the meeting 25 raised or shared their impression concerning the evacuation plan.

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1	At the same time, you indicated there were Khieu Samphan and Nuon
2	Chea who also gave some input and approved the evacuation plan.
3	My question is: Could you tell the Court what kind of comments
4	made by Khieu Samphan and Nuon Chea concerning the plans for the
5	evacuation of the population?
6	MR. ROCHOEM TON:
7	A. I noted that Om Nuon Chea was on his feet and raised this
8	first. He said that it was necessary and needed approval and it
9	the evacuation was noted to be necessary and he expressed his
10	position that he agreed with the plan.
11	[09.51.32]
12	Q. What about Mr. Khieu Samphan? Did he say anything before he
13	approved the plan?
14	A. Om Khieu Samphan also agreed with the plan and the whole
15	meeting applauded and approved the idea.
16	MR. SENG BUNKHEANG:
17	Thank you very much. Mr. President, I have no further questions.
18	I thank you, Mr. Witness, very much for his detailed testimony
19	and, indeed, that the testimony will be important for
20	ascertaining the truth and for the pursuit of justice for the
21	victims.
22	I would like to cede the floor to my colleague to proceed with
23	further questions.
24	[09.52.25]
25	MR. PRESIDENT:

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_ I.	

1 Thank you. 2 International Co-Prosecutor, you may now proceed. 3 QUESTIONING BY MR. LYSAK: Thank you, Mr. President, members of the Bench. Good morning, Mr. 4 5 Witness. My name is Dale Lysak, I'm also a prosecutor with the 6 Office of the Co-Prosecutors and I'll have a number of questions 7 for you today. Q. I'd like to start by continuing on with some further questions 8 9 on the same subject you were just discussing with my colleague, which is the meeting about the evacuation of Phnom Penh. 10 11 [09.53.16] 12 Just to clarify, was this a meeting that took place at the B-513 Office that you referred to before? MR. ROCHOEM TON: 14 A. Yes, it was. 15 16 Q. And where was the B-5 Office located -- in what village, 17 commune, district or province, if you could tell us? 18 A. B-5 was located in Tang Poun village. I don't remember the 19 commune, but it was in Kampong Tralach district, Kampong Chhnang 20 province. 21 Q. Do you know -- do you remember when the B-5 Office was first 22 established? A. The office was first established by late 1973. 23 24 Q. And when was it that you first went to the B-5 Office; what 25 year or month, if you remember that detail?

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1	A. I went to that battlefield in 1972. That was once. Back then
2	B-1 was not yet established. I was there to accompany Om Nuon
3	Chea to Samlaut. That's the place where I first passed when
4	travelling. It was the home town of Nuon Chea's spouse.
5	[09.56.01]
6	And in 1973, first, I went to Chrok Sdech. However, the location
7	was not very convenient it was deep into the jungle and by
8	late 1973 there was a new location. That's why B-5 was
9	established at Tang Poun village. I remember this very clearly
10	because I was also the one who went there to inspect the location
11	with the commune chief.
12	We went to locate the location that would be then become the
13	site for the B-5.
14	[09.57.10]
15	Q. You mention that you first went through this area on your trip
16	with Nuon Chea to Samlaut in 1972 and you indicated that you
17	stopped in the hometown of his spouse. What was that the
18	hometown of Nuon Chea's spouse that you visited?
19	A. It was called Srae Andoung village.
20	Q. And while we're talking about this general the area of
21	Kampong Chhnang and the area of Udong, were there other Party
22	leaders who also had offices or bases there in the 1973, 1974 and
23	early 1975 time period?
24	A. To the west of that location there was an office of the west
25	zone administrated by Ta Mok.

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1 Q. Did Son Sen also have an office or base somewhere near Udong? 2 [09.59.06] 3 A. Yes, he did. He had an office nearby. Q. Do you recall where his -- Son Sen's office was located? 4 5 A. It was located at Ra Smach, which is near Udong provincial -Udong town. The location was adjacent to the rail tracks. 6 7 Q. Did the Party also have a military hospital in that same area? 8 A. Yes. 9 Q. Who was responsible for that military hospital, if you know? A. It was Thiounn Thioeunn, the top chief in that office and he 10 11 was a doctor and there was another person there by the name of 12 Hong. He remained there. 13 [10.01.08] Q. And what about Vorn Vet? Did he also have an office or 14 15 headquarters somewhere near Kampong Chhnang? 16 A. Vorn Vet's office was together with Cheng An. It was not far 17 from one another, it was situated in Krang Kdep -- that is Krang 18 Kdep village. 19 Q. Was this the office for the Special Zone? 20 A. Yes, it was the office for the Special Zone and there were 21 three of them together, Vorn Vet, Cheng An and another person 22 whose name I cannot recall, but that person passed away already. 23 Q. You mention Cheng An a couple of times this morning as one of 24 the leaders who attended some of these meetings. Could you - did 25 you know what his position was in the Party?

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1	[10.02.49]
2	A. I did not know his exact role in the Party, but he was always
3	close to and stay with Vorn Vet. He was with the military, or in
4	charge of the military together with Vorn Vet.
5	Q. And was there a point in a point of time when the leaders
6	who had been based at S-71 in the Stueng Trang, Chinit river
7	region, all moved and were located primarily at either $B-5$ or the
8	other Party bases in that area? Was there a particular point in
9	time when most of the Party leaders moved into the B-5 area?
10	A. No, not everyone gathered together. B-5 was the command
11	location for the front battlefields and there were various other
12	offices which were on mobile.
13	[10.04.23]
14	Q. Do I understand that - then, that in the 1974 and early 1975
15	period that you continued to work both at the S-71 Office and
16	B-5? Is that correct?
17	A. In 1974 and early '75, I became to stay permanently at B-5.
18	Q. How much time did Pol Pot spend at the B-5 Office in the 1974
19	and early 1975 time period?
20	A. He stayed there permanently during the dry season. However,
21	during the rainy season, he would move to S-71.
22	Q. What about Nuon Chea? How often was he at the B-5 Office in
23	1974 and early 1975?
24	A. As for Om Nuon Chea, he didn't stay long at B-5 Office. The
25	longest was for one week and then he would return to the rear

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1	battlefield.
2	Q. And how about Khieu Samphan? What periods of time how often
3	did Khieu Samphan come to the B-5 Office?
4	A. As for Om Khieu Samphan, he did not go there frequently. On a
5	regular basis, he would remain at the rear battlefield.
6	[10.07.21]
7	Q. And when you say he remained in the rear battlefield, what
8	area are you talking about? Where was that?
9	A. When I say "rear battlefield", I refer to the mobile offices
10	and there were several mobile offices.
11	So, usually, he was on mobile in those offices.
12	Q. What were the names of those mobile offices? Did they have a
13	code number?
14	A. Yes, there were codes. For example, Office S-24, S-22, S-35,
15	S-74, B-17, B-19, B-20, so on and so forth.
16	Q. Thank you for telling us a little more about the B-5 Office.
17	[10.09.04]
18	Let's go back now to the meeting in April 1975 that you were
19	discussing with my colleague. Can you tell us, again,
20	approximately when it was that this meeting took place in
21	relation to the 17th of April 1975?
22	A. A little bit further to the front, there was another village
23	that is, Sdok Taol. That is after we moved from B-5 Office.
24	Q. There may have been a problem with the translation of my
25	question, which is a little long. The meeting that you were

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1	talking about regarding the evacuation of Phnom Penh, when did
2	that take place? To the best of your recollection, when was that
3	meeting?
4	A. I just stated that there was a meeting in early April 1975 in
5	Office B-5.
6	[10.11.01]
7	Q. And how long did the meeting last? Can you tell us that?
8	A. The meeting did not last that long. It was usually for one
9	morning. So, usually, (inaudible) started at 7 a.m. and concluded
10	around 10 a.m.
11	Q. And you said that the meeting took place in a shed that was
12	covered by palm leaves. Where were you physically located in
13	relation to the shed? Were you inside or were you outside?
14	A. There was no coconut trees nearby the meeting place. The
15	meeting place actually took part in the middle of a jungle and
16	there were trees nearby and they used the palm leaves to cover as
17	the roof for that meeting place. And it was nearby.
18	Q. The - so we have a better understanding, where the meeting
19	took place, was there actually a building or structure that had

20 walls and, if so, what were the walls made of?

21 [10.13.08]

A. As I stated, there were no houses around and there was no wall. It was held in the open, there was only roof. And the surrounded area were just rice fields, and there was a small hill nearby; but there were no walls. Even the location where Om Pol

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1 Pot stayed, there was also a small jungle nearby, and usually 2 they would reside near a small hill and that refers to many of 3 those leaders residences. Q. And while the leaders were meeting and having this discussion 4 5 about the evacuation of Phnom Penh, how close were you to them? A. I was on the other side of the small hill and the meeting took 6 7 place just on the other side. Q. From where you were located, were you able to hear what was 8 9 being discussed by the leaders during this meeting? 10 [10.14.37] 11 A. I heard the battlefield committees reported about the 12 situation, and after they report, then Om Number One would 13 summarize, and then he would propose the measures -- the measures 14 including both the military measures as well as the evacuation measure. That was the last battlefield. And all the battlefield 15 16 commanders would report about the situation at each respective 17 battlefield, and then they decided that it would be better and 18 effective if all people were to be evacuated. 19 Q. And when the decision was made on whether or not to evacuate, 20 were all the leaders who were present at the meeting asked 21 whether or not they agreed that Phnom Penh should be evacuated? 22 [10.16.11] 23 A. I just stated that he raised or proposed the measures and Om 24 Nuon Chea also stood out and agreed to the measure. So everyone 25 -- all the participants agreed to the measure and applauded it.

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1 Usually, applauding means they agree to the proposal.

Q. You told my colleague that some of the people at the meeting discussed their experiences when other cities had been liberated. Do you remember who it was, which of the people who were present, that discussed their experiences with the liberations of other

6 cities?

A. There were liberations in various towns and cities and in the presentation he explained to us about our experiments in liberating those towns and cities. Om Nuon Chea also made that presentation regarding the good points from the experimenting with liberating those towns and cities in order to protect the forces.

13 [10.18.18]

Also, this issue was mentioned during the major meetings as part of the experience we had learned from liberating those towns and cities.

Q. Just so I'm - to make sure I understand your answer, it was Pol Pot and Nuon Chea who talked about the evacuations of other cities; is that correct?

20 A. Yes, that is correct.

Q. And during this instruction -- during this meeting, were any instructions given to the military or the zone commanders who were present on what they were to do related to the evacuation? Did you hear any instructions given to them as to what they were to go back and do in their zones?

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1	A. I saw them drawing sketches on the board, the targets that
2	everyone were to be in charge of. So the drawing was made by,
3	first, Pol Pot on the blackboard, and then those people who were
4	charged with those spearhead targets need to be responsible for
5	that.
6	[10.20.22]
7	Q. And did you hear anyone at the meeting express any concerns
8	about evacuating all the people from Phnom Penh; did anyone have
9	any concerns about doing that?
10	A. It seems there was no-one made such a comment during that
11	meeting.
12	Q. Thank you.
13	You also mentioned to my colleague that one of the cities that
14	had been evacuated before was the city of Udong. What do you
15	recall about the liberation and evacuation of Udong? First of
16	all, where were you located? Where were you when Udong was first
17	liberated by the Khmer Rouge forces?
18	A. I was at that Office B-5, and immediately after the liberation
19	of Udong, I went through it and all the way I went all the way
20	to Stueng Trang.
21	[10.22.08]
22	Q. The translation was a little impaired. Did you say that after
23	the liberation of Udong, you travelled through there on your back
24	to Stueng Trang? Is that correct?

25 A. Yes, that is correct.

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- 1 Q. Do you remember when it was that Udong was liberated?
- 2 A. I cannot recall the date, but it was in April. Actually, the
- 3 attack started from January but it was liberated in April.
- 4 Q. Is that April of 1974?
- 5 A. I refer to 1974 because Udong was liberated in '74.
- 6 Q. And what was done with the residents of Udong when it was
- 7 liberated by the CPK forces?
- 8 A. When I entered the area, it was very quiet, there was no-one.
- 9 Mainly to the west of the river -- that is, the way to Amleang or 10 Trapeang Chour, Aoral, they went that way. So they evacuated from 11 the town centre and they spread to the nearby villages and
- 12 assembled on the way.
- 13 [10.24.48]
- 14 Q. How soon was it after the liberation of Udong that you 15 travelled to the city?
- 16 A. As I recall, it was about a week after. The town had been 17 liberated. However, the Lon Nol soldiers were still present at 18 the Tep Pranam School and it took another week to defeat them at 19 that school - at Wat Tep Pranam. And that Wat Tep Pranam, or 20 Pranam Pagoda, was close to Pranam School.
- Q. Who was with you when you travelled through Udong one week after it was liberated?
- A. I went by myself. As I stated early, I usually travelled bymyself on a motorbike.
- 25 Q. And you indicated that you were at the B-5 Office at the time

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- 1 of the liberation. Were any of the Party leaders at the B-5 $\,$
- 2 Office at that time when you were there?
- 3 A. Yes, they were.
- 4 [10.26.50]
- 5 Q. Who was who was there at that time?
- 6 A. On a regular basis, Pol Pot would be there.
- 7 Let me clarify it a bit further. At B-5, he actually asked me to
- 8 monitor the road all the way to Stueng Trang, so I was assigned
- 9 by him to monitor that road.
- 10 Q. So the reason that you left the B-5 Office and went through
- 11 Udong to Stueng Trang was because of this assignment from Pol
- 12 Pot; do I understand -- is that correct?
- 13 A. Yes, that is correct.
- Q. And what was it that Pol Pot wanted you to monitor when you went to Udong and continued on from there to Stueng Trang? What is it that he wanted you to look for?

A. He assigned me to check on the situation along the road and, number two, to deliver a letter to Koy Thuon. At that time, Koy Thuon was at Batheay Mountain, he stationed there, so I also

- 20 delivered a letter to him.
- 21 Q. After you completed this assignment, did you report back to 22 Pol Pot on the situation?
- 23 A. After I reached the destination and after having met Koy
- 24 Thuon, I went to Stueng Trang.
- 25 [10.29.38]

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1	Actually, I also had another letter at the time for Om Nuon Chea.
2	He was at Office 74 then.
3	Q. What was Office 74 or S-74? What was that office?
4	A. Office S-71 is located near Stoeng Chinit River, but S-24 was
5	near the other river, near Phum Meak, near the Dei Kraham area,
6	which was situated close to the district town of Stueng Trang.
7	Q. I want to ask you now about a statement that we have from you
8	from an earlier interview many years before you spoke to the
9	Investigating Judges.
10	But, first, I'd like to ask you, do you remember being
11	interviewed by a British journalist named Philip Short? This
12	would have been probably in the late 1990s or early 2000s. Do you
13	remember giving an interview to a British journalist named Philip
14	Short?
15	A. Yes, I do. He interviewed me and gave me some documents,
16	either in English or French, I don't remember.
17	[10.31.33]
18	MR. PRESIDENT:
19	Thank you, Mr. Co-Prosecutor and Witness.
20	Since it is now appropriate time for the adjournment, we would
21	adjourn for 20 minutes.
22	Court officer is now instructed to assist the witness and his
23	duty counsel during the adjournment and have them returned to the
24	courtroom by 10 to 11.00.
25	(Court recesses from 1032H to 1053H)

	29
1	MR. PRESIDENT:
2	Please be seated. The Court is now back in session.
3	Without further ado, I would like to hand over to the
4	Co-Prosecutor to proceed with the questions.
5	BY MR. LYSAK:
6	Thank you, Mr. President.
7	Q. When we left off, we were talking about the evacuation of
8	Udong, and you had just confirmed that you remembered being
9	interviewed by Philip Short.
10	Mr. President, at this time I'd like to present to the witness an
11	excerpt from Philip Short's book that contains a quote from the
12	witness. The document is E3/9. It is English ERN 00396465, French
13	ERN 00639786 through 639787, and Khmer ERN 00755582. And I have a
14	hard copy to show the witness and would like to put that on the
15	screen too, with your permission.
16	[10.55.28]
17	MR. PRESIDENT:
18	International Co-Counsel for Mr. Khieu Samphan, you may now
19	proceed.
20	MR. VERCKEN:
21	Thank you, Mr. President. I object to the manner in which the
22	prosecutor is proceeding.
23	I haven't done so, so far, because - I object now because the
24	references are suggestive are leading. We know that the
25	witness can read the documents before testifying in Court, but

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1 now we see the prosecutor trying to refresh the witnesses' memory 2 by mentioning a book by Mr. Short, without having asked him to 3 confirm the points on which the prosecutor wants to put questions to him. I object to this manner of proceeding because it is 4 5 leading. 6 [10.56.45] 7 MR. PRESIDENT: Co-Prosecutor, you may now proceed to respond to what counsel for 8 9 Khieu Samphan indicated. 10 MR. LYSAK: 11 Yes. Thank you, Mr. President. There's absolutely nothing leading 12 about this question. 13 The witness has already testified to his knowledge of Udong --14 talked about these matters. This book contains a quote from him 15 that elaborates further and we're certainly entitled to present 16 that to him, to ask him to confirm that he provided that information and use this book, which is admitted before the 17 18 Chamber, to further -- provide further details about this event. 19 (Judges deliberate) 20 [10.59.32] 21 MR. PRESIDENT: 22 The objection and the argument supporting the objection by 23 counsel for Mr. Khieu Samphan are not sustained. 24 The Chamber wishes to hear the response from the witness to the

25 question posed to him.

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1 Court officer is now instructed to bring the hard copy of the 2 document from the Co-Prosecutor to the witness for examination 3 before questions are put to him. BY MR. LYSAK: 4 5 And, Mr. President, if -- we have that prepared to show on screen 6 if the Court would also like us to display the Khmer version on 7 the screen for everybody. Q. Mr. Witness, while you're reading that, let me read, for the 8 9 record, the exact section that I wanted to ask you about from Philip Short's book. The passage reads as follows - quote: 10 11 [11.01.32] 12 "Finally, in March 1974 came the evacuation of Udong. According 13 to Pol's aide, Phy Phuon, 'it worked well in the sense that there 14 weren't any big problems [for us] in resettling the evacuees from Udong in the countryside and, on their side, the town-dwellers 15 16 didn't cause any special difficulties either. It was a radical 17 solution designed to foil any attempt by the enemy to destabilize 18 our forces -- and at the same time it was an internal measure, 19 because for our cadres, if they were living close together with 20 the urban population, there was a risk that they would be 21 politically and ideologically corrupted. They might be influenced 22 by the new urban environment ... If the town-dwellers were 23 evacuated, that risk was avoided. You must understand that the 24 final goal was the liberation of Phnom Penh, and to that end we 25 had to sharpen our political and ideological stance. Was it so

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32 our cadres would avoid the 'sugar-coated bullets of the bourgeoisie?' Yes!" End of quote. [11.03.01] Can you tell us, first of all, whether this is a accurate statement of what you told Philip Short about the evacuation of Udong? MR. ROCHOEM TON: A. He asked me a question and that was my response then. Q. And when you said that the purpose of the evacuation of Udong was to - quote -- "foil any attempt by the enemy to destabilize our forces" -- end of quote -- and to prevent cadres from being politically and ideologically corrupted by the urban population, how had you learned that that was the purpose of the evacuation of Udong? From whom did you learn that? [11.04.31] A. As I stated earlier this morning, I learned it through his presentation at each study session. Either Nuon Chea, Pol Pot, or Khieu Samphan presented this idea to us. And that was the experience they learned. And they -- or, they were good experiences, and we should draw the good point from it in order to finally liberate Phnom Penh. And that's how I learned it. Q. Thank you. I'd now like to ask you a few more questions about the big meetings in 1971 and 1974 that you mentioned to my colleague

25 earlier.

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1	[11.05.36]
2	First of all, the meeting in 1971. You indicated that there was
3	two parts to the meeting: first, there was a meeting at the North
4	Zone office for sector that included sector and district
5	cadres and that, after that, there was a meeting between the
6	people the leaders from the Centre and the zone leaders. And I
7	want to focus on that second meeting between the Party Centre and
8	the zone leaders.
9	My first question is: Were you present during that second
10	meeting? Were you on guard at that meeting?
11	A. I already mentioned this morning that the meeting took place
12	in the office near Trapeang Prei village. It was held in the
13	jungle. In that meeting, I saw members from each zone
14	participating. And at that time, the meeting did not last that
15	long.
16	[11.07.13]
17	I was present there as well. I was on guard at the time. And as I
18	said earlier, the content of the meeting was similarly presented.
19	It was similar to the content of the meeting held for the sector
20	and the district leaders.
21	Q. Who were the leaders from the Party Centre who were present at
22	that meeting?
23	A. The meeting at that time was participated or attended by Pol
24	Pot, Nuon Chea. And as for the Zone 304, there was Koy Thuon, and
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there were Ke Pauk and Doeun. And for the Zone 203, there was So

1	Phim, Phuong, and Ta Tum that is for the East Zone. And for
2	the Special Zone, there was Vorn Vet. And for the Southwest Zone,
3	there was Ta Mok, Ta Chong, and Ta Si (phonetic). As for the
4	Northwest, there was Ros Nhim and Ta Keu, and Ta Ktal (phonetic).
5	As for Sector 103 in Preah Vihear, there was also a leader from
6	there. As for the Northeast Zone, there were Ya and Bong Vong. As
7	for Mondulkiri, there was Bong Laing.
8	[11.09.40]
9	Q. Was Khieu Samphan present at this meeting?
10	A. I did not seem to see him. I think he was at Office S-71 at
11	the time. It was at the other side of the river that is,
12	Chinit River.
13	Q. Mr. President, I'd like to show the witness, at this point,
14	some photographs that have been admitted before the Trial
15	Chamber, to see if he recognizes them and can help us with the
16	photographs. What I'd like to present to the witness are
17	photographs E3/136, E3/137, and E3/1595.
18	MR. PRESIDENT:
19	Yes, you may proceed.
20	Court Officer, could you take the hard copy document for the
21	witness to examine?
22	BY MR. LYSAK:
23	Q. And, Mr. Witness, before I put ask you any specific
24	questions, or put these on screen or ask to put on the screen
25	the first I want to ask you is whether you recognize the

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- 1 location at which these photos were taken.
- 2 [11.12.13]
- 3 Have you seen these photographs, or have you seen this location
- 4 before?
- 5 MR. ROCHOEM TON:

A. That photo -- that is, 136 -- it was the congress that I -- it
was the big meeting that I mentioned earlier, that was held near
Trapeang Prei village. I can recall, there was a board -- that
is, the floor board -- yes, and that's how I remember it.
As for photo 137, I am not that sure of the location, but I saw
the background photo of the -- Lenin and other people. It would
point to the same location.

- 13 [11.13.45]

14 As for the other photo -- that is, 1595 -- that is rather blurred 15 to me. But I can recall that the roof was a zinc roof, so I 16 believe it was taken at the same location.

So all three photos -- to my mind, they are taken at the same location. One photo, as I can recall, it was the floorboard, and

- 19 the other one was the zinc roof. That's how I remember it.
- 20 Q. Do you remember who took these photographs?

A. At that time, there would only be one person that -- there wasBong Pang. He was the sole photographer.

23 Q. And if you could turn back to photograph E3/136 -- and, Mr.

- 24 President, if we could put this on the screen -- we've also, in
- 25 the copy we can show on the screen -- put numbers next to the

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1	various people to make it easier to identify, if the witness is
2	able to identify the people. So we'd like to display that on the
3	screen. I have extra copies of the photograph with the numbers
4	marked for the parties and for the greffier, if he would like to
5	keep a copy for the Court record as well.
6	But the reason we marked the numbers on was to make it easier for
7	the witness to identify ask questions about who people were
8	and to identify the specific people in the photograph.
9	MR. PRESIDENT:
10	You may proceed.
11	[11.16.40]
12	Mr. Witness, please wait till you are asked before you speak.
13	BY MR. LYSAK:
14	Q. Mr. Witness, if you could start by looking at the people who
15	are standing in the back row of photograph E3/136 and identify
16	them. And if you can use the numbers that are put there, that
17	would be helpful to us too. But can you tell us which people in
18	the back row of the photograph that you are able to recognize?
19	MR. ROCHOEM TON:
20	A. Number 1 is Pol Pot, number 6 is Ya, number 4 is Nuon Chea,
21	number 3 is Koy Thuon, number 2 is Ta Mok, and number 14 is So
22	Phim. And to me, the rest is unclear. It's rather blurred to look
23	at.
24	[11.18.12]
0.5	

25 Q. And the person you identified as Pol Pot, is that the person

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- 1 who's standing at the very far right-hand side? You indicated
- 2 "1". Actually, it appears to be number 10.
- 3 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 4 The Prosecutor, you cannot put such a question to the witness.
- 5 Defence Counsel, you may proceed.
- 6 MR. KARNAVAS:

7 Thank you. Obviously, he's not happy with the answer. There is a technique. This is not the technique. This is giving the answer 8 9 to the witness. This is, regrettably -- is a technique that should never be used in this Court, and for these purposes. And 10 if we had been doing this, he would be yelling at us. 11 12 I'd appreciate if the gentleman would simply ask him to point out, or to say who he is next to, or give another number. But to 13 14 do it the way he did it is utterly inappropriate, and he knows

- 15 better.
- 16 [11.19.19]
- 17 MR. LYSAK:

Mr. President, we're talking about Pol -- Pol Pot here. I don't think there's a whole lot of controversy about that. The witness clearly did not see the full number when he identified this person and I'm simply seeking to clarify that. I hardly think this is a matter of great controversy. But I'm happy to have the witness clarify and explain where in the photo the person he identified as Pol Pot is located.

25 MR. PRESIDENT:

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1	Witness, you can respond to that question of the prosecutor.
2	MR. ROCHOEM TON:
3	A. Pol Pot is number 10, Ya is number 6, Nuon Chea is number 4,
4	Koy Thuon is number 3, and So Phim is number 14. I cannot
5	remember the rest because they are rather unclear.
6	[11.20.45]
7	BY MR. LYSAK:
8	Q. Thank you for that.
9	Can you now turn to photograph E3/1595? And I recognize that the
10	copies we have of this photograph are also somewhat blurry. But
11	I'd like to direct you to the back row of the photograph and ask
12	you if you are able to identify for us the person who has the
13	number 11 above his head.
14	MR. ROCHOEM TON:
15	A. For figure number 11, it seems like it is Om Khieu Samphan,
16	but I am not a hundred per cent sure. It is very difficult to
17	identify it in this blurry photo.
18	Q. Thank you. We'll see if we can if we happen to have a
19	clearer copy of this photo. Do you see yourself are you in
20	this photo anywhere, Mr. Witness?
21	A. I cannot see myself in the photo. Number 35, that is the wife
22	of Om Pol Pot.
23	Q. Looking at these photographs, can you tell us when, in 1971,
24	this congress took place?
25	[11.24.28]

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1	A. It was held during the rainy season, and the rain at that time
2	was rather heavy. I believe it was in July or August.
3	Q. Thank you.
4	I have no more questions about the photograph, so we can turn to
5	another subject now, which is the other big meeting that you
6	mentioned to my colleague this morning, which was a meeting in
7	1974.
8	And the first question I wanted to ask you is: Did the meeting in
9	1974 take place at the same location as the 1971 meeting, or was
10	it at a different location?
11	A. The 1974 meeting was held at a far distant location. The first
12	meeting was held near Stoeng Chinit River, but the second one was
13	near the river bank of Mekong River. It was near Phum Meak - Phum
14	Meak village near the Dei Kraham, and it was rather high land
15	area. But the distance was very, very distant very far.
16	[11.26.24]
17	Q. How many of the Party leaders were present at the 1974
18	meeting, if you recall?
19	A. There were many participants in 1971 meeting, but there were
20	less in the 1974 meeting.
21	Q. How long did the meeting in 1974 last? Do you recall how many
22	days?
23	A. It lasted more than a fortnight.
24	Q. And do you remember what time of the year, what month, in
25	1974, that meeting took place?

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2 in July. 3 Q. Mr. President, at this point to help refresh the recollection and seek some clarification, I'd like to present and ask the 4 5 witness about a issue of "Revolutionary Flag", which is the 6 September 1977 issue, which is document E3/11. The specific site 7 is Khmer ERN 00063162, English ERN 00486247, and French ERN 8 00492836. And we have a copy for the witness and can put the 9 relevant part of the document on the screen, too, with your 10 permission. 11 [11.29.10] MR. PRESIDENT: 12 13 Defence Counsel for Ieng Sary, you may proceed. 14 MR. KARNAVAS: 15 Thank you, Mr. President. Before we get to that, perhaps the 16 gentleman may wish to lay a foundation. 17 If, in fact, the witness has never seen that particular 18 "Revolutionary Flag" or is unaware of the content, showing him 19 the content in order to now create a memory or validate or expand 20 on what he is testifying is improper. The "Revolutionary Flag", 21 if it's already in, it's in, it's for you to consider. But that 22 should not be used at this point if, in fact, the witness has not 23 seen that edition or has heard of the contents therein. So some 24 questions prior to showing such documents should -- should be 25 posed in order to lay a proper foundation to see whether the

A. The 1974 meeting was also held in the rainy season, and it was

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- 1 witness is competent to answer questions from that particular
- 2 document. Thank you.
- 3 [11.30.12]
- 4 MR. LYSAK:
- 5 Mr. President, the foundation has already been laid. This witness
- 6 has indicated he was a Party member, that he recalled receiving 7 "Revolutionary Flag" after -- after liberation.
- 8 Moreover, I am going to ask him specifically about a reference to 9 a meeting of the Central Committee for mid-1974 that's referred
- 10 in this.
- 11 He's already indicated that he was present at a meeting of the
- 12 Centre, and I simply want him to confirm whether or not the
- 13 meeting that is described in the "Revolutionary Flag" is the
- 14 meeting that he has been testifying to before us today.
- 15 (Judges deliberate)
- 16 [11.33.03]
- 17 MR. PRESIDENT:

18 The objection made by international co-counsel for Mr. Ieng Sary 19 is not substantiated and therefore not sustained.

20 The court officer is now instructed to bring the hard copy of the 21 document from the Co-Prosecutor to the witness for examination 22 before he proceeds with the questions he intended to ask the 23 witness.

24 The Co-Prosecutor is advised to give some time to the witness to 25 review the document. The Chamber will ask him a few questions

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- 1 concerning his knowledge of the document, whether he has seen the
- 2 document before or not. Only if he has said he has seen the
- 3 document that questions relevant to this should proceed.
- 4 (Short pause)
- 5 [11.34.42]
- 6 MR. LYSAK:
- 7 Mr. President, just so -- the translation in English indicated
- 8 the Chamber was going to ask questions. Was that a correct -
- 9 correct translation?
- 10 MR. PRESIDENT:
- Mr. Witness, you already have read the document in your hands. Do you recall having seen the documents or read them during the course of your work during the Democratic Kampuchea and at a later stage?
- 15 MR. ROCHOEM TON:
- 16 I have seen some of them. This document dated June -- the
- 17 Congress in June 1974 -- I have read this document before.
- 18 Indeed, there were a lot of documents that I have read, and I
- 19 don't remember the details.
- 20 [11.36.22]
- 21 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 22 Mr. Co-Prosecutor, you may now proceed with your questions.
- 23 BY MR. LYSAK:
- 24 Thank you, Mr. President.
- 25 Q. The question I wanted to ask you, Mr. Witness, is that this

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1	issue of "Revolutionary Flag" refers to a meeting of the Party
2	Central Committee that was held in June 1974, and states as
3	follows quote: "our Party's Central Committee, in the course
4	of its June 1974 conference, resolved to mount the decisive
5	offensive to liberate Phnom Penh and the entire country." End of
6	quote.
7	My question to you is: Does this refresh your recollection that
8	the big meeting in 1974 that we've been talking about took place
9	in June of 1974? You had mentioned July 1974 which is close, but,
10	does this refresh your recollection? Do you think that this is
11	the same meeting that we've been talking about?
12	[11.37.50]
13	MR. ROCHOEM TON:
14	A. Just now, I said it was in July. However, having read the
15	document, it stated that it's June, and I agree that it was in
16	June, because I cannot fully recollect the exact date. It was
17	indeed happening during the rainy season.
18	Q. And do you recall whether one of the issues that was discussed
19	at this meeting in 1974 was mounting the offensive to liberate
20	Phnom Penh?
21	A. Yes. They were focussing on the attack to liberate Phnom Penh.
22	It was already after Udong was liberated and it was and the
23	meeting was convened to prepare for liberating Phnom Penh.
24	[11.39.12]
25	Q. And you told my colleague already that Ieng Sary had returned

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> 44 1 at this time. But I just want to again clarify, was this a 2 meeting that Ieng Sary participated in? Was this during the time 3 that he returned to Cambodia in 1974? A. I stated that the meeting was in 1974. He also attended the 4 5 meeting, but he didn't stay there quite long. He was there 6 briefly and left. 7 Q. And, in addition, you indicated there were fewer participants at this 1974 meeting. In addition to Ieng Sary, who were the 8 9 other people -- the other leaders -- that you recall who were 10 present at the June 1974 meeting? 11 A. People from all zones came to the meeting. However, the 12 meeting in 1974 was not fully attended by members from the zones 13 as it was conducted in 1971. 14 Q. Were Pol Pot, Nuon Chea, and Khieu Samphan at the 1974 15 meeting? 16 A. Yes. They were; all of them. 17 [11.41.43] 18 Q. And you've indicated that not all the zone leaders were there. 19 Which of the zone leaders do you remember being present at that 20 meeting? 21 A. I saw So Phim, Koy Thuon, Ta Mok, Vorn Vet, Ros Nhim, Son Sen, 22 Ieng Sary; all of these people attended that meeting. 23 Q. Do you remember whether at this 1974 Central Committee meeting 24 -- whether one of the issues that came up was the situation 25 related to a man named Prasith, who had been the leader of the

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1 Koh Kong region? Do you remember whether that issue came up in 2 the 1974 meeting? 3 A. No, I don't know. Q. Do you recall what happened to Prasith, the Party leader from 4 5 Koh Kong in 1974? A. At Koh Kong, he was known as Ta Chong, who was representing 6 7 the province. But he was not present during the meeting. We didn't see him. 8 [11.44.36] 9 10 MR. LYSAK: 11 Mr. President, to refresh the recollection of the witness, I'd 12 like to refer him to a -- read to him another passage from Philip 13 Short's book that contains a quote attributed to him. This is 14 document E3/9, and the translation -- or the relevant ERN is English, 00396468; French, 00639790-91. And there is 15 16 unfortunately not a Khmer translation of this particular passage. 17 So I would request leave to read it into the record for the 18 witness. 19 MR. PRESIDENT: 20 Do you have the document available in Khmer in hard copy? 21 [11.45.55] 22 MR. LYSAK: Mr. President, this is the book written by Philip Short that's in 23 24 the case file. There is only particular parts of the book that 25 have been translated in Khmer. There is a complete English and a

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1	complete French translation, so what I am proposing to do here is
2	read the read the quote that's attributed to the witness and
3	have it translated into Khmer for him to then respond to. But we
4	don't have a there is not a Khmer translation of the entire
5	Philip Short book at this time.
6	MR. PRESIDENT:
7	You may proceed.
8	However, I heard that you would like to provide the document in
9	hard copy to the witness. But you indicated earlier on that the
10	copy was not available in Khmer. However, you may now proceed.
11	And witness is now advised to put aside the documents in his hand
12	so that he can focus on another question relevant to another
13	piece of document.
14	You may proceed, Co-Prosecutor.
15	[11.47.15]
16	BY MR. LYSAK:
17	Thank you, Mr. President.
18	Q. Mr. Witness, let me read this to you, and and this is a
19	section from Philip Short's book that is talking about what
20	happened to Prasith in 1974 quote:
21	"This was the first time, however, that intra-Party conflict had

reached into the ranks of the Central Committee. It was the first time, too, that the Party leadership had authorized the execution of one of its own members. Prasith's case was discussed at length during the plenum at Meak. 'Pol explained', his aide-de-camp Phy

1	Phuon remembered, 'that the class struggle had become extremely
2	acute, and we had to take a resolute, decisive stance against our
3	enemies. He said that anti-communists and counter-revolutionaries
4	had to be dealt with categorically'." End of the quote attributed
5	to you.
6	[11.48.32]
7	The passage then continues: "But Phuon was not entirely
8	convinced. 'Prasith', he told himself, 'was from a national
9	minority, as I am. Is that how they think they can treat people
10	like us?'"
11	My first question is: Do you remember discussing Prasith with
12	Philip Short when he interviewed you a number of years ago?
13	MR. ROCHOEM TON:
14	A. I'm afraid I don't recollect this. I already stated that he
15	failed to show up in that meeting. It was not normal, because
16	normally he would have attended the meeting. So I could not come
17	into detail regarding this.
18	[11.49.44]
19	Q. Fair enough.
20	Were you aware of any Party leaders in the 1974 period who were
21	disciplined because they disagreed with Party policy?
22	A. I have not read in details in the form of documents, so I
23	don't recollect it.
24	Q. Do you recall whether Hou Youn, in 1974, expressed any
25	disagreement with Party policies?

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1	A. I then heard that people who worked together met him and
2	chit-chatted and Uncle Youn was heard to had have disagreed
3	with the evacuation plan. And, indeed, there were 80 people who
4	worked at the location, so when we were tasked with guarding the
5	premises, we heard from others about this discussion that Uncle
6	Youn disagreed with the evacuation plan of the people from the
7	city of Phnom Penh.
8	Q. Was Uncle Youn subject to any tempering or discipline for
9	expressing disagreement with the Party's policies?
10	[11.52.45]
11	MR. PRESIDENT:
12	Witness, could you please hold on? Wait until we hear from
13	counsel for Mr. Ieng Sary first.
14	Counsel Ang Udom, you may now proceed.
15	MR. ANG UDOM:
16	Thank you, Mr. President, Your Honours and the Court, and
17	everyone in and around the courtroom. Just now, the witness
18	indicated about the meeting and the person by the name of Hou
19	Youn and he said that he heard from others concerning this
20	individual. So he only heard from others. I should have been on
21	my feet to reject such a question.
22	[11.53.29]
23	Now the my learned colleague is trying to dwell on this
24	question of this matter again. We should now reject such a line

25 of questioning because the witness says that he heard from

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- 1 others, and such a statement could not be used as evidence.
- 2 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 3 Mr. Co-Prosecutor, would you wish to respond to such objection?
- 4 MR. LYSAK:
- 5 Yes, very briefly, Mr. President. That's not a valid objection in
- 6 this Court. There is no hearsay rule. Witnesses are entitled to
- 7 testify to information that they heard from other sources. So
- 8 that is not a valid objection.
- 9 (Judges deliberate)
- 10 [11.55.22]
- 11 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 12 The objection by counsel for Ieng Sary is not sustained.
- 13 The argument itself was not substantiated. Therefore, the Chamber 14 would like to hear from the witness to the question posed by the 15 Co-Prosecutor.
- 15 CO IIOSeculoI.
- 16 It appears that the witness may have forgotten the question
- 17 already, so prosecutor is instructed to repeat the question.
- 18 BY MR. LYSAK:
- 19 Thank you, Mr. President.

Q. My question was whether Hou Youn was subject to tempering or some other discipline for expressing disagreement with the Party's policy.

23 MR. ROCHOEM TON:

A. I, at that time, personally did not see whether he was beingtempered or subject to such tempering or not, because he worked

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- 1 at the bases. He attended meetings in areas that were liberated.
- 2 So he went to the locations more regularly.
- 3 [11.57.06]
- 4 Q. Fair enough.
- 5 I want to turn now -- we have a few minutes left before the break
- 6 -- turn now to the events of 17 April 1975, if I may. Can you
- 7 tell us where -- where were you on the morning of 17 April 1975?
- 8 A. On that day, the 17th of April 1975, I was at the Sdok Taol
- 9 Office with Om Number One.
- 10 Q. And by -- just so the record is clear -- by "Om Number One",
- 11 you are referring to Pol Pot?
- 12 A. Yes, it is. It is referred to Pol Pot.
- 13 Q. Where was the Sdok Taol Office located in relation to the B-5 14 Office that we talked about earlier today?
- 15 A. Sdok Taol Office was 10 kilometres apart from that office; it
- 16 was more adjacent to the Ra Smach location, closer to the front
- 17 battlefield.
- 18 [11.59.22]
- 19 Q. And other than yourself and Pol Pot, who else was at the Sdok 20 Taol Office on the morning of 17 April 1975?
- 21 A. There were other people, including the commanders of the
- 22 battlefields. There was Son Sen, Koy Thuon, Ta Mok, and Vorn Vet
- 23 who gathered on that day at that location.
- 24 Q. Was Khieu Samphan there?
- 25 A. No, he wasn't there on that day.

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- 1 Q. Did you know -- do you know where he was located on the 17th
- 2 of April 1975?
- 3 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 4 Witness, could you please hold on? The question from the
- 5 Co-Prosecutor was not properly heard. Perhaps his mic was not
- 6 activated. Could you please repeat it?
- 7 [12.01.14]
- 8 BY MR. LYSAK:
- 9 Q. My apologies. The question is: Do you know where Khieu Samphan
- 10 was located on the 17th of April 1975?
- 11 MR. ROCHOEM TON:
- 12 A. I just didn't see him in the Sdok Taol Office. He could have
- 13 been at the rear battlefield.
- 14 Q. Do you remember whether Nuon Chea was at the Sdok Taol Office 15 that day?
- 16 A. I didn't see him.
- 17 Q. Were you asked by Pol Pot to go into Phnom Penh on the 17th of 18 April 1975?
- A. No, I wasn't. On the 17th of April I was with him. There was no assignment. But on the 19 of April, Son Sen went to Phnom
- 21 Penh, and I went with him. It was on the 19th of April.
- 22 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 23 Thank you, Mr. Co-Prosecutor and the Witness.
- 24 Since it is now appropriate time for lunch adjournment, the
- 25 Chamber will adjourn until 1.30.

52

- 1 Counsel for Mr. Nuon Chea, you may now proceed.
- 2 [12.03.44]
- 3 MR. IANUZZI:

Thank you, Your Honour. Good morning, everyone. Very briefly, I'm 4 5 informed that our client is suffering from lower back pain, headache and a general lack of concentration. Accordingly, he 6 7 would prefer to retire to the holding cell this afternoon. I'm also informed by our client that these reoccurring conditions 8 9 are routinely preventing him from actively participating in the 10 proceedings during the afternoon sessions. I wanted to put that 11 on the record. I understand the Court is partially in the business of keeping up appearances here. I want to make it very 12 13 clear that he is not always actively following the proceedings from his holding cell, but the request stands. Thank you. 14 15 (Judges deliberate)

16 [12.05.02]

17 MR. PRESIDENT:

18 The Chamber has noted the request of Nuon Chea through his 19 counsel, asking the Chamber to allow him to observe the 20 proceedings from the holding cell for the remainder of the day. 21 The Chamber therefore grants such request.

Nuon Chea can observe the proceedings for the remainder of the day. He has already waived his right to directly participate in the courtroom.

25 The Chamber would like counsel for Nuon Chea to produce the

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- 1 waiver thumb-printed or signed by Nuon Chea.
- 2 And AV booth officers are now instructed to ensure that the AV
- 3 audio links are connected to the holding cell so that Mr. Nuon
- 4 Chea can observe the proceedings from his holding cell.
- 5 Security personnels are now instructed to bring all the accused
- 6 persons back to the holding cells and have Mr. Khieu Samphan
- 7 return to the courtroom, leaving Nuon Chea in the holding cell,
- 8 where he can observe the proceedings from there.
- 9 The Court is adjourned.
- 10 (Court recesses from 1206H to 1339H)
- 11 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 12 Please be seated. The Court is now back in session.
- 13 The floor will again be given to the Prosecution to continue
- 14 posing question to this witness.
- 15 However, before we hand over the floor, the Chamber would like to
- 16 make an observation, in particular for the international defence
- 17 counsel for Nuon Chea.
- 18 Please stand.
- 19 [13.40.28]

20 Due to the matter arising this morning before the lunch break, 21 regarding your request to the Chamber for Nuon Chea to observe 22 the proceeding remotely, the Chamber would like to inform you 23 that the room equipped with the audio-visual means, although it 24 is not the same as being directly in the courtroom, it is 25 appropriate and sufficient for the Accused to follow the

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1	proceeding and that he's in a position to communicate with the
2	counsel, and vice versa.
3	The room which has been prepared and equipped with the
4	audio-visual means has already been examined by all the lawyers,
5	and there has been no objection to the arrangement of the
6	audio-visual equipment which the ECCC has put in place.
7	In the case of the client or the counsel as raised by the counsel
8	this morning, which does not have any grounds to support such a
9	request - and as defence counsel, the issue between you and your
10	client is their own issue and you have to deal with it and fulfil
11	your duty and obligation as a counsel appropriately and
12	whatever you raise, you shall have grounds for that request or
13	submission. This is to avoid being put a request or submission
14	without any ground.
15	[13.42.59]
16	And if any Judges of the Bench would like to add to what I said,
17	please proceed.
18	Judge Cartwright, you may proceed.
19	JUDGE CARTWRIGHT:
20	Thank you, President. Just to summarize, the facilities in the
21	holding cell are available to enable the Accused any Accused
22	to participate in more informal circumstances than in the
23	courtroom. They have been inspected and approved by all parties.
24	If, however, they are not serving their purpose, it is the
25	responsibility of counsel for the particular Accused to draw that

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- 1 to the Chamber's attention when it happens, and not make a
- 2 general comment in Court. Thank you, President.
- 3 [13.43.56]

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MR. IANUZZI: 4

5 Thank you, Your Honours. If I may just make a point of 6 clarification, I was not criticizing in any way -- excuse me --7 the facilities. I've seen the facilities. They're more than 8 adequate.

What I was saying for the record is that in reality, due to those concerns that I mentioned this morning, our client is not 10 11 actually -- he's not actually actively participating in the proceedings -- without any reference to the technical 12 13 capabilities of these facilities that you've been discussing. 14 So perhaps my point was missed, as it often is, and perhaps 15 that's my fault for not making it very clear. Let me make it 16 clear now. I have no problem with those facilities. You are 17 correct. We've checked them out. We've all seen them. They're 18 perfectly fine. The point I was trying to make is that our 19 client, because of those health conditions I mentioned, is not 20 down there actively following the proceedings. That's the clarification I would like to make for the record. 21 22 I don't want to waste any more time on this. I thought it was 23 very clear this morning.

24 [13.45.00]

25 JUDGE CARTWRIGHT:

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1	What was clear to the Chamber was that you placed the
2	responsibility in some very vague way on the Court or the Chamber
3	itself. The responsibility is yours to raise this issue if your
4	client, at any point, is unable to participate. Thank you.
5	And I think the President does not want any more discussion on
6	this matter, as we, too, do not wish to waste any more time.
7	Thank you.
8	MR. IANUZZI:
9	Thank you.
10	[13.45.36]
11	MR. PRESIDENT:
12	Thank you, Judge Cartwright.
13	The Chamber would also like to inform the parties and the public
14	that the Chamber will not hold any proceeding tomorrow. We will
15	conclude this afternoon and resume on Monday next week.
16	The floor is now handed to the Prosecution to continue posing
17	question to this witness. You may proceed.
18	[13.46.12]
19	BY MR. LYSAK:
20	Thank you, Mr. President. Good afternoon.
21	Q. We were talking about the date of 17 April 1975 when we broke
22	for lunch. Can you tell the Court how you learned that Phnom Penh
23	had been liberated on that date?
24	MR. ROCHOEM TON:
25	A. At that time, Son Sen went to Pol Pot's place and he learned

1	he learned about it at that time. Also, there was a big radio
2	at our location and we could listen to any communications
3	throughout all the battlefields, so we know when a particular
4	spearhead advanced to a particular location.
5	Q. Tell us a little bit more about this radio that allowed you to
6	listen to communications. Whose whose communications were you
7	able to listen to through this radio? Were these communications
8	of the CPK military?
9	A. Usually there was a radio communication through the
10	headquarters, so where which battlefield they reached or
11	advanced to, that information would be reported through the
12	headquarters, for example, when Ta Mok or Son Sen reached a
13	particular target, so such a report through that radio
14	communication was regular. And it was reported throughout the
15	the vicinity around Phnom Penh.
16	That communication radio was a particular type. It was called
17	C-46 model, and we seized it from the Udong. And it could receive
18	or intercept all the radio communications.
19	[13.49.18]
20	Q. And for how long a period had this radio communication device
21	been used either at the Sdok Taol Office or at the B-5 Office?
22	How long did you have that ability to listen to the radio
23	communications?
24	A. That radio communication device was constantly on. It is like
25	24 hours on.

> 1 Q. Just to clarify, my question was also: How long had you been 2 in possession of this radio device? Had -- is it something -- you 3 indicated you seized it in -- at Udong. Is this something that you had been--4 5 Restart the question: Is this a device that had been in use at 6 either B-5 or the other offices in that area since the capture of 7 Udong? A. Prior to that, we had a Chinese-made two watts radio device. I 8 9 did not know how it was obtained. We also have a C-25 radio device, but when we capture Udong, we capture that C-46 radio 10 11 device and another bigger capacity radio device from Udong as 12 well. 13 [13.51.34] 14 Q. Thank you. Going back to, again, the date of 17 April 1975, after you and 15 16 the other people learned that Phnom Penh had been captured, were 17 you given any assignments in order to get ready to move into 18 Phnom Penh? And if you were, what were you asked to do? 19 A. After the liberation of Phnom Penh, as I stated this morning, 20 I entered Phnom Penh on the 19th together with Son Sen to Phnom 21 Penh. And on the 20th, everyone went to Phnom Penh. So all the 22 targets - or spearheads entered Phnom Penh, including Pol Pot, on 23 that day. 24 Q. What was the reason that you went with Son Sen one day ahead

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25 of the other leaders to go into Phnom Penh before them?

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- A. I did not know the actual reason, but from that office I was
 assigned to go ahead and to go with Son Sen because he said
 everybody would go the next day. So I went as I was assigned. I
 went together with Son Sen.
- 5 [13.53.50]
- 6 Q. Were there other people who went with you in addition to you 7 and Son Sen?
- 8 A. There were not just the two of us. Ta Mok also went, and so9 did Koy Thuon, Vorn Vet. Pol Pot also went.
- Q. Can you tell the Chamber what you saw on your trip to Phnom Penh and what you saw when you arrived at the city on the 19th of April?
- A. On the 19th, I entered through National Road Number 4 from the junction of Thnal Totueng. And first I saw the scene at Pochentong airport. I saw some planes, and then I arrived at the stadium. After that, I went to the Royal Palace and next I went to the Monivong Bridge. And from there, I went to Chrouy Changva Bridge. And actually, near that bridge, there was the French Embassy.

I saw - actually, people basically left the city already, but I still saw a handful of people. But many of them were already on en route out -- en route, as I saw, at National Road Number 4. There were many of them. And I also saw dead bodies along the road. There were many, many dead bodies along the road, and some of the corpses were already decomposed.

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1	[13.57.03]
2	And after we left the river bank, in the afternoon, we returned
3	to our location and Son Sen reported that basically our forces
4	controlled the city and then that the leaders could actually
5	arrive or enter the city. So, then, the leaders could leave on
6	the 20, so a lot of people actually left that office on the 20.
7	And when everybody from other spearheads arrived, we actually
8	gathered at the railway station, which was a meeting point.
9	[13.58.06]
10	Q. When you say that you saw many, many dead bodies on the road,
11	which where is it? Was this on National Road 4 or some other
12	location where you saw the dead bodies?
13	A. I from the junction of Baek Chan along National Road Number
14	4, I saw dead bodies and also at the junction of National Road
15	Number 3 and Number 4, I saw dead bodies as well. I also saw dead
16	bodies at the Pochentong airport.
17	There was also a few dead bodies as well at the stadium. And when
18	I asked about the dead bodies to Son Sen, he said that in some
19	places when there were fierce resistance we had to put them down.
20	So those who resisted us, we had to put them down.
21	And at that time soldiers there were plenty of soldiers at
22	every spearhead. I refer to the 19th and the 20th of April. So
23	all the military commanders were at all those assigned
24	spearheads.
0.5	

25 Q. The corpses that you saw at these locations, were they

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- 1 civilians, were the soldiers or were they both?
- 2 A. Mainly they were soldiers since I noticed the helmet they
- 3 used.
- 4 [14.00.40]
- 5 Q. And on the next day, who -- which leaders came into Phnom Penh 6 on the 20th and met with you at the railway station?
- 7 A. I already indicated that each commander of each battlefield
- 8 came together. Both the heads of divisions, regiments and
- 9 battalions all come -- came together.
- 10 Q. Did those battalion commanders, battlefield commanders, did
- 11 they come with Pol Pot?
- 12 A. Everyone who was engaged in the battlefield had to come all 13 together.

Q. What I want to ask you and have you clarify is which of the leaders arrived at the -- arrived and met you at the Phnom Penh railway station on the 20th. Can you tell us the group of leaders that came and based themselves at the railway station on that date?

19 A. At the train station, it was the location where Son Sen wanted 20 people to come and meet, so his people came to that place. And at 21 the location on National Road Number 5, there were also heads of 22 divisions who came to meet together, received by Koy Thuon. 23 I did not see Nuon Chea at that location yet. I only noted that 24 there were heads of battlefields, from each battlefield from the 25 zones. There were people, included Koy Thuon, So Phim, Vorn Vet,

1	Cheng An and Ta Mok. So all the commanders or the committees of
2	the divisions of the surrounding battlefields and cadres came to
3	meet.
4	[14.04.18]
5	Q. At what time did Pol Pot, Nuon Chea, and Khieu Samphan arrive
6	at the railway station? Was that also on the 20th of April, or
7	did they not arrive until a later date?
8	A. Nuon Chea came later, perhaps on the 21st of April, I believe.
9	And other people kept coming on National Road Number 5 and I
10	entered Phnom Penh on National Road Number 4. We had to cross the
11	Preaek Kdam ferry crossing.
12	Q. Do you remember when Pol Pot and Khieu Samphan arrived? Did
13	they arrive with this other group of military commanders, or did
14	they travel separately from them?
15	A. At that time, Om Nuon Chea and Khieu Samphan, their trip was
16	arranged by Pang and they came at a later date.
17	Q. How long were the Party leaders located or based at the
18	railway station after they all arrived in Phnom Penh?
19	A. At the train station, we had remained there for less than a
20	week before we departed.
21	[14.06.57]
22	Q. And what was your assignment? What were you assigned to do
23	during that week period, that one-week period that the leaders
24	were at the Phnom Penh railway station?
25	A. I was assigned to guard the complex, the surrounding complex,

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- 1 days and nights and I had to remain there because security was a 2 primary concern and I had to focus on providing security
- 3 protection for the people there.
- 4 [14.07.52]
- 5 Q. When did Ieng Sary arrive in Phnom Penh?

6 A. Om Ieng Sary arrived in Phnom Penh after the liberation, a

- 7 week or maybe after that.
- 8 Q. Is it correct, did he arrive after the other -- all the other
- 9 leaders had already arrived at the train station?
- 10 A. Yes, it is correct. He arrived the latest because he was
- 11 abroad and had to land at the Pochentong airport and came to the 12 location.
- 13 Q. And when Ieng Sary arrived in Phnom Penh; did he also stay at 14 the railway station with the other leaders?
- A. At that time we relocated, we moved from the train station to the Ministry of Commerce, at that time. And it is now the place called the General Staff location and it was the place where we stayed after the train station.
- 19 [14.10.10]

20 Q. And do you remember whether when Ieng Sary arrived you were 21 still at the train station or whether you had already moved on to 22 the Ministry of Commerce? Or do you not remember when exactly he 23 arrived?

A. I don't remember what happened between this period, but I remember that at the former Ministry of Commerce, when I went

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- 1 there, I saw him with other people.
- 2 Q. And how long were the leaders based at the Ministry -- or the
- 3 former Ministry of Commerce? How long were they there?
- 4 A. They were there for about a fortnight.
- Q. Can you describe for us a little bit what Pol Pot, Nuon Chea, Khieu Samphan, Ieng Sary, and the other leaders were doing during the period that they were based at the railway station and the Ministry of Commerce? Can you tell us a little bit about what was going on during that time period?
- 10 A. I saw them working at the train station and at the former 11 Ministry of Commerce, they met and had meetings -- they met a 12 lot, they met days and nights, and they kept meeting people at 13 the battlefields.
- 14 [14.12.57]

Q. In English, it was translated as "they kept meeting people at 15 16 the battlefields". Did you mean that they were meeting people --17 military commanders from the battlefield or were they going -leaving their base at the train station and the Ministry of 18 19 Commerce to have meetings outside those locations? 20 A. What I was saying was that they worked at the train station and commanders of each battlefield had to remain in their 21 22 respective battlefield, but they had to come and meet at the 23 place, for example, the former Ministry of Commerce. Sometimes, 24 when other people had other prior commitment, only two or three 25 people would convene the meeting and they would meet without

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- 1 having all people together in each meeting.
- 2 [14.14.24]
- 3 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 4 Co-Prosecutor, could you please hold on?
- 5 Counsel Karnavas is on his feet; he may proceed
- 6 MR. KARNAVAS:

7 Thank you, Mr. President and good afternoon, Mr. President. Good afternoon, Your Honours and everyone in and around the courtroom. 8 9 I didn't object to the last question but I thought it was --10 aside from being compound it was unfair. He talked about -- the 11 gentleman has indicated that Mr. Ieng Sary was not at the train 12 station, then very cleverly the question was Mr. Ieng Sary and 13 the others at the train station and at the Ministry of Commerce 14 what they were doing and whether they were meeting, the "they" 15 and what have you. What troubles me is the manner in which the 16 questions are framed; we're not getting clear answers. So, if 17 we're going to talk about what happened when they were at the 18 train station, who was there, what happened, who they meet, then 19 move to the Commerce, if there were meetings, who's at the 20 meetings, or what were these meetings about.

21 [14.15.25]

22 But "they" in the Military -- I understand the Prosecution would 23 like to lump everybody in, doing everything together, but there 24 may be some nuances here that need to be clarified for the 25 record. And I'm sure that the prosecutor is very -- very skilful

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1	and artful and he can do so if he wishes to. Thank you.
2	MR. LYSAK:
3	I'm not sure I understand the objection. I mean, if Mr. Karnavas
4	wishes to pursue nuances on that, he can. The witness testified
5	he was not certain whether Ieng Sary arrived while they were
6	still at the train station or after they'd move to the Ministry
7	of Commerce, this was a very short period of time. Therefore,
8	there's simply no reason to break it apart in the way he suggest,
9	but he is certainly welcomed to examine the witness on those
10	points if he wishes.
11	(Judges deliberate)
12	[14.16.51]
13	MR. PRESIDENT:
14	International Co-Prosecutor, you may now proceed with your
15	questions.
16	BY MR. LYSAK:
17	Q. Partly in response to what Ieng Sary's counsel has raised,
18	you've talked about that you saw leaders meeting with military
19	commanders who would come in. Who were the leaders from the
20	Centre who you saw meeting with military commanders? Which people
21	did you see participating in this?
22	MR. KARNAVAS:
23	At what time? When? This is important.
24	MR. LYSAK:
25	Mr. President, if I can get an answer to this question, then I
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- 1 can follow up with other questions such as when, where, that type
- 2 of thing. Being interrupted is not helping the process here.
- 3 [14.18.09]
- 4 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 5 Indeed, Co-Prosecutor, you may continue putting your questions. 6 And, Counsel Karnavas, indeed, you feel that there is something 7 wrong in the line of questioning or the statement by the witness, 8 you may take the opportunity to address the issues when your time 9 is on. And, indeed, Co-Prosecutor may have different techniques 10 for that.
- 11 You may proceed.
- 12 BY MR. LYSAK:
- Q. To repeat my question, Mr. Witness, who is it that you saw meeting with military leaders either at the train station or the Ministry of Commerce?
- 16 [14.19.16]
- 17 MR. ROCHOEM TON:

18 A. Just now, I just stated that at the train station military 19 commanders from each respective battlefield -- for example, Ta 20 Mok, Vorn Vet, Koy Thuon, So Phim battlefields -- these people 21 kept coming to work with them on a regular basis and also their 22 commanders from divisions who came to meet at the train station. 23 Then we relocated to the Ministry of Commerce and at that 24 location cadres from each battlefield would come and go. They 25 came to meet then so they worked on a regular basis, they worked

1	every day and night at the train station and at the Ministry of
2	Commerce. When it was necessary, they had to continue working
3	until late at night.
4	Q. And was Nuon Chea a regular participant in these meetings?
5	A. Indeed, when they met they came all together to meet.
6	Q. Was Khieu Samphan a regular participant in these meetings?
7	A. Yes, he was. These people came to work on a regular basis
8	including Pol Pot, Nuon Chea, Khieu Samphan, Ieng Sary, Son Sen,
9	who worked on a daily basis. They worked together there.
10	Q. Thank you for clarifying that. Bear with me, let me ask you
11	specifically again about Ieng Sary. After he arrived in Phnom
12	Penh, did he regularly participate in those meetings?
13	[14.22.24]
14	A. Yes, he did after he arrived from abroad. When he arrived, the
15	most urgent matter was to organize the place adjacent to the rear
16	of the Royal Palace to receive guests and we had to think of
17	security, provision, kitchen, catering services and other.
18	Q. During this period that the leaders were together in the train
19	station and then the Ministry of Commerce, were they living and
20	working together day and night or did they have separate places
21	where they were going to sleep at night?
22	A. What I saw was that Om Pol Pot, Nuon Chea, Khieu Samphan, Ieng
23	Sary lived close to one another except Son Sen and Ta Mok, Vorn
24	Vet, and Koy Thuon, who lived separately. So Phim also had his
25	own separate place to live. And for each person they had their

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- 1 own forces and people to work for them respectively.
- 2 [14.24.24]
- 3 Q. Thank you. Where did the leaders move to after the Ministry of
- 4 Commerce?
- 5 A. After that place they moved to different locations, namely
- 6 K-3. Then at K-3 -- indeed I was not there to be part of the
- 7 arrangement.
- 8 Q. Was there a period of time where the leaders were located at
- 9 the Silver Pagoda?
- 10 A. We met there in May.
- 11 Q. So there was a -- were they located there for the entire month 12 of May 1975?
- A. They met at the Silver Pagoda. Some of the leaders of the zones came to attend study sessions for about 10 days there.
 Q. And when the leaders were located at the Silver Pagoda; were
- 16 you also located -- working there as a guard?
- A. They stayed at the Silver Pagoda but I stayed at a house which was to the west -- adjacent to the place -- but to the west of the premises. It was at the house where people received guests.
- 20 [14.27.33]
- Q. Did you work during the day at the location in the Silver Pagoda where the leaders were?
- A. During the daytime, I would go there, but I was based to the west of the Silver Pagoda because I had to guard the guest house.
 Q. Now you've indicated that in May 1975 while the leaders were

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70 at the Silver Pagoda, there was a period of 10 days where there was meetings with the zone leaders. I'd like to turn now to those meetings to ask you some questions about that. First of all, can you tell us approximately how many people in total were participating in these meetings that went on for 10 days at the Silver Pagoda in May of 1975? A. I did not count the number of people attending the sessions, but I noted that people from all zones coming to the session. Q. And were you present in the room where the meetings were taking place? [14.29.46] A. Some days I was there, but on some days I was at the quest house. Q. Who was leading these meetings during the days that you were present and were able to observe them? A. The people who led the meetings were mainly Pol Pot and Nuon Chea. Q. And based on your observations, what were the purpose of these meetings? What were the leaders doing during these 10 days? A. From what I observed regarding the meetings or the meetings in the jungle, the study session and the meetings at that place, usually they would summarize the situation stating that Phnom Penh was completely liberated and that we had to plan our targets. It was that we conducted -- or engaged in popular democratic revolution and that was completed. And after the

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1 meeting, I saw a document which stated that now we are going to 2 engage in socialism revolution -- socialist revolution. And the 3 subsequent meetings talked about the socialist revolution in order to achieve the communism state. And usually they would also 4 5 touch upon the situation inside and outside the country, the 6 revolutionary life view and the planning -- the future planning 7 that needs to be implemented. [14.32.42] 8 9 Q. When you say that the meetings discussed that national 10 democratic revolution had been achieved and that you were going 11 to proceed to socialist revolution -- do you remember what matters were discussed in terms of what needed to be done to 12 13 achieve socialist revolution? A. I cannot recall all the details regarding the documents. 14 15 However, the purpose was what I just mentioned earlier. Many of 16 the documents discussed about the construction of the socialist 17 revolution; about building and defending the country; about 18 building the progressive cooperatives. But I cannot recall the 19 details of those documents. I saw and I read those documents. 20 Q. You've told us that Pol Pot and Nuon Chea led these meetings. 21 Can you tell us -- was Ieng Sary and Khieu Samphan present during 22 these meetings? 23 [14.34.32]

24 A. Yes, they were present during those meetings.

25 Q. And I wanted to ask you whether -- about a number of subjects

1	whether you heard any discussion about some of these items,
2	whether they came up during the meetings. You told us earlier
3	today that the meeting that you were present at B-5, where there
4	was a decision made to evacuate Phnom Penh on a temporary basis
5	for a one-week period. Was there any discussion during these
6	meetings in May 1975 about whether the evacuation of the people
7	from Phnom Penh should be permanent?
8	A. During the time that I was on guard, I did not hear the
9	discussion regarding that kind of evacuation.
10	Q. At any time, did you come to learn whether or not a decision
11	was made that the evacuation of the people from Phnom Penh was to
12	be permanent and not temporary? Were you ever informed of such a
13	decision?
14	[14.36.42]
15	A. No, I did not know about that.
16	Q. Do you remember whether at the May 1975 meetings there was any
17	discussion about whether or not to circulate currency in the
18	country?
19	A. No, I did not hear about that kind of discussion.
20	Q. Did you hear any discussion about what to do with pagodas and
21	monks in the country? Was that a subject that was discussed at
22	the May 1975 meetings?
23	A. I did not hear about that matter, there was no comment made
24	regarding that matter. It was silent on that matter.
25	[14.38.24]

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1 Q. Do you remember whether following the 10-day meeting of the 2 leaders at the Silver Pagoda -- was there a larger meeting that 3 took place after that that was attended by cadres from throughout the country, either at the Khmer-Soviet Institute or at the old 4 5 sports arena? Do you recall that meeting? 6 A. I cannot recall that. Q. How long did you continue to work as a guard for the leaders 7 following the meetings at the Silver Pagoda in May of 1975? How 8 9 long did you continue to work as a guard for them? 10 A. Upon the arrival from abroad of Om Ieng Sary, guest arrived --11 started arriving from May. And my duty at the time was to quard 12 and to prepare the questhouse. But I mainly worked in the 13 preparation for the quests at the questhouse, and not on guard. 14 [14.40.30] 15 Q. When was it that you transitioned from being a bodyquard from 16 the leaders to working for Ieng Sary and preparing preparations for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs? Do you recall when you made 17 that transition in 1975? 18 19 A. Yes, I can recall that it started from May.

20 Q. Do you remember when it was that the leaders moved into the 21 K-1 Office?

A. Based on my collection, there were many places; there were
K-3, and later on they moved to K-1. That was in late 1975.
MR. PRESIDENT:

25 Thank you, the Prosecution. Thank you, Mr. Witness.

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1	The time is now appropriate for a break a short break and
2	resumed at 3 p.m.
3	Court Officer, could you assist the witness in the waiting room
4	during the break and have him returned to the courtroom at 3
5	p.m.?
6	Defence Counsel, you may proceed.
7	MR. VERCKEN:
8	Thank you very much, Mr. President.
9	[14.43.38]
10	Perhaps you have perhaps you've noticed that Mr. Khieu Samphan
11	has been taken by some strong coughing and he had to leave so as
12	not to disturb this tribunal. And he is asking permission to
13	spend the coming hour, up to the end of today's hearings, in the
14	room downstairs so that he won't have to try and stop himself
15	from coughing non-stop. And he doesn't want to disturb the work
16	of this Chamber. Thank you.
17	MR. PRESIDENT:
18	Yes, the Chamber grants that request.
19	Security guard, you're instructed to take the Accused to the
20	holding cell downstairs, which has been equipped with the
21	audio-visual facility.
22	The Court is now adjourned.
23	(Court recesses from 1443H to 1500H)
24	MR. PRESIDENT:
25	Please be seated. The Court is now back in session.
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1	Before we hand over to the Co-Prosecutor, the Chamber would like
2	to inform counsel for Mr. Khieu Samphan to submit the waiver of
3	Mr. Khieu Samphan to the greffier of the Trial Chamber at the
4	earliest convenience.
5	And at the same time, AV booth officers are now instructed to
6	ensure that the AV equipments are very well linked to the holding
7	cell where Mr. Khieu Samphan can observe the proceedings from
8	there.
9	[15.02.09]
10	I would like now to hand over to the Co-Prosecutor to proceed
11	with the questions.
12	BY MR. LYSAK:
13	Thank you, Mr. President.
13 14	Thank you, Mr. President. Q. Mr. Witness, you'll be happy to know that I've finished the
14	Q. Mr. Witness, you'll be happy to know that I've finished the
14 15	Q. Mr. Witness, you'll be happy to know that I've finished the questions the detailed questions about where the leaders were
14 15 16	Q. Mr. Witness, you'll be happy to know that I've finished the questions the detailed questions about where the leaders were located and the periods they were at. I appreciate you bearing
14 15 16 17	Q. Mr. Witness, you'll be happy to know that I've finished the questions the detailed questions about where the leaders were located and the periods they were at. I appreciate you bearing with me on that. I know that's some very detailed questions.
14 15 16 17 18	Q. Mr. Witness, you'll be happy to know that I've finished the questions the detailed questions about where the leaders were located and the periods they were at. I appreciate you bearing with me on that. I know that's some very detailed questions. I want to turn now to the period that you worked for the Ministry
14 15 16 17 18 19	Q. Mr. Witness, you'll be happy to know that I've finished the questions the detailed questions about where the leaders were located and the periods they were at. I appreciate you bearing with me on that. I know that's some very detailed questions. I want to turn now to the period that you worked for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. And what I'd first like to ask you is you
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Q. Mr. Witness, you'll be happy to know that I've finished the questions the detailed questions about where the leaders were located and the periods they were at. I appreciate you bearing with me on that. I know that's some very detailed questions. I want to turn now to the period that you worked for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. And what I'd first like to ask you is you indicated that you started working on preparations for the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q. Mr. Witness, you'll be happy to know that I've finished the questions the detailed questions about where the leaders were located and the periods they were at. I appreciate you bearing with me on that. I know that's some very detailed questions. I want to turn now to the period that you worked for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. And what I'd first like to ask you is you indicated that you started working on preparations for the ministry starting in May of 1975. When did the ministry begin

24 MR. ROCHOEM TON:

25 A. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs, as already mentioned, started

> 76 1 in May -- rather, 1975, when Om Ieng Sary came back from abroad, 2 because from May 1975 onwards, the ministry had received quests 3 on a weekly basis. There was no official announcement, but I was in charge of arranging the questhouse, or the place where we 4 5 received quests. I was in charge of catering services, and I 6 already was deeply engaged in my tasks, commencing from the 5th 7 -- rather, from May 1975. And by late 1975 or early 1976, the ministry, B-1, was 8 9 established. 10 Q. You just made a reference to B-1. Was B-1 the codename for the 11 Ministry of Foreign Affairs? A. Yes, it was. 12 13 [15.04.36] That's the code name for the ministry and for the section in 14 15 charge of receiving foreign guests. 16 Q. And can you tell us what your position was, at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs? 17 18 A. I was the head of the B-1 administration section, overly in 19 charge of administration. 20 Q. And can you tell us a little bit about what your areas of 21 responsibility were, as the head of administration for the 22 Ministry of Foreign Affairs? 23 A. I already stated I was the head of B-1 Office. I was overly in 24 charge of psychologically and politically controlling or 25 administering the people there. And also this section supervised

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2 Saophoan, Battambang, Kampong Cham and Kampong Chhnang. There 3 were branches where questhouses were established to receive quests. 4 5 [15.07.16] 6 Q. During the time that you worked as the head of administration, 7 who was your superior? Who was the superior to whom you reported? A. Om Ieng Sary was the overall -- person who overally (sic) in 8 9 charge of the place. Q. And was he the highest-ranking official at the Ministry of 10 11 Foreign Affairs? 12 A. Yes. 13 Q. Can you identify for us some of the other cadres who had managerial responsibilities at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 14 15 and reported to Ieng Sary? Can you identify us who the other 16 section heads were at the ministry? A. There were different sections. For example, for the diplomatic 17 18 section, Mr. Thuon was in charge; for the kitchen section, Sin 19 (phonetic) was in charge; and for political affairs, So Hong was 20 the man in charge. 21 Q. How many people in total worked at the Ministry of Foreign 22 Affairs? A. By late 1978, there were up more than 1,000 people working 23 24 there. 25 [15.10.33]

other parts of the country, like section in Sihanouk, Serei

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1	Q. Going back to when the ministry was established, can you tell
2	us how the personnel were selected to work at the ministry?
3	A. At the cadre level, Office 870 was in charge of selecting
4	people to work at B 1, and for personnel who worked in the
5	ministry, Om Ieng Sary was the one who advised and recruited and
6	I was the one who had to implement to the instruction or to
7	advise or instruct people to work at the kitchens and elsewhere
8	concerning administration.
9	MR. LYSAK:
10	Mr. President, at this time I'd like to provide the witness with
11	a copy of his first interview with the Investigating Judges,
12	which is document E3/24, originally previously in the case
13	file as D91/10, and I wanted to ask him about a couple of
14	passages from that. The specific passages that I'm going to ask
15	him about, the first is at English ERN 00223583; Khmer ERN
16	00204070; and French ERN 00503923.
17	So, if I have permission to provide a copy to the witness and put
18	that document on the screen
19	MR. PRESIDENT:
20	You may proceed.
21	Court officer is now instructed to bring the hard copy of the
22	document to the witness for examination.
23	[15.13.31]
24	MR. VERCKEN:
25	Mr. President, may I request the prosecutor to repeat the ERN in

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- 1 French? Because what I have does not correspond to what he must
- 2 have said.
- 3 MR. LYSAK:
- 4 Yes, I'm happy to do that. The French ERN is 00503923.
- 5 MR. VERCKEN:
- 6 I crave the Court's indulgence. That reference does not
- 7 correspond to any of the statements given by the witness. Could
- 8 you please, therefore, give me the page of the other version in
- 9 English that would enable me to find the page? Thank you.
- 10 [15.14.43]
- 11 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 12 Counsel for the civil parties, you may now proceed.
- 13 MS. SIMONNEAU-FORT:
- 14 As far as I am concerned, the ERN in French is correct, and it is
- 15 page 7. Perhaps that would help my learned friend. Thank you.
- 16 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 17 Thank you very much, Counsel.
- 18 Mr. Co Prosecutor, you may now continue.
- 19 BY MR. LYSAK:

20 Q. The passage from your interview I would like to direct you to, 21 Mr. Witness, reads as follows:

- 22 "At Borei Keila, there were people from every zone. The Ministry
- 23 of Foreign Affairs had the right to choose its people directly.
- 24 Other ministries also went to Borei Keila to select. Office 870
- 25 had selected them from the zones. And at the Foreign Ministry,

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- 1 I Ing Sary was the person who designated the selection: first, by
- 2 the class; second, by the qualifications; and third, persons from 3 old revolutionary bases."
- 4 [15.16.03]

5 And my first follow up question on this is -- you've stated that 6 Office 870 selected people from the zones and brought them to 7 Borei Keila and that the ministries then selected personnel from 8 that group. Can you tell us, first of all, what Office 870 is? 9 When you referred to Office 870, what were you referring to? 10 MR. ROCHOEM TON:

A. Office 870 was in charge by Pang, who received instructions from Om Pol Pot, and this office communicated with other zones. For example, how many people would be needed by the ministry then Pang would be the one who helped select these people.

15 Q. And did you participate in selecting the people from Borei

16 Keila who were then assigned to work at the Ministry of Foreign

- 17 Affairs?
- 18 [15.17.45]

19 A. Yes, I also was personally engaged in the process.

Q. Can you tell us, approximately, when it was that you went to Borei Keila to select people to work at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs?

A. It was starting from the year 1977. Before 1977, it was the Office 870 who selected the people and sent them to me and my section to further arrange.

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1 Q. Just so I'm clear, so you're saying it was only starting in 2 1977 that you were able to go to Borei Keila and select people 3 yourself; is that right? A. Yes, it is. 4 Q. Now, in the passage that I read from your interview, you 5 6 indicated that Ieng Sary had provided some criteria for selecting 7 those personnel. How did he communicate those criteria to you? A. He instructed and referred to the written documents and he 8 verbally told me about that, and he said that the recruitment had 9 to follow the instructions as stated in the written documents. 10 Q. Where had these written documents come from? Were these 11 12 Ministry of Foreign Affairs documents or were there -- were they 13 documents that came from somewhere else? [15.20.57] 14 A. These documents were from Office 870. 15 16 Q. And you indicated in your testimony to the Investigating 17 Judges that the first criteria that you were instructed to look 18 at for selecting personnel was their class or their class 19 background. What class backgrounds were you told were required in 20 order to select personnel to work at the Ministry of Foreign 21 Affairs? 22 A. When it comes to class pedigree, it referred to the people 23 from poor peasant class. People who had never been affiliated 24 with any groups; they had been doing farming on some very 25 difficult land to farm.

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- 1 $\,$ Q. Were you told why it was important that people who be
- 2 appointed come from a poor peasant class?
- 3 [15.22.53]

A. Through study sessions, poor peasant class and worker class
were regarded as the core forces of the revolution, and these
statements were substantiated in the study sessions materials, or
confirmed in those materials.

- Q. And when you went to Borei Keila to select people to work atthe ministry, how did you know what their class background was?
- 10 Had they been required to prepare biographies, or were you
- 11 required to question these people?
- 12 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 13 Mr. Witness, could you please hold on?
- 14 International co counsel for Mr. Ieng Sary is on his feet. He may 15 now proceed.
- 16 MR. KARNAVAS:

I know these are hyper technical, or at least it may seem to be technical, but why can't we just ask the simple question, as opposed to then going on and giving a smorgasbord of options from which to choose? How was it determined? And let the witness -- it just seems it's leading all the way.

22 [15.24.21]

Now, if we're not going to do it right, and we're going to lead, let's lead, and allow us to lead as well, but I think it confuses everything.

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- 1 And I understand that this may be a technique that they find
- 2 amusing, but I certainly don't think it is amusing and I think
- 3 this is the wrong approach.
- 4 MR. LYSAK:
- 5 Mr. President, there's nothing leading about the question. The 6 witness can tell us -- and there's nothing wrong with asking him 7 -- whether these witnesses had biographies. So I do not think 8 this is an appropriate objection. This witness is certainly able 9 to tell us the answer to this. There's -- in no way have we 10 suggested or fed him an answer as to this question.
- 11 [15.25.33]
- 12 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 13 The objection by the counsel for Ieng Sary was not substantiated 14 and, therefore, not sustained. Witness is now instructed to 15 respond to the question, if you still remember.
- 16 If you don't, International Co Prosecutor is now advised to
- 17 repeat the question so that witness can clearly understand the
- 18 question and respond accordingly.
- 19 BY MR. LYSAK:
- 20 Q. Mr. Witness, would you like me to repeat the question, or do 21 you remember it?
- 22 MR. ROCHOEM TON:
- 23 A. It would be better if you repeat the question, please.
- 24 Q. So my question to you was: When you arrived at Borei Keila,
- 25 how did you know the class background of the people who were

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1	there who you had to choose to be at the Ministry of Foreign
2	Affairs?
3	A. At Borei Keila, there were summary of biographies that kept
4	there and we had to contact the people who kept the documents.
5	Then we would call the person whose name appeared in each
6	respective biography and have it checked against the guidelines
7	as instructed in the documents.
8	[15.27.46]
9	If the person's biography matched the description then they would
10	be selected to work for B 1. Indeed, people who selected for B 1 $$
11	would also be poised to work abroad. We need to we needed to
12	look at people who had a proper physical appearance, like well
13	build, tall, for that purpose.
14	Q. Thank you.
15	I'd like to turn to another subject now. During the time that you
16	worked at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, was one of the
17	functions for which you were responsible the delivery of letters
18	or other documents from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to other
19	persons and organizations? Were you responsible for delivering
20	documents?
21	A. I'm afraid I do not quite get the question. Could you please
22	repeat it?
23	[15.29.29]
24	Q. During the time you worked at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs,
25	was one of your responsibilities delivering documents for Ieng

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1 Sary?

2 A. You referred to the documents transmitted to Ieng Sary. Of 3 course, if there were other documents from other offices. Those documents would be transmitted to Ieng Sary, and I, myself, had a 4 5 personal discussion with him regarding the staff selection. For 6 example, how many staff had been selected for this zone or that 7 zone, and he would agree, then that process would move ahead. Q. I think there was either a problem in the way I asked the 8 9 question or the translation. So let me try again. What I was 10 asking you about was whether you were responsible for delivering 11 letters or other documents that Ieng Sary had prepared and wanted delivered to other persons? 12

13 A. Any document that he asked me to deliver to Office 870, I 14 would did (sic) so. I would deliver them to the head of Office 15 870 -- that is, to Pang.

16 Q. Were there other persons or offices to whom you delivered 17 documents or letters from Ieng Sary in addition to Office 870? 18 A. Regarding the delivery of documents from Ieng Sary to others 19 besides Pol Pot, it was not frequent. If the documents or letters 20 needs to be delivered to the bases or those letters had to go 21 through Office 870, then that office would disseminate those 22 letters to the bases. We did not deliver those messages or 23 letters directly to the bases. It had to go through Office 870. 24 [15.32.51]

25 Q. Well, let me take you through various people and groups. Did

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- 1 you deliver documents from Ieng Sary to Pol Pot?
- A. If he assigned me to deliver a document to Pol Pot, then I did, but actually they worked together and basically they would contact each other personally, because usually, in the evening, they would gather all together.
- 6 MR. LYSAK:
- Mr. President, I'd like to at this time refer the witness to another section of his interview with the Investigating Judges and then ask some follow up questions to that. This is again document E3/24, the same interview that we provided to him a few moments ago, and the passage that I'd like to ask him about is at Khmer ERN 00204071, English ERN 00223583, and French ERN 00503923 through 503924.
- 14 [15.34.48]
- 15 And if we may have permission to put that on the screen also?
- 16 MR. PRESIDENT:
- 17 Yes, you may proceed.
- 18 BY MR. LYSAK:

Q. The section of your interview that I wanted to ask you about,
 Mr. Witness, reads as follows:

"The courier work in the Foreign Ministry, whatever needed to be delivered to Pol Pot and the other ministries, I was the person in charge of taking it to senior ministry leaders including Pol Pot and Son Sen. Sometimes I waited for written or oral replies to take back."

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1	And I understand what you just told us, which is that Pol Pot and
2	Ieng Sary worked together. But when you were asked to deliver
3	documents or letters from Ieng Sary to Pol Pot, where would you
4	go? Where would you go to bring Pol Pot a letter?
5	[15.36.16]
6	MR. ROCHOEM TON:
7	A. As I just stated, if there was a document or letter from the
8	ministry and if Mr. Ieng Sary was to assign it to me to deliver
9	to Pol Pot, I would just do that or to Son Sen, I would do the
10	same, or to Vorn Vet. It was the same procedure for these people
11	as well as for Khieu Samphan. That was how it's done.
12	Q. Did you personally deliver letters to Ieng I'm sorry to
13	Pol Pot and Son Sen, or would you deliver them to one of their
14	assistants?
15	A. Based on the instruction from Ieng Sary, if I was to deliver
16	to the assistant, then I would do that. If I had to deliver to
17	him personally, then I would deliver to him personally.
18	Q. Where was Son Sen located? Where was it that you would go to
19	deliver a letter if you were asked to deliver a letter to Son
20	Sen? Can you tell us that?
21	[15.38.09]
22	A. Regularly, Son Sen would stay at the Ministry of Defense.

A. Regularly, Son Sen would stay at the Ministry of Defense.
However, the Ministry of Defense was adjacent to the Ministry of
Foreign Affairs.

25 Q. Same question for Pol Pot: If you were asked to deliver a

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1	letter from Ieng Sary personally to Pol Pot, where would you go
2	to what office?
3	A. If it depends on the instruction from Ieng Sary. If he
4	if he told me if he told me that I had to take it to Pol Pot
5	at K-3, then I would deliver to K-3 or K-1, then I would
6	deliver to K-1, or the Silver Pagoda that was based it
7	depended on the instruction from Om Ieng Sary.
8	[15.39.31]
9	Q. Okay. Thank you.
10	On the same page of your OCIJ interview, you also provided the
11	following answer.
12	The question was: "Do you remember taking messages from Ieng Sary
13	to Khieu Samphan?"
14	Answer: "There were many, like when preparing for visitors,
15	before travel down to the zones."
16	And the same question I want to ask the same question about
17	Khieu Samphan: When you would deliver letters from Ieng Sary to
18	Khieu Samphan, where is it that Khieu Samphan was based? Where
19	was it that his office was located?
20	A. I used to deliver letters to Khieu Samphan and his office was
21	located at Office K-3. Basically, he stayed at Office K-3.
22	Q. And did you also deliver letters to Khieu Samphan at Office
23	870?
24	A. Office 870 actually, Office K-3 or K-1 was still part of
25	Office 870 and sometimes I delivered the letters to both offices;

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1 that is K-1 and K-3 which were part of Office 870.

2 [15.41.52]

3 Q. In the answer I just read to you from your interview, you indicated that one of the times that Ieng Sary and Khieu Samphan 4 5 exchanged correspondence was when preparing for visitors or 6 before travel down to the zones. Were there occasions where leng 7 Sary and Khieu Samphan travelled together to the zones? A. Usually, the exchanges of messages occurred when there was a 8 9 delegation visiting the country. For example, there was this delegation visiting Kampong Cham and Prey Veng, and he 10 11 communicated with Khieu Samphan in order to inform the zone to 12 receive the delegation, but Khieu Samphan did not go; only Ieng 13 Sary went with the - that delegation -- that is, the delegation 14 of Chen Yung-Kuei.

15 Q. Did you travel with Ieng Sary when he would go to the zones or 16 provinces?

17 A. Yes, I did.

18 [15.43.51]

19 Q. And how often did Ieng Sary travel to the zones, or visit the 20 zones?

A. As I recall, when there were many delegations or diplomaticcorps, then he would go, but it was not that often.

Q. When you travelled with Ieng Sary to the zones, were you able
to observe the condition of the people who were living there?
A. I made my observation during my trip with him. What I observed

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1 was that the people along the way that I travelled, their outward 2 appearance was not that pleasant. They looked tired as they had 3 to build dams and dig canals and in certain places they only had 4 gruel to eat.

5 Q. Thank you for that response.

Now, in the first passage I read to you from your interview about delivering documents, you indicated that sometimes you waited for written or oral replies to take back. Do you recall occasions when you delivered a document for Ieng Sary and received a -waited and received a response back? Can you tell us who it was that would provide responses to Ieng Sary in response to his letters?

13 [15.46.53]

A. As I recall, if the letter was to be sent to Pol Pot, Pol Pot would read the letter, annotate it, and the letter would be sent back. In the case of Khieu Samphan, a similar case happened, and also likewise with Nuon Chea and Son Sen. On a regular basis, those people would annotate the letters and the letters would be delivered back to him.

Q. I want to turn now to some more questions about Office 870.
Your interview with the Investigating Judges, document E3/24, if
you look on Khmer page 00204071, which is English page 00223584
and French at page 00503924 -- I want to direct you to the
following question and answer:

25 Question: "Did you personally hand letters to Khieu Samphan?"

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1 [15.48.39] 2 Answer: "Yes. I took them to Khieu Samphan, telephoning him in 3 advance. Mostly I met him personally, and when I did not meet him, I placed them on his desk. Office 870 was located in the 4 5 current Russian Embassy." 6 When you refer to an Office 870 that was located in the current 7 Russian Embassy, was that part -- was that the same location as 8 Office K-1 or was that a different office or different building; 9 can you tell us that? 10 A. I already made some statements regarding Office 870. The 11 Office 870 where Khieu Samphan stayed would be both at K-3 and 12 K-1. These were the two locations where I had contact with him. 13 And, yes, before I went to see him I would telephone him in 14 advance and if he was not there then I would just place the 15 letter on his desk. 16 Q. Can you tell us where the K-1 Office was located and where the 17 K-3 Office was located? 18 [15.50.30] 19 A. Currently, I cannot recall the location of K-3. The landscape 20 has completely changed; it's been more than 30 years. It was 21 along the embassy compound. There were the Laos Embassy, the 22 Cuban Embassy, the Yuqoslavian Embassy, and K-3 Office was 23 located in that vicinity. As for K-1 Office, it was located along 24 the riverbank of the Basak River. 25 Q. Who was the Chairman of Office 870?

1	A. Initially, it was Bong Pang who was the Chairman. And after
2	Pang disappeared, Doeun was in charge, and after the
3	disappearance of Doeun, it was Om Khieu Samphan who was in
4	charge.
5	Q. Was there a division of responsibilities at Office 870 between
6	administration and policy matters?
7	A. Whatever matter related to the case of visiting the zones or
8	at the designated locations, they would have to contact Office
9	870.
10	[15.53.04]
11	Q. Let me read to you another excerpt from your interview, and
12	then I'd like you to explain what you meant by this answer.
13	It's the same document and it is at Khmer ERN 00204071, at
14	English ERN 00223584, and French ERN 00503924, and the statement
15	of yours that I'd like to ask you about reads as follows:
16	"The person in charge of Office 870 was Pang, the chairman. When
17	Pang was gone, Doeun came to replace him for a period, and still
18	later on there was Khieu Samphan. Pang was in charge of 870
19	administration, and Doeun was in charge of policy. Like at B-1 $$
20	where Hong had the policy and I had the administration."
21	Can you explain to us what you meant by this distinction between
22	administration and policy?
23	A. I would like to clarify this point when it comes to the
24	distinction between the policy and the administration.
25	[15.55.00]

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1	In terms of policy, it means that as he was a member of the
2	Office 870, he will be in charge of chairing the study sessions
3	for the cadres. But for the administration, it would deal with
4	the day-to-day tasks who had to go where, so on and so forth.
5	And that would fall under the shoulder of the one in charge of
6	the administration, also when it comes to travels to various
7	zones.
8	Q. How did you come to learn about Pang and Doeun's respective
9	responsibilities at Office 870?
10	A. To respond to your question and as I stated earlier, Doeun was
11	dealing with the policy. He would have the study sessions, in
12	various sessions to teach about the policy. For example, there
13	would be a session for 100 participants or for a group of 50
14	participants based on the necessity, and that's how it was
15	operational.
16	And the same thing applied when I was at B-1, where Pang Hong
17	was in charge of policy or of the study sessions, and I had to
18	deal with the administration, with the housing, with the kitchen
19	issues, and with the reception of the guest and with the guard
20	task. That was part of the administration.
21	[15.57.37]
22	Q. You told us a few minutes ago that after Doeun disappeared
23	that Khieu Samphan was in charge. How did you do you recall
24	when it was that Doeun disappeared and Khieu Samphan took over

25 his responsibilities?

1	A. As I recall, it was probably in mid-1978 or it was around that
2	time.
3	Q. How did you learn that Doeun had disappeared and that Khieu
4	Samphan had taken over from him? How did you become aware of
5	that?
6	A. I learned of it through Om Ieng Sary. He said Pang had been
7	transferred and he had been replaced by Doeun, and after the
8	disappearance of Doeun he said Doeun will be replaced by Khieu
9	Samphan and Khieu Samphan was the one who I had to contact or
10	communicate with.
11	Q. Did you ever talk to Khieu Samphan himself about his
12	responsibility at Office 870?
13	A. I did ask him about his responsibility because I was wondering
14	because I had to communicate with him.
15	[16.00.28]
16	Q. And what did he tell you?
17	A. I cannot recall the details but, of course, I can recall some
18	main points. For example, in regards to visitors going to the
19	zones and when I hand the letters to him, then he would send or
20	transmit that letters to the zones and that I could go ahead with
21	the arrangement for the guest to visit the zones.
22	MR. PRESIDENT:
23	Thank you, Mr. Witness. Thank you, the Prosecution.
24	The time is now appropriate for the adjournment. We shall recess
25	for today's adjournment and resume on Monday the 30th, starting

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1	from 9 a.m. We then will continue to hear the witness the
2	testimony of the witness, Rochoem Ton, and continue to be
3	questioned by the Prosecution.
4	[16.01.45]
5	Mr. Rochoem Ton, your testimony has not yet concluded, and you
6	will be required to be present next Monday, 30 July 2012, and you
7	need to be present in this courtroom on that day.
8	Likewise, the Duty Counsel, you are required to be present on
9	Monday.
10	Court Officer, please assist the witness to return to his place
11	of residence and have him returned next Monday, at 9 a.m.
12	Security guards, you are instructed to take three Accused back to
13	the ECCC detention facility and have them back in the courtroom
14	on Monday, 30 July 2012, before 9 a.m. In the case of Mr. Ieng
15	Sary, you need to bring him to this courtroom.
16	The Court is now adjourned.
17	(Court adjourns at 1602H)
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